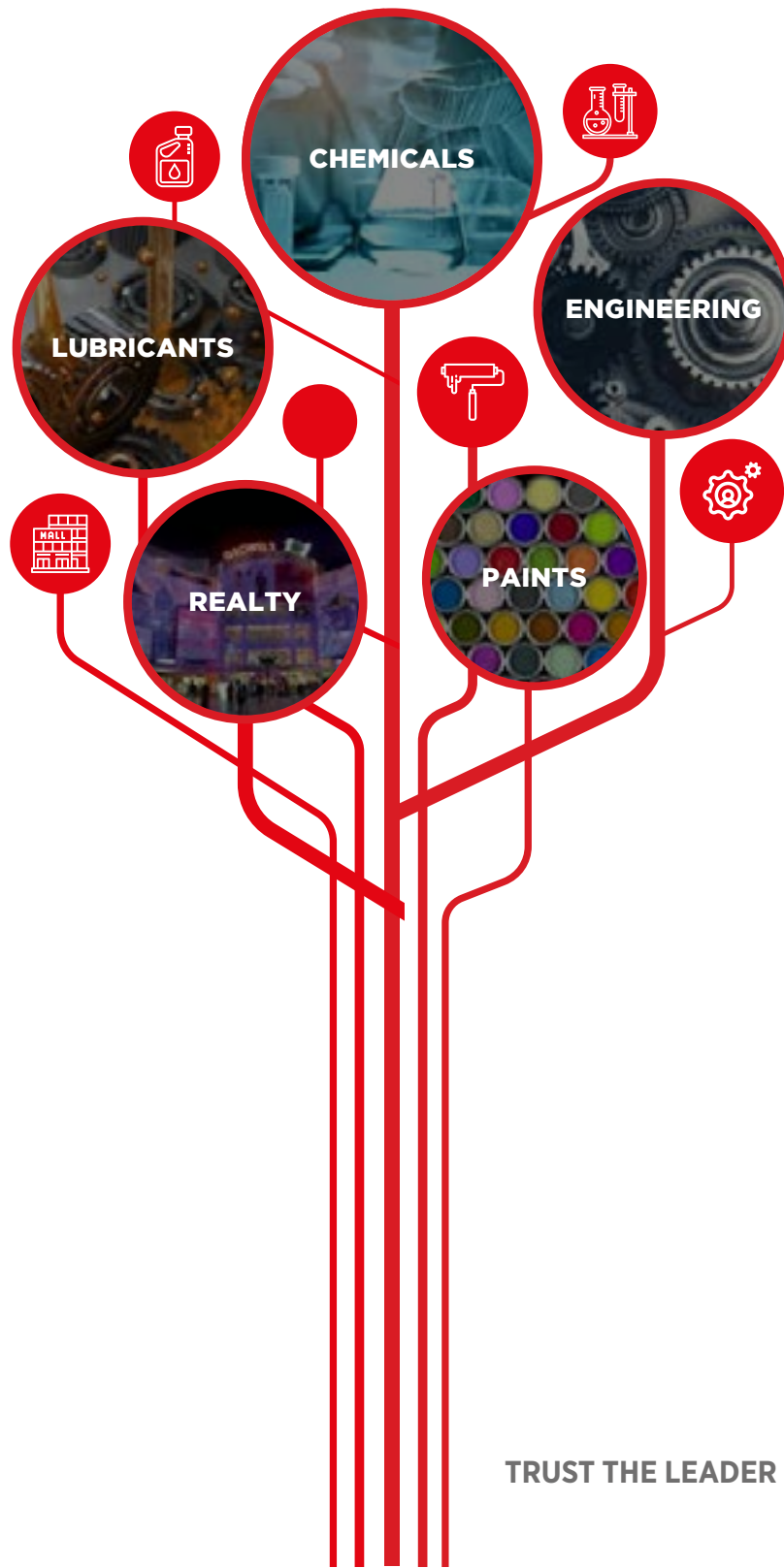




A NEW REALM OF INNOVATION



TRUST THE LEADER IN SURFACE FINISHING

CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE



“Bringing communities together with innovation and technology is the way to creating a sustainable future”

Mr. Umeshkumar More
Chairman



Mr. Niraj More - Managing Director

Dear Shareholders,
We are pleased to present the 62nd Annual Report of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2020. FY 2019 - 20 was another successful year for our Company as all business segments in which our Company operates have grown significantly due to the hard work, dedication and engagement of our employees and thanks to the continued support and commitment from our business partners and customers.

Six decades ago, we embarked on a journey with a dream: 'A Dream' of giving mankind a better life and creating a better world. Today we can proudly say that we have come a long way. As a performance driven and purpose led Company, we continue to retain our market leadership position in the field of Surface Treatment Technology involving chemicals and equipment besides pivotal interest in Industrial Lubricants, Industrial Paints and Real Estate Development.

Since 1957, Growel has been shaping the future with its innovative and environment friendly ideas. With our top priority, we aim to create a sustainable environment where we are completely dedicated in serving our customers with only the best. Safety and sustainability continue to be our focus areas in the year 2019-20. Our people feel more inspired, engaged and committed than ever to improve the overall safety performance of the Company. Sustainability is not only our core value and a key responsibility; it is also increasingly an important business driver that is fully engrained in our strategy, business and operations. With the right infrastructure and team in place, our Company is well placed to move forward and further deliver improvements in profitability, returns and sustainability. It's our belief that our values will create a distinct footprint on the maps of history and shape a tomorrow that is an iconic example for generations to come.



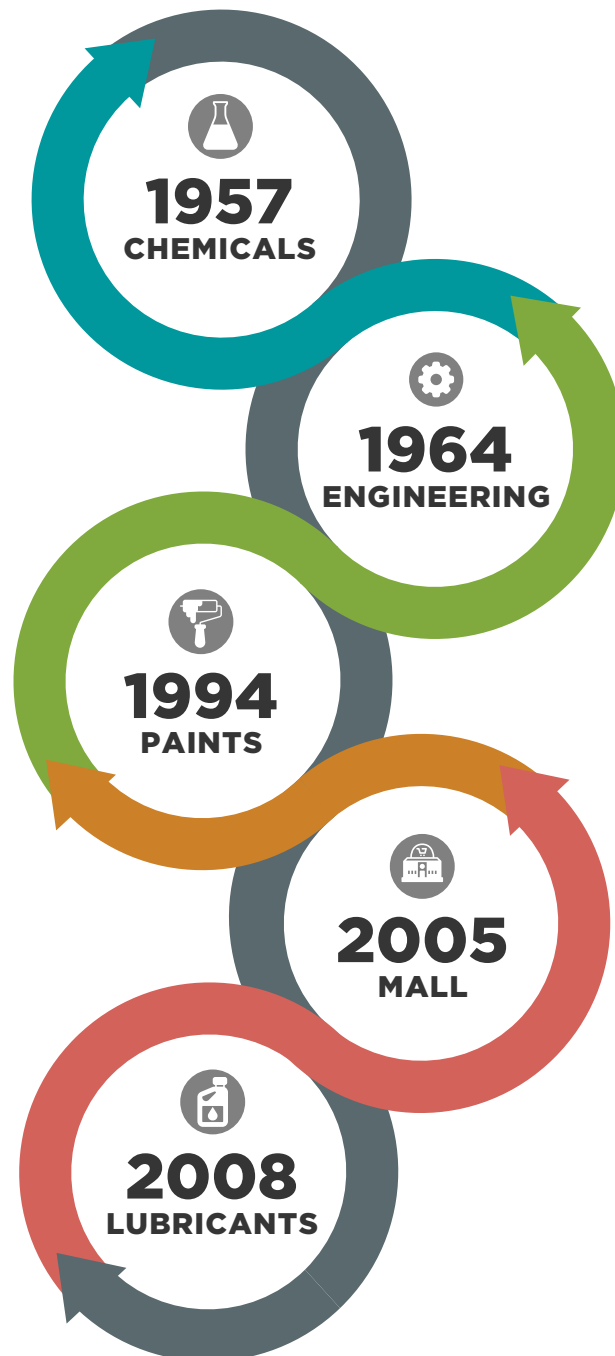
A NEW REALM OF INNOVATION:

Creating a better and sustainable future is a vision that we at Growel have always believed in. With each passing year we have surpassed expectations, inching closer and closer towards making this vision a reality. Although the pandemic has been a tough period for everyone, our business segments have continued to attain consistent growth. With such feats achieved year after year we can proudly say that the best is yet to come and Growel's new realm of innovation will dawn upon a brighter future.

GROWEL'S JOURNEY

Growel has been a trendsetter in the General Metal Finishing Industry and a formidable player in the field of Surface Finishing and Engineering Equipment. After the start-up of Chemical production in 1957, the Company ventured into manufacturing of Engineering Equipment in 1964 to provide the complete electroplating solutions to its customers.

The Company's foray into Paints production started with the acquisition of Bombay Paints in 1994 which was later merged with Grauer & Weil (India) Limited in 2008. Growel ventured into real estate development in 2005 and built a sprawling 4,75,000 square feet Shopping Centre in the Western Suburbs of Mumbai.



KEY PRODUCT OFFERINGS

Evolving and expanding product portfolio



ELECTROPLATING

- Functional Coatings
- Decorative Coatings
 - Pre Treatments
- Plating On Difficult Substrates
- Specialty Chemicals

GROWEL

is the **ONLY** Company
in India and **ONE** of
the few in the world to
offer a complete
package of corrosion
and protection
solutions under
one roof.



DISTINCT SURFACE FINISHES

- Electroless Plating
 - Electronics
 - Precious Metals
 - Post Treatment
- Conversion Coatings



TOP COATS

- Passivation
- Sealers
- Electrophoretic Lacquer



SPECIALITY CHEMICALS

- Zinc Flake Coatings
- Intermediates



ENGINEERING EXCELLENCE

- Automatic Plating
- Phosphating Plants
 - Painting Plants
- Filtration System



HIGH PERFORMANCE COATINGS

- Industrial Coatings
- Heavy Duty Coatings
 - Marine Coatings
- Aerospace & Defence Coatings
- Architectural Coatings



INDUSTRIAL LUBRICANTS

- Rust Preventive Oils
 - Cutting Oils
 - Hydraulic Oils
 - Specialty Oils
- Heat Treatment Oils



EFFLUENT TREATMENT SYSTEMS

- Zero Discharge System
- Waste Water Treatment

CSR ACTIVITIES



WORLD ENVIRONMENT DAY CELEBRATION: (5TH JUNE 2019) - DADRA



**FREE EYE CHECK UP
CAMP - DADRA**



**DONATED HOME APPLIANCES FOR
"AHAATA-E-WAQAR" - SAMBA PLANT**



**NOTEBOOK
DISTRIBUTION - VAPI**



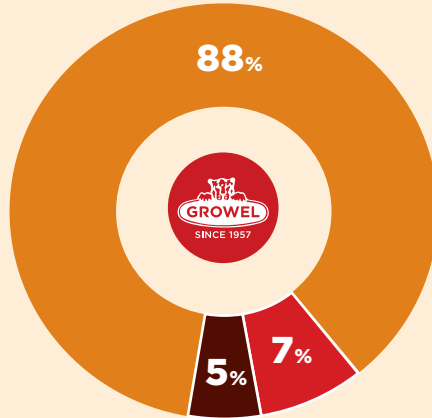
**CASH DONATED FOR MENTALLY
HANDICAPPED CHILDREN - DADRA**



BLOOD DONATION CAMP - DADRA

OUR FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Business Wise Gross Operating Income 2019 - 2020

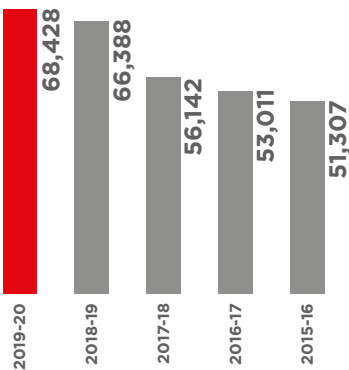


Surface Finishings

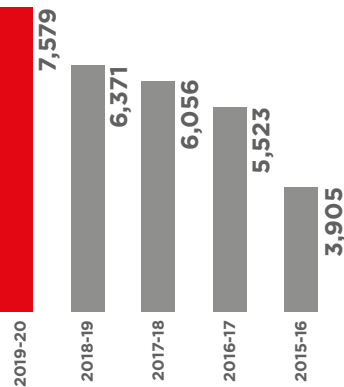
Engineering

Shoppertainment

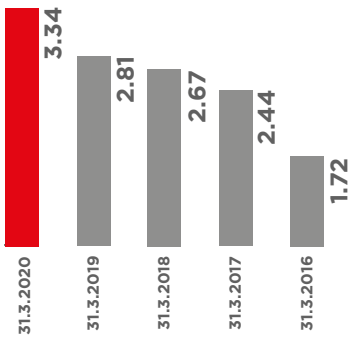
GROSS TOTAL REVENUE (₹ In Lacs)



PAT (₹ In Lacs)

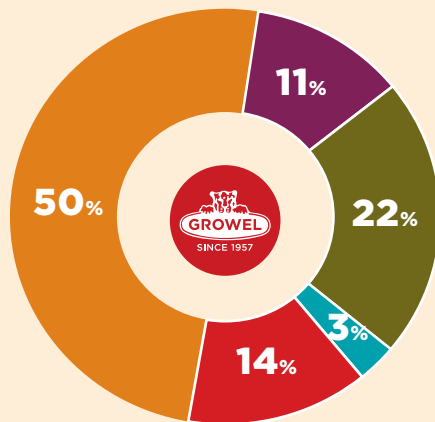


EPS (₹ per Share)



OUR FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Distribution of Income 2019 - 2020



Cost of Goods sold

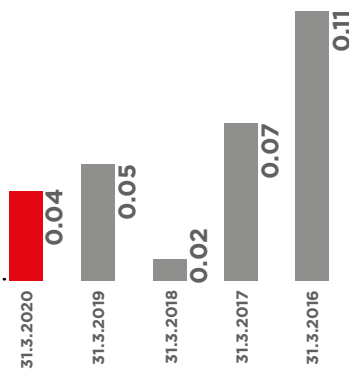
Employment Cost

Other Expenses

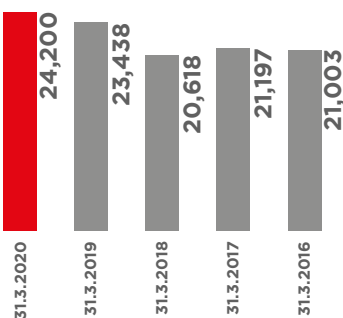
Depreciation

PBT before exceptional Items

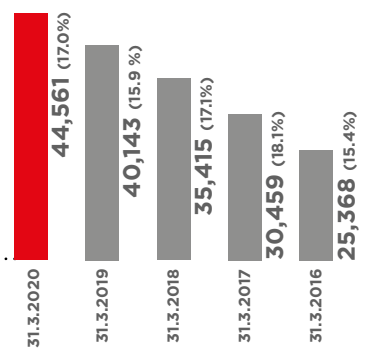
DEBT: EQUITY RATIO



NET FIXED ASSETS (₹ in Lacs)



NETWORTH (₹ In Lacs) & RETURN ON NETWORTH



RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGICAL EXCELLENCE

From Innovation to Impact

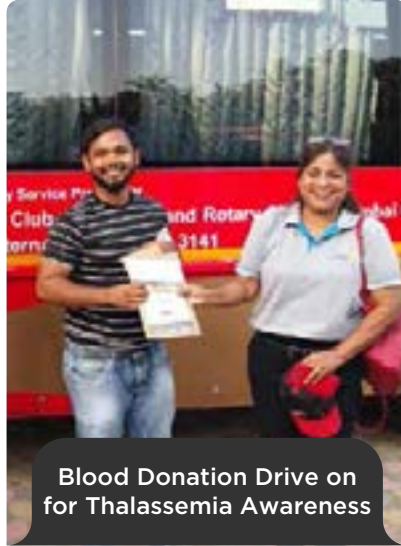
Research and development is the backbone of our operations to meet the challenges of new product offerings by competitors. Our strong, dedicated, highly qualified and experienced talent pool of employees has brought many industry firsts to our credit. Green technologies and backward integration has been a key driver to our R&D roadmap. Our R&D labs at Kandivli and Chembur have been duly recognised by prestigious Indian Council of Science and Technology.



TRUST THE LEADER IN SURFACE FINISHING



AIDS Awareness - Flash Mob by St Francis_NSS3



Blood Donation Drive on for Thalassemia Awareness



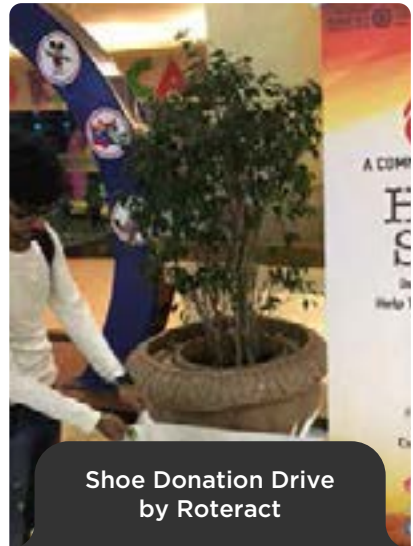
DSRV School - Flash Mob by DSRV School



Limit my Screen - Flash Mob



Republic Day event by Special Kids



Shoe Donation Drive by Roteract



Water Conservation - Flash Mob



World Disability Day - SOPAN Trust



World TB Awareness Day - Flash Mob

GROWEL NETWORK

INDIA OPERATIONS



	Corporate Office
	Branch Office / Depot
	Technical Service Centre
	Plants

★ INTERNATIONAL NETWORK

Argentina	Greece	Mexico	Sri Lanka
Australia	Hong Kong	Middle East	Taiwan
Bangladesh	Indonesia	Nepal	Tanzania
Brazil	Iran	Nigeria	Thailand
China	Italy	Pakistan	Turkey
Egypt	Japan	Russia	U.S.A.
Ethiopia	Kenya	Singapore	Vietnam
France	Korea	South Africa	
Germany	Malaysia	Spain	

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chairman

Umeshkumar More

Managing Director

Nirajkumar More

Whole-time Director

Rohitkumar More

Independent Directors

Suresh Pareek

Tarun Kumar Govil

Yogesh Samat (upto 30-03-2020)

Aarti Shah

Dr. Perna Goradia (w.e.f. 29-07-2020)

CEO & Whole-time Director

Vinod Haritwal

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

Audit Committee

Suresh Pareek

(Chairman)

Nirajkumar More

(Member)

Tarun Kumar Govil

(Member)

Aarti Shah

(Member)

Yogesh Samat

(Member) (upto 30-03-2020)

Nomination & Remuneration Committee

Yogesh Samat

Chairman (upto 30-03-2020)

Tarun Kumar Govil

(Member)

Umeshkumar More

(Member)

Suresh Pareek

(Member)

CSR Committee

Nirajkumar More

(Chairman)

Tarun Kumar Govil

(Member)

Vinod Haritwal

(Member)

Stakeholders Relationship Committee

Tarun Kumar Govil

(Chairman)

Nirajkumar More

(Member)

Vinod Haritwal

(Member)

MANAGEMENT TEAM

Shambhu Gupta

(Chief Global Officer)

(upto 18-04-2020)

H. B. Charna

Sr. President

Rattan Sharma

President (Chemicals – Zone II)

Chintan K. Gandhi

Company Secretary

Yogesh Samat

(Chief Operating Officer)

(w.e.f. 25-03-2020)

Pallavi More

President (Corporate Communications)

Sujit Sinha

President (Paints)

Sachin Kondiram Dhanawade

(Chief Operating Officer)

(w.e.f. 11-10-2019)

Dipesh Mehta

President (MIS)

Gurinder Singh Gulati

President Commercial & CFO



Grauer & Weil (India) Limited

AUDITORS

M/s SCA And Associates Chartered Accountants

PLANTS

Dadra
Surface Finishing

Barotiwala (H.P.)
Surface Finishing

Vapi (Gujrat)
Surface Finishing

Samba (Jammu)
Surface Finishing

Alandi (Pune)
Engineering

MALL

Kandivli (Mumbai)
Shoppertainment

BANKERS

The Saraswat Co-op. Bank Ltd.

Axis Bank Ltd.

Punjab National Bank

ICICI Bank Ltd.

DBS Bank (India) Ltd.

REGISTERED OFFICE

Growel Corporate,
Akurli Road, Kandivli (East),
Mumbai 400 101.
CIN : L74999MH1957PLC010975
www.growel.com

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR LAST 5 YEARS

Rupees in Lacs

Financial Year ended	*31.03.16	31.03.17	31.03.18	31.03.19	31.03.20
Gross Sale	47,557.12	49,232.60	51,392.06	61,167.73	62,879.64
Other Operating Income (Including Mall income)	3,155.71	3,346.21	3,715.25	4,067.00	4,380.36
Gross Operating Revenue	50,712.83	52,578.81	55,107.31	65,234.73	67,260.00
Other Misc. Income	594.03	431.95	1,034.82	1,153.09	1,167.98
Gross Total Revenue	51,306.86	53,010.76	56,142.13	66,387.82	68,427.98
Trade Discounts	4,508.35	5,195.64	4,831.16	5,319.71	5,535.68
Excise Duty	3,998.48	4,394.55	1,076.31	-	-
Net Income	42,800.03	43,420.57	50,234.66	61,068.11	62,892.30
Cost of Material	20,318.35	21,182.45	25,283.20	31,977.46	31,287.93
Salaries, Wages & Benenfits	5,071.18	4,888.82	5,701.24	6,707.65	7,316.10
Other Expenses	9,366.27	8,411.82	8,829.83	10,742.83	13,456.49
Total Expenditure	34,755.80	34,483.09	39,814.27	49,427.94	52,060.52
EBITDA	8,044.23	8,937.48	10,420.39	11,640.17	10,831.78
Depreciation	1,416.61	1,388.37	1,495.21	1,545.79	1,894.72
EBIT	6,627.62	7,549.11	8,925.18	10,094.38	8,937.06
Finance Costs	883.30	163.17	181.43	79.30	260.18
Profit Before Exceptional Item & Tax	5,744.32	7,385.94	8,743.75	10,015.08	8,676.88
Less: Exceptional Item	(485.51)	-	-	(618.78)	859.42
Profit Before Tax (PBT)	5,258.81	7,385.94	8,743.75	9,396.30	9,536.30
Tax (Current, Deferred, and FBT)	1,354.17	1,862.84	2,687.93	3,025.13	1,956.87
Net Profit After Tax (PAT)	3,904.64	5,523.10	6,055.82	6,371.17	7,579.43

*Note- The figures of profit & loss account for the year ended 31st March, 2016 are as per

IGAAP while for the period thereafter the figures are as per Ind AS hence not directly comparable.

Financial Year as on	31.03.16	31.03.17	31.03.18	31.03.19	31.03.20
Equity Share Capital	2,267.06	2,267.06	2,267.06	2,267.06	2,267.06
Reserves & Surplus	23,101.22	28,192.37	33,148.40	37,875.97	42,293.50
Networth	25,368.28	30,459.43	35,415.46	40,143.03	44,560.56
Total Debt	2,665.05	2,005.73	717.74	2,111.42	1,923.32
Deferred Tax Liabilities	921.90	1,169.32	1,692.68	1,727.78	1,232.33
Total Sources of Funds	28,955.23	33,634.48	37,825.88	43,982.23	47,716.21
Net Fixed Assets	21,003.21	21,197.39	20,618.39	23,437.95	24,200.46
Investments	140.03	257.97	465.72	257.38	259.16
Current/Non Current Assets	17,828.78	23,859.56	29,633.88	34,435.12	39,809.19
Less: Current/Non Current Liabilities	10,016.79	11,680.44	12,892.11	14,148.22	16,552.60
Net Current Assets	7,811.99	12,179.12	16,741.77	20,286.90	23,256.59
Misc. Expenditure	-	-	-	-	-
Total Uses of Funds	28,955.23	33,634.48	37,825.88	43,982.23	47,716.21

Ratios	31.03.16	31.03.17	31.03.18	31.03.19	31.03.20
EPS (Rs.)** (PAT / No of Shares)	1.72	2.44	2.67	2.81	3.34
Book Value per Share (Rs.) (Networth / No of shares)	11.19	13.44	15.62	17.71	19.66
Return on Capital Employed (ROCE) (EBIT / Total Uses of Funds)	22.9%	22.4%	23.6%	23.0%	18.7%
Return on Networth (RONW) (PAT / Networth)	15.4%	18.1%	17.1%	15.9%	17.0%
Debt: Equity Ratio (Total Debt / Networth)	0.11	0.07	0.02	0.05	0.04
EBDITA to Net Income (EBDITA /Net income)	18.8%	20.6%	20.7%	19.1%	17.2%

** on face value of Rs 1/- per share

NOTICE TO THE MEMBERS

NOTICE is hereby given that the 62nd Annual General Meeting of the Members of GRAUER & WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED will be held on Tuesday, September 29, 2020 at 3.00 pm through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- I. To receive, consider, approve and adopt
 - a. the Standalone Audited Financial Statements of the Company for financial year ended March 31, 2020 together with the Reports of the Directors and the Auditors thereon.
 - b. the Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company for financial year ended March 31, 2020 together with the Reports of the Auditors thereon.
2. To confirm payment of Interim Dividend of Rs. 0.50 per Equity Share of Re. 1/- each i.e. 50% for the financial year 2019-20.
3. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Vinod Haritwal (DIN : 00112862), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

4. Reappointment of Mr. Umeshkumar More as a Whole-time Director of the Company designated as Chairman

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT subject to such approvals, consents and sanctions as may be necessary and further subject to such terms, conditions, stipulations and restrictions as may be imposed by the authorities while granting such approvals, consents and sanctions, the consent of the Members be and is hereby accorded pursuant to the provisions of Section 196, 197 and 203 reads with Schedule V and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), to the reappointment of Mr. Umeshkumar More (DIN: 00112662) as Whole-time Director designated as an Executive Chairman of the Company for a period of 3 (Three) Years w.e.f. January 1, 2021, on such terms and conditions including the remuneration payable to him, as a Whole-time Director and the minimum remuneration payable to him in the event of absence or inadequacy of profits in any year, as follows:

- a) **Salary & Allowances:** Upto Rs. 10,00,000/- per month or any changes as may be decided by the Board from time to time.
- b) **Perquisites:** In addition to the Salary and Commission, Mr. Umeshkumar More shall be entitled to the following perquisites and benefits as may be decided by the Board from time to time.
 - i) Medical Allowance as per the rules of the Company.
 - ii) Leave with full pay and all allowances as per the rules of the Company.
 - iii) Leave Travel Concession / Allowance for self and family including dependants as per the rules of the Company.
 - iv) Encashment of leave as per the rules of the Company.
 - v) Contribution to Provident Fund, Super Annuation Fund and Gratuity Fund as per the rules of the Company.
 - vi) Use of Cars with Drivers.
 - vii) Premium for personal accident insurance and medical insurance for self and family as per rules of the Company.
 - viii) Clubs Fees.
 - ix) Free Telephone Facility at residence and use of Mobile phones for the business of the Company.
 - x) Accommodation (Furnished or otherwise) or House Rent Allowance together with reimbursement of expenses or allowance for utilization of Gas, Electricity, Water, Furnishing, Repairing etc.
 - xi) All other payments in the nature of perquisites and benefits as agreed by the Board of Directors from time to time subject to such limits for the remuneration and perquisite as laid down by the Government in Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 and / or changes / variations / modifications made / that may be made therein from time to time.

c) **Reimbursement of Medical expenses:**

In arriving at the value of perquisites, in so far as there exist a provision for valuation of such perquisites under the Income Tax Rules, the value shall be determined on the basis of the Income Tax Rules in force from time to time.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board be and is hereby authorized to alter and /or vary the terms and conditions of the appointment including remuneration payable to him from time to time, provided however that the remuneration payable shall not exceed the limits specified in Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 as existing or as amended, modified or re-enacted from time to time.

Minimum Remuneration:

The remuneration as above including perquisites shall nevertheless be paid as minimum remuneration in the event of absence or inadequacy of profits in any financial year, subject to the condition that the remuneration shall not without approval of the Central Government, if required, exceed the limits specified in Section II & III of Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013, computed on the basis of Effective Capital of the Company, as defined in the explanation under Section IV of Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 as in force for the time being or as amended in the future.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorized to take all such steps and do all such acts and deeds as may be necessary to give effect to the above Resolution”.

5. Appointment of Dr. Perna Sonthalia Goradia as Independent Director:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 152 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), Dr. Perna Sonthalia Goradia (DIN : 08756246), who was appointed as an Additional Director of the Company pursuant to the provisions of Section 161(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, in the Board Meeting held on July 29, 2020, to hold office from July 29, 2020 and who holds office up to the date of next Annual General Meeting and being eligible offers herself for re-appointment and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from a Member under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, proposing his candidature for the office of Director, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 152 read with Schedule IV and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and Regulation 36(3) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as ‘SEBI Listing Regulations’), Dr. Perna Sonthalia Goradia, be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Director of the Company to hold office for a period of 5 (Five) consecutive years w.e.f. July 29, 2020, not liable to retire by rotation.”

6. To ratify the remuneration of Cost Auditors for the financial year ending March 31, 2021:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), M/s V. J. Talati & Co., Cost Accountants (Firm Registration No. 00213), being the Cost Auditors appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company, to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company and all other connected / incidental matters, for the financial year ending March 31, 2021, be paid aggregate professional fees upto Rs. 1,60,000/- p.a. (Rupees One Lac Sixty Thousand only) or such other fees as may be decided by the Board from time to time plus Goods and Service Tax and actual out of pocket expenses incurred in connection with the Audit.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper and expedient to give the effect to this Resolution.”

Registered Office:
Growel Corporate,
Akurli Road, Kandivli [East],
Mumbai - 400 101

**For & on behalf of the Board of
Grauer & Weil (India) Limited**

Date : July 29, 2020

**Nirajkumar More
Managing Director**

**Vinod Haritwal
CEO & Whole-time Director**

NOTES:

1. In view of the continuing Covid-19 global pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide its circular dated May 5, 2020 read with circulars dated April 8, 2020 and April 13, 2020 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio - Visual Means ("OAVM"), without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM.
2. Members will be able to attend the AGM on September 29, 2020 through VC / OAVM or view the live webcast by logging on to the e-voting website of CDSL at www.evotingindia.com by using their e-voting login credentials. On this page, click on the link Shareholders / Members, the Video Conferencing / webcast link would be available adjacent to the EVSN of the Company.
3. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his / her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Attendance Slip and Proxy Form are not annexed to this Notice.
4. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of the Special Businesses is annexed hereto.
5. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2020, Notice of the AGM along with Annual Report for the financial year 2019-20 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company / Depository Participants. Members may note that the Notice and the Annual Report for the financial year 2019-20 will also be available on the Company's website at www.growel.com and on the website of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com respectively, and on the website of CDSL : www.evotingindia.com.
6. Corporate Members, Societies etc., intending to send their Authorised Representative to attend the meeting through VC / OVAM are requested to send to the Company, a certified copy of the Board Resolution or other governing body of the body corporate authorising their representative(s) to attend and vote along with specimen signature of authorised representative(s) by e-mail to secretarial@growel.com before the commencement of the 62nd AGM.
7. In case of joint holders attending the AGM, the member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per Register of Members will be entitled to vote, provided the votes are not already cast by remote e-voting.
8. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124 and 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, Unclaimed Dividend up to the financial year 2011-12 has been transferred to the Investors Education & Protection Fund (IEPF). Members are hereby informed that Dividend, which remain unclaimed / unpaid for a period of 7 years from the respective date of payments, have to be transferred to the Investor Education & Protection Fund (IEPF). The dates of declaration of dividend along with the date of dividend which are not transferred to IEPF is mentioned below:

Financial year	Date of declaration of Dividend	Rate of Dividend
2012-13	25-07-2013	12%
2013-14	31-07-2014	16%
2014-15	20-08-2015	22%
2015-16 (Interim)	22-03-2016	20%
2015-16 (Final)	11-08-2016	08%
2016-17	25-09-2017	40%
2017-18	30-08-2018	60%
2018-19	05-09-2019	60%
2019-20 (Interim)	13-02-2020	50%

Shares on which dividend remains unclaimed for seven consecutive years will be transferred to the IEPF as per Section 124 of the Act and the applicable rules. The Members, whose unclaimed dividends / shares have been transferred to IEPF, may claim the same by making an application to the IEPF Authority in the prescribed Form IEPF – 5 available on www.iepf.gov.in. Members who have not yet claimed their Dividend Warrant(s) for the financial years as indicated above are requested to claim the amounts forthwith from the Company.

9. Pursuant to Regulation 26(4) and 36(3) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and Secretarial Standard – 2 on General Meeting issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, additional Information of Directors seeking appointment / re-appointment at the meeting are furnished and forms a part of Annual Report.

10. Shareholders who would like to express their views / ask questions during the AGM may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request, mentioning their name, address, demat account number / folio number, email id, mobile number at secretarial@growel.com between September 20, 2020 to September 22, 2020. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries, mentioning their name, address, demat account number / folio number, email id, mobile number to secretarial@sunpharma.com. These queries will be suitably replied at the AGM or by email.
11. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views / ask questions during the meeting for a maximum time of 3 (Three) minutes each, once the floor is open for shareholder queries. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers and number of questions depending on the availability of time for the AGM.
12. Members desirous of seeking any information concerning the Accounts of the Company are requested to address their queries in writing to the Company, at least seven days before the date of the meeting, so that the requested information can be made available at the time of meeting.
13. The Company has listed its shares on BSE Limited, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400001 under Security Code No. 505710.
14. Members holding Shares in physical form are requested to notify immediately any change in their address with PIN CODE to the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company at the address given below and in case their shares are held in dematerialised form, this information should be passed on directly to their respective Depository Participants and not to the Company.
M/s. LINK INTIME INDIA PVT. LTD. (CIN: U67190MH1999PTC118368)
 [Unit: Grauer & Weil (India) Limited]
 C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400 083.
 Phone: (022) 49186270; Fax: (022) 49186060; e-mail: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in URL: www.linkintime.co.in
15. (a) Members are informed that in order to avoid fraudulent encashment of Dividend Warrants, they should send to the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company, at the address given above, under the signature of the Sole / First Joint holder, the information relating to the Name and Address of the Banker along with the Pin Code Number and Bank Account Number, to print on the Dividend Warrants.
 (b) Members are encouraged to update their bank account details to enable expeditious credit of dividend into their respective bank accounts electronically through Automated Clearing House (ACH) mode or such other permitted mode for credit of dividend. Members are requested to submit the NECS Form to the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company, at the address given above. NECS form is available on the website of the Company at www.growel.com.
 (c) Members holding shares in dematerialized form and desirous to change or correct the bank account details should send the same immediately to the concerned Depository Participant. Members are also requested to give MICR Code and IFSC to the Depository Participant.
16. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement along with Registers shall be open for inspection by the Members by writing an e-mail to the Company Secretary at secretarial@growel.com.
17. In all correspondence with the Company, for speedy communication, Members are requested to quote their folio no. And in case their shares are held in dematerialised form, they must quote their DP ID and Clint ID Number. Members are also requested to mention contact no. & e-mail ID for faster Communication.
18. To support the “Green Initiative” and for receiving all communication (including Notice and Annual Report) from the Company electronically,
 (a) Members holding shares in physical mode and who have not registered / updated their email addresses with the Company / RTA are requested to register / update the same by writing to the Company / RTA with details of folio number and attaching a self-attested copy of the PAN Card at secretarial@growel.com or to the Company’s RTA at rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in.
 (b) Members holding shares in dematerialised mode are requested to register/ update their email addresses with the relevant Depositories.
19. As per amended Regulation 40 of SEBI Listing Regulations, with effect from April 1, 2019, securities can be transferred only in dematerialized form. However, Members can continue to hold the shares in physical form. Transfer of securities in demat form will facilitate convenience and ensure safety of transactions for investors. It is clarified that the share transfer deed(s), once lodged prior to the March 31, 2019 and returned due to deficiency in documents submitted, may be re-lodged for transfer.
 Members holding shares in physical form are requested to convert their holding(s) to dematerialized form to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares.
20. The Nomination Form No. SH-13 and SH-14 as prescribed under Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 19 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 can be obtained from the Secretarial Department of the Company at its Registered Office. The same is also available on the website of the Company at www.growel.com.

21. Pursuant to the amendments introduced by the Finance Act, 2020, the dividend income will be taxable in the hands of the shareholders w.e.f. April 1, 2020 and the Company is required to deduct tax at source from dividend paid to shareholders at the prescribed rates. However, no tax will be deducted on payment of dividend to the resident individual shareholders, if the total dividend paid does not exceed Rs. 5,000/-. The rate of tax deducted at source will vary depending on the residential status of the shareholder and documents registered with the Company.
22. The Members can join the AGM in the VC / OAVM mode 30 minutes before the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure as detailed in this Notice. As per the MCA Circulars, the facility of participation at the AGM through VC / OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
23. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
24. The voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid-up share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date ("Record Date"), i.e., as on Tuesday, September 22, 2020.

25. Instructions for Remote E-Voting and Electronic Voting System:

Pursuant to Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time and Regulation 44 of SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company is pleased to provide the facility of 'remote e-voting' (e-voting from a place other than the venue of AGM), to exercise their right to vote at the 62nd Annual General Meeting (AGM). The business may be transacted through e-voting services rendered by Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL).

Those Members, who will be present in the AGM through VC / OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system during the AGM. The Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also attend / participate in the AGM through VC / OAVM, but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.

The Company has appointed M/s GMJ & Associates, firm of Practicing Company Secretary as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the voting during the AGM by electronic mode and remote e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner. They have communicated their willingness to be appointed as such and they are available for the said purpose.

The instructions to Members for voting electronically are as under:-

- (i) The e-voting period begins on Saturday, September 26, 2020 at 10.00 am and ends on Monday, September 28, 2020 at 5.00 pm. During this period Shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date i.e. Tuesday, September 22, 2020, may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to cast their vote again.
- (iii) The Shareholders should log on to the e-voting website: www.evotingindia.com.
- (iv) Click on Shareholders.
- (v) Now enter your User ID;
 - a. For CDSL: 16 Digits beneficiary ID;
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID;
 - c. Members holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company OR
 - d. Alternatively, if you are registered for CDSL's EASI / EASIEST e-services, you can log-in at <https://www.cdslindia.com> from Login - Myeasi using your login credentials. Once you successfully log-in to CDSL's EASI / EASIEST e-services, click on e-Voting option and proceed directly to cast your vote electronically.
- (vi) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- (vii) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier voting of any Company, then your existing password is to be used.
- (viii) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below :

	For Members holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form
PAN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both Demat Shareholders as well as Physical Shareholders) Members who have not updated their PAN with the Company / Depository Participant are requested to send an email to the Company's RTA at rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in to obtain a sequence number for such login.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enter the Dividend Bank details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the Company records in order to login. If both the details are not recorded with the Depository or Company, please enter the Member ID / Folio Number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).

- (ix) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (x) Members holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, Members holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for Resolutions of any other Company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that Company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (xi) For Members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the Resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (xii) Click on the EVSN for the Company.
- (xiii) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xiv) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xv) After selecting the Resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xvi) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the Resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xvii) You can also take out print of the voting done by you by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xviii) If demat account holder has forgotten the login password, then enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xix) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app m-Voting available for android based mobiles. The m-Voting app can be downloaded from Google Play Store. iPhone and Windows phone users can download the app from the App Store and the Windows Phone Store respectively. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while voting on your mobile.

Process for those shareholders whose email addresses are not registered with the depositories for obtaining login credentials for e-voting for the resolutions proposed in this notice:

- For Physical shareholders** – please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of the shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company / RTA email id.
- For Demat shareholders** - please provide Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to Company/RTA email id.

Instructions for shareholders attending the 62nd AGM of the Company through VC / OAVM are as Under:

- Shareholders will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM through the CDSL e-Voting system. Shareholders may access the same at <https://www.evotingindia.com> under shareholders / members login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for VC / OAVM will be available in shareholder / members login where the EVSN of Company will be displayed.
- Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.

4. Please note that participants connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

Instructions for shareholders for e-voting during the 62nd AGM are as under:

1. The procedure for e-voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
2. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC / OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system available during the AGM.
3. If any votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC / OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.
4. Shareholders who have voted through remote e-voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
5. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting using Google Chrome (preferred browser), Internet Explorer, or Mozilla Firefox 22.
6. Members will be required to grant access to the web-cam to enable two-way video conferencing.

(xx) Note for Non-Individual Shareholders and Custodians:

- Non-Individual Shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodian are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves as Corporate.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be e-mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details, a compliance user should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance user would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA), which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system, for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution / Authority letter etc. Together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorised signatory who are authorised to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz. secretarial@growel.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded the same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

(xxi) In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help Section or write an e-mail to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact Mr. Nitin Kunder (022 - 23058738) or Mr. Mehboob Lakhani (022 - 23058543) or Mr. Rakesh Dalvi (022 - 23058542).

(xxii) All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 022 - 23058542 / 43.

(xxiii) The Scrutinizer will, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the 62nd AGM, start scrutinizing the votes cast at the Meeting along with remote e-voting and prepare a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report and submit thereafter to the Chairman of the Meeting or any person authorised by him in writing. The result declared along with the consolidated Scrutinizer's Report will be placed on the Company's website at www.growel.com and will be displayed on the notice board at the Registered Office of the Company, within 48 hours of the conclusion of the Meeting. The Company will simultaneously forward the results to BSE Limited, where the shares of the Company are listed.

26. As the 62nd AGM is being held through VC / OAVM, the route map is not annexed to this Notice.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SEC. 102(I) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

Item No. 4 :

In the 57th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on August 20, 2015, Mr. Umeshkumar More was appointed as a Whole-time Director of the Company designated as Executive Chairman for a period of 5 (Five) years w.e.f. January 1, 2016. Accordingly his present terms of office expired on December 31, 2020 and thus it is proposed to reappoint him for a further period of 3 (Three) years as a Whole-time Director designated as Executive Chairman of the Company w.e.f. January 1, 2021.

Mr. Umeshkumar More is Diploma in Auto Engineering and associated with the Company for over 50 years. As on date, he is mainly responsible for the strategic planning, business growth, development, expansion and diversification, both at national and international level.

Brief Terms and conditions of his appointment including the remuneration payable to him as an Executive Chairman are set out in the Resolution. A copy of Draft Letter of Appointment proposed to be issued to Mr. Umeshkumar More recording the terms of his reappointment for a period of three years w.e.f. January 1, 2021 as referred to in the said resolution is available for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company, up to the date of the Annual General Meeting.

Brief resume of Mr. Umeshkumar More, nature of his expertise and names of the companies in which he holds directorships and memberships / chairmanships of Board Committees, shareholding and relationships between the Directors inter-se as stipulated under Regulation 36(3) of SEBI listing Regulations forms part of the Notice of the Annual General Meeting and is annexed to this Annual Report.

On the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors of the Company at their Meeting held on July 29, 2020, re-appointed Mr. Umeshkumar More as a Whole-time Director of the Company designated as Executive Chairman for a period of 3 (Three) years w.e.f. January 1, 2021. The Board of Directors of the Company considers it desirable to continue to avail the services of Mr. Umeshkumar More as an Executive Chairman of the Company and accordingly recommends the Resolution at Item No. 4 for the approval of the members by way of Special Resolution.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives except Mr. Umeshkumar More, Mr. Nirajkumar More and their relatives to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, in the Company, is / are concerned / interested in the Resolution.

Item No. 5 :

The Board of Directors at their Meeting held on July 29, 2020, appointed Dr. Prerna Sonthalia Goradia as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from July 29, 2020, upto the date of this Annual General Meeting.

Dr. Prerna Goradia is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act and has given her consent to act as an Independent Director. Dr. Prerna Goradia has done her Ph.D. in Chemistry, from Michigan State University, USA in 2004 and M.Sc. in Analytical Chemistry from University of Mumbai, India in 2000. She has specialized depth and breadth of expertise in several new and emerging technology and business areas viz. Chemistry, materials engineering, Semi-conductor and advanced packaging, Industrial coatings, Additive manufacturing etc. She has work experience of over 15 years in India and abroad and won several Awards / Accolades including Presidential award – Best Manager in 2019.

Dr. Prerna Goradia has given declaration to the Board that she meets the criteria of independence as provided under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has also recommended her appointment as Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation.

In the opinion of the Board, Dr. Prerna Goradia possesses appropriate skills, knowledge, experience and expertise and fulfils the conditions specified in the Act, the Rules framed thereunder and SEBI Listing Regulations for appointment as Independent Director and she is independent of the Management. Accordingly it is proposed to appoint her as a Director of the Company and recommends the Ordinary Resolution at Item No. 5 for the approval of the Members.

Brief resume of Dr. Prerna Goradia, nature of his expertise and names of the Companies in which she holds directorships, memberships and chairmanships of Board, Committees, shareholding and relationships between the Directors inter-se as stipulated under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations forms part of the Notice of Annual General Meeting and is annexed to this Annual Report.

The terms and conditions of appointment of Dr. Prerna Goradia are open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company up to the date of Annual General Meeting.

This statement may also be regarded as a disclosure under SEBI Listing Regulations.

Except Dr. Prerna Goradia, being appointee, none of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives, is in any way concerned / interested in the Resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the accompanying Notice of the AGM. Dr. Prerna Goradia is not related to any Director(s) of the Company.

The Board recommends the passing of the resolution as set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice of the AGM as an ordinary Resolution.

Item No. 6 :

On the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors at its meeting held on July 29, 2020 re-appointed M/s V. J. Talati & Co., Cost Accountants as Cost Auditors of the Company to conduct the audit of cost records of the Company and all other connected / incidental matters for the financial year ending March 31, 2021 at an aggregate professional Fees upto Rs. 1,60,000/- p.a. (Rupees One Lac Sixty Thousand only) or such other fees as may be decided by the Board from time to time plus Service Tax and actual out of pocket expenses incurred in connection with the Audit.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors is required to be ratified by the Members of the Company. Accordingly, consent of the Members is sought for passing an Ordinary Resolution as set out at Item No. 6 of the Notice of the AGM for ratification of remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the financial year ending March 31, 2021.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the proposed resolution. The Board recommends the passing of the resolution as set out at Item No. 6 of the Notice of the AGM as an Ordinary Resolution.

LISTING REQUIREMENTS

As required under Regulation 36(3) of SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS - 2), given below are the details of the Directors :

DIRECTOR RETIRING BY ROTATION, REAPPOINTMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

A. Name : MR. VINOD HARITWAL

Age : 61 Years [Date of Birth: 05-10-1958]

Qualifications : B.Com., LLB, CS, FCA.

Mr. Vinod Haritwal was associated with the Company in the past for nearly 10 years and was re-appointed as CEO and Whole-time Director of the Company on September 5, 2011. He is qualified Chartered Accountant and Company Secretary and has over 40 years of varied corporate experience of strategic planning and decision making, business and financial administration, management and control.

Mr. Vinod Haritwal is not related to any of the Directors of the Board of Company.

Directorships in other Listed Company : NIL

Committee Memberships : Stakeholders Relationship Committee
CSR Committee

Shareholding in the Company : 25,000 Equity Shares of Re. 1/- each.

B. Name : MR. UMESHKUMAR MORE

Age : 71 Years [Date of Birth: 04-11-1948]

Qualifications : Diploma in Auto Engineering

Mr. Umeshkumar More is associated with the Company since July 17, 1969 and is a Whole-time Director and Executive Chairman of the Company. He has got experience of more than 50 years in various fields in different types of industries. As on date, he is mainly responsible for the strategic planning, business growth, development, expansion and diversification, both at national and international level.

Mr. Umeshkumar More is related to Mr. Nirajkumar More - Managing Director of the Company.

Mr. Umeshkumar More is a Director of Growel Corporate Management Limited and Poona Bottling Company Private Limited and Designated Partner of Radhakishan Nandlal LLP, Bubna More & Company LLP, Waluj Beverages LLP and Growel Projects LLP.

Directorships in other Listed Company : NIL

Committee Memberships : Nomination & Remuneration Committee (Member)

Shareholding in the Company : 2,28,05,999 Equity Shares of Re. 1/- each.

C. Name : DR. PRERNA GORADIA

Age : 42 Years [Date of Birth: 09-11-1977]

Qualifications : BSC, M.Sc., Ph.D in Chemistry

Dr. Perna Goradia has specialized depth and breadth of expertise in several new and emerging technology and business areas viz. Chemistry, materials engineering, Semi-conductor and advanced packaging, Industrial coatings, Additive manufacturing etc. She has work experience of over 15 years in India and abroad and won several Awards / Accolades including Applied Materials Presidential award – Best Manager in 2019 and Innovator of the year in 2017, 2018 and 2019.

Dr. Perna Goradia is not related to any of the Directors of the Board of Company.

Other Directorships : Exposome Private Limited

Committee Memberships : NIL

Shareholding in the Company : NIL

Registered Office:
Growel Corporate,
Akurli Road, Kandivli [East],
Mumbai - 400 101

**For & on behalf of the Board of
Grauer & Weil (India) Limited**

Date : July 29, 2020

Nirajkumar More
Managing Director

Vinod Haritwal
CEO & Whole-time Director

DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the 62nd Annual Report together with the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2020.

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

Particulars	2019-20 Rupees in Lacs	2018-19 Rupees in Lacs
Gross total revenue	68,427.98	66,387.82
Net revenue	62,892.30	61,068.11
Earnings before interest, depreciation, tax & amortizations (EBIDTA before exceptional item)	10,831.78	11,640.17
Profit before tax	9,536.30	9,396.30
Provision for tax (Current & Deferred tax)	1,956.87	3,025.13
Net profit after tax	7,579.43	6,371.17

2. OPERATIONS

During the year under review, Company recorded a 3.0% growth in Net revenues. Profit before tax registered a growth of 1.5% and due to lower rate of tax, the Net profit after tax of the Company improved by 19.0%.

Detailed information on the business operations and state of affairs of the Company including full analysis and discussion on the business outlook is included the heading 'Management Discussion and Analysis'.

3. COVID-19 AND ITS IMPACT

The Management has been closely reviewing the impact of COVID-19 on the business and financial status of the Company. As per the directives of the Government and to protect the employees and workers, your Company had temporarily suspended its operations at its plants, corporate office, mall, branch offices and technical service centers. The operations at plants and all offices have since commenced after obtaining permissions from the authorities concerned and after following all safety measures including social distancing. The corporate office is allowed to work only with limited employee strength. Growel's 101 Mall is not yet opened except for the grocery and food section of Big Bazar and 'take-away counters' of a few food outlets. The dispatches of Company's products to customers' have also recommenced though at a much lower scale. The Management is in constant touch with its customers on the evolving situation and is making all efforts to service their requirements.

The Company's management currently believes that this financial year is likely to be adversely impacted due to COVID-19. The duration of the impact being uncertain at this stage. The management is unable to quantify the short or long term risk, but however, it is expected, that the same is not likely to adversely effect the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and meeting its liabilities as and when they fall due.

4. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Pursuant to Regulation 34(2) read with Paragraph B of Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations, detailed review of the business operations and performance of all the segments of the Company including future outlook, opportunities, threats, exports etc. is covered under the Management Discussion and Analysis Report attached as **Annexure 'A'** and forms an integral part of this Report.

5. DIVIDEND

During the year under review, the Company has declared and distributed an interim dividend @ 50% (i.e. Re. 0.50 per equity share of Face Value of Re. 1/- each) on the equity shares to all the shareholders whose names appears in the Register of Members on Saturday, 22nd February, 2020, being the Record Date fixed for Interim Dividend. The outgo on account of interim dividend was Rs. 1,366.53 Lacs inclusive of Dividend Distribution Tax.

Your Directors wish to conserve resources for future expansion and growth of the Company. Hence, your Directors have decided not to declare any further final dividend for the year under review. The dividend paid for the previous financial year was 60% i.e. Re. 0.60 on Equity Shares of Face Value of Re. 1/- each.

6. MATERIAL CHANGE

There have been no material changes or commitments affecting the financial performance of the Company which occurred between the end of the financial years of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of this Report, except for the impact arising out of COVID-19, which is detailed elsewhere in this Report.

Further there has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.

7. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY REGULATORS OR COURTS

There were no significant material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts / tribunals, which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

8. SHARE CAPITAL

The paid-up Equity Share Capital of the Company as on March 31, 2020 was Rs. 2,267.05 Lacs comprising of 22,67,05,750 equity shares of Rs. 1 each. During the year under review, the Company has not issued shares with differential voting rights nor has it granted any Stock Options or Sweat Equity Shares. As on March 31, 2020, none of the Directors of the Company held instruments convertible into Equity Shares of the Company.

9. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Your Company is compliant with all the applicable provisions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under the SEBI Listing Regulations. In compliance with Regulation 34 and Schedule V(C) of SEBI Listing Regulations, a report on Corporate Governance along with certificate from Statutory Auditors of the Company, confirming compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance is annexed and forms an integral part of this Report. **(Annexure 'B')**

10. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company has undertaken various "Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)", initiatives in the areas of Educations, Healthcare, Preventive Healthcare, Sanitation, Environmental Sustainability and Ecological Balance etc. which are largely in accordance with Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee, brief details of which are provided in the Corporate Governance Report. The Company has a Policy on CSR and the same has been posted on the website of the Company at www.growel.com. The Annual Report on CSR activities in terms of the requirements of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 is annexed as **Annexure 'C'**, which forms part of this Report.

During the year under review, CSR spending of the Company increased to Rs. 82.87 Lacs (Rs. 30.51 Lacs) against Rs. 171.56 Lacs to be spent as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. Company continuously endeavours to increase its CSR expenditure and reach the limits mentioned under the Companies Act, 2013. Company is also in the process of searching specific projects / programmes, where Company can spend its CSR fund, which will result into overall social - economic growth, development and prosperity of the communities residing in the vicinity of the operations of the Company and its plants. Despite undertaking various CSR activities, the Company was unable to spend the required amount, since enough projects and opportunities were not available.

11. INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Commensurate with its size and scale of operations, Company's Internal Control systems emphasize on safeguarding the assets of the Company, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial disclosures. The Audit Committee periodically reviews the internal control systems and consults the Internal and Statutory Auditor of the Company on regular basis to strengthen it from time to time. The Board observed that during the financial year, no material or serious observations have been received from the Internal Auditors of your Company regarding inefficiency or inadequacy of such controls.

The Company also has a system of regular internal audit carried out by Internal Auditors. M/s M. M. Nissim & Co., Chartered Accountants, who report directly to the Board of Directors / Audit Committee / Chairman of the Company. The internal audit programme is approved by the Audit Committee and findings of the internal auditor are placed before the Audit Committee at regular intervals.

As per provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations, Company is not required to form Risk Management Committee, however, the Company has a well-defined process and systems in place to ensure appropriate identification and mitigation of risks.

12. VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has formulated and adopted a Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy in terms of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per Regulation 22 of the SEBI Listing Regulations to provide a formal mechanism to the Directors, employees and stakeholders to report their genuine concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct or Ethics Policy. The Policy provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees, who avail of the mechanism and provides to employees' direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. It is affirmed that no personnel of the Company have been denied access to the Audit Committee. The Whistle Blower Policy has been posted on the website of the Company at www.growel.com.

The policy is reviewed by the Audit Committee from time to time and no concerns or irregularities have been reported by employees / directors during the financial year ended March 31, 2020.

13. EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 12 of Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014, the extract of annual return in prescribed Form MGT - 9 containing information as on March 31, 2020 is annexed hereto as **Annexure 'D'**. The latest annual return being annual return filed in the prescribed Form MGT - 7 containing the particulars as they stood on March 31, 2019 is available on the Company's website at www.growel.com. The annual return for financial year 2019-20 will also be available at the same web address once the same is filed with the Registrar of Companies, Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA).

14. FIXED DEPOSITS

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted any deposit within the ambit of Section 73 and 74 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with The Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 and therefore the disclosure pursuant to Rule 8(5)(v) & (vi) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is not applicable to the Company. All the public deposits accepted prior to the commencement of the said Act have been repaid on maturity.

15. LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, the details of loans and investments made, guarantee given and security provided and subsisting as on the close of the financial year 2019-20 are provided in the notes to the financial statements forming part of Annual Report.

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All related party transactions which were entered during the financial year were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. There were no materially significant related party transactions entered into by the Company with the promoters, directors, key managerial personnel or other persons which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company. All related party transactions were placed before the Audit Committee for review and approval. Prior omnibus approval is also obtained from the Audit Committee for the related party transactions which are of repetitive nature and which can be foreseen and accordingly the required disclosures are made to the Audit Committee on quarterly basis in terms of the omnibus approval of the Audit Committee.

The Policy on Related Party Transactions as approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors is available on the Company's website under the following weblink: (www.growel.com/subpage/policies). The details of the related party transactions are set out in the notes to the financial statements. Since all related party transactions entered into by the Company were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis and there were no material related party transactions, Form AOC - 2 is not applicable to the Company.

17. BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

a. Resignation of Mr. Yogesh Samat as Independent Director

During the year under review, on appointment of Mr. Yogesh Samat as COO of the Company, he resigned and ceased to be a Director on the Board with effect from March 30, 2020. The Board of Directors placed on record its appreciation for the valuable contribution made by him during his association with the Company as an Independent Director.

b. Retirement by rotation - Mr. Vinod Haritwal

As per provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and in terms of Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Vinod Haritwal (DIN: 00112862), CEO and Whole-time Director of the Company, is liable to retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. The Board recommends his re-appointment.

The brief resume and other details relating to the Directors, who are to be appointed / reappointed as stipulated under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard 2, are provided in the Notice of Annual General Meeting forming part of the Annual Report.

In accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, rules made thereunder, the SEBI Listing Regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company, Additional Director, Independent Directors and the Managing Director of the Company are not liable to retire by rotation.

c. Re-appointment of Mr. Umeshkumar More as Whole-time Director

At the 57th annual general meeting held on August 20, 2015, the members of the Company re-appointed Mr. Umeshkumar More (DIN : 00112662) as a Whole-time Director of the Company designated as Executive Chairman for a term up to 5 (Five) years from January 1, 2016. Thus, he holds office up to December 31, 2020. Mr. Umeshkumar More is mainly responsible for the strategic planning, growth, development, expansion and diversification of the business of the Company, both at national and international level. Accordingly, the Board is of the opinion that his continued association for a further period of 3 (Three) years would be in the interest of the Company. Keeping in view performance evaluation done by the Board as whole and Independent Directors and instrumental role of Mr. Umeshkumar More in the growth and expansion of the business of the Company, the Board of Directors proposes re-appointment of Mr. Umeshkumar More for a further period of 3 (Three) years commencing from January 1, 2021.

d. Appointment of Dr. Perna Goradia as Independent Director

Pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the approval of the Board of Directors at its meeting held on July 29, 2020, Dr. Perna Sonthalia Goradia (DIN : 08756246) was appointed as an Additional Director (Non-Executive Independent Director) of the Company with effect from July 29, 2020. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 161 of the Act, Dr. Perna Goradia holds office till the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting and is eligible for appointment as a Director of the Company.

Dr. Perna Goradia is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act and has also satisfies the criteria for being an Independent Director of the Company and has given her consent to act as an Independent Director. Dr. Perna Goradia has given a declaration to the Company of her independence as required under Section 149(7) of the Act. In pursuance of Section 149(10) of the Act and subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on September 29, 2020, Dr. Perna Goradia has been appointed as an Independent Director for a term of 5 (Five) years with effect from July 29, 2020 upto and including July 28, 2025, not liable to retire by rotation. A Resolution in this behalf is set out in the Notice of Annual General Meeting, for Members' approval.

e. Independent Directors

Every Independent Director attends a Familiarization / Orientation Program on being inducted into the Board. Further, various other programmes are conducted for the benefit of Independent Directors to provide periodical updates on regulatory front, industry developments, business operations, important functions and other critical aspects of the business of the Company and any other significant matters of importance to enable them to contribute on full informed basis and discharge their responsibilities effectively, details of which are set out in the Corporate Governance Report.

All the Independent Directors of the Company have given necessary declarations of their Independence to the Board as stipulated in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. In terms of Regulation 25(8) of the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties.

f. Policy on appointment and remuneration of Directors

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee framed a policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Senior Management Personnel and their remuneration. The same is available on website of Company (www.growel.com/subpage/policies). It is affirmed that the remuneration paid to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and all other employees are in accordance with the Remuneration Policy of the Company. The Company's Policy on Directors' Appointment and Remuneration and other matters provided in Section 178(3) of the Act and Regulation 19 of the SEBI Listing Regulations have been disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of the Annual Report.

g. Performance evaluation

Pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board has carried out an Annual Evaluation of its own performance, performance of the Directors including Independent Directors and the working of its Committees on the evaluation criteria defined by Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) for performance evaluation process of the Board, its Committees and Directors.

The performance assessment of Non-Independent Directors, Board as a whole and the Chairman was carried out in a separate meeting of Independent Directors. The same was presented to and discussed in the meetings of NRC and the Board. Performance evaluation of Independent Directors was done by the entire Board, excluding the Independent Director being evaluated and was found satisfactory.

h. Meeting of Board and Committee

An Annual Calendar of Board and Committee Meetings scheduled during the year were circulated in advance to the Directors. During the year, 4 (Four) board meetings and 4 (Four) meetings of Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Corporate Social Responsibility Committee were convened and held. The details of which are given in the Corporate Governance Report. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations.

i. Board Committees

Pursuant to various requirements under the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors has constituted various committees such as Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Corporate Social Responsibility Committee. There have been no instances during the year where recommendations of the Audit Committee were not accepted by the Board.

The details of composition, terms of reference, numbers of meetings held during the year and other related details pertaining to these committees are mentioned in the Corporate Governance Report.

j. Key Managerial Personnel

Pursuant to Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013, following are the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company:

1. Mr. Nirajkumar More - Managing Director (DIN : 00113191);
2. Mr. Vinod Haritwal – CEO & Whole-time Director (DIN : 00112862);
3. Mr. Gurinder Singh Gulati – Chief Financial Officer (FCA No. : 90728)
4. Mr. Chintan K. Gandhi - Company Secretary (ACS No. : 21369)

During the year under review, there has been no change in the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

18. POLICY ON SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

The Company has zero tolerance for sexual harassment at workplace and has adopted a Policy on Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of Sexual Harassment at workplace in line with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder. The Policy aims to provide protection to employees at workplace and prevent and redress complaints of sexual harassment and for matters connected or incidental thereto, with the objective of providing a safe working environment, where employees feel secure. The Company has also constituted the Internal Complaints Committee to redress the complaint of Sexual Harassment. Training programmes were conducted around locations to strengthen the awareness among the employees. As on March 31, 2020, Company has been employing about 90 women employees in various cadres.

19. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Sections 134(3)(c) and 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors, to the best of its knowledge and ability, confirm:

- a. that in the preparation of Annual Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- b. that such accounting policies as mentioned in Note No. 1 of the Notes to the Financial Statements have been selected and applied consistently and judgment and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as on March 31, 2020 and of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- c. that proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. that the Annual Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- e. that proper internal financial controls were in place and that the financial controls were adequate and were operating effectively;
- f. that systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were in place and were adequate and operating effectively.

20. SUBSIDIARY & ASSOCIATES COMPANIES

As on date, Company has 2 (Two) Overseas Subsidiaries viz. Grauer & Weil (Shanghai) Limited in China, and Growel Chemicals Co. Limited in Thailand and 3 (Three) Associates Companies viz. Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited in Thailand, Grauer & Weil Engineering Private Limited (Previously known as Growel Goema (India) Private Limited) and Growel Sidasa Industries Private Limited. In April, 2020, Company made an application for striking off the name of one of the subsidiary Company viz. Grauer & Weil (UK) Limited in United Kingdom and same has been approved. During the year, the Board of Directors reviewed the affairs of Subsidiaries.

There has been no material change in the nature of business of subsidiary and associate Companies. The highlights of performance and Statement containing details of the Subsidiary and Associate Companies, salient features of its financial statements pursuant to section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 in the prescribed format AOC – I forms part of the financial statements.

21. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) 110 on "Consolidated Financial Statements" as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and as per the general instruction for preparation of consolidated financial statements given in Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has prepared Consolidated Financial Statements. The Audited Consolidated Financial Statements along with the Auditors' Report thereon forms part of the Annual Report.

22. AUDITORS AND AUDIT REPORTS

a. Statutory Auditors

The Members, at the 59th Annual General Meeting held on September 25, 2017 had appointed SCA and Associates, Chartered Accountants (ICAI Firm Registration No. 101174W) as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of 5 (Five) consecutive years to

hold office from the conclusion of 59th annual general meeting till the conclusion of the 64th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the calendar year 2022, subject to ratification by the shareholders every year.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its Notification dated May 7, 2018, had dispensed with the requirement of ratification of Auditor's appointment by the shareholders, every year. Hence, the resolution relating to ratification of Auditor's appointment is not included in the Notice of the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the auditors have confirmed that they hold a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the ICAI.

The Company has obtained an Eligibility Certificate from SCA and Associates under Section 139(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, that their appointment is in accordance with the provisions of Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013 and they are not disqualified from continuing as Auditors of the Company under Section 141(3) of the Act.

b. Cost Auditors

In terms of the provisions of Section 148 of the Act read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, the Board has appointed the M/s V. J. Talati & Co. as Cost Auditors of the Company for conducting the audit of cost records for the financial year 2019-20. The Board of Directors, based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee and based on consent letter received from M/s V. J. Talati & Co., appointed M/s V. J. Talati & Co., Cost Accountants, as Cost Auditor of the Company for conducting the Cost Audit for the financial year 2020-21, on remuneration as mentioned in the Notice of 62nd Annual General Meeting.

A Certificate from M/s V. J. Talati & Co., Cost Accountants, has been received to the effect that their appointment as Cost Auditor of the Company, if made, would be in accordance with the limits specified under Section 141 of the Act and Rules framed thereunder.

A resolution seeking Member's ratification for the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditor for the financial year 2020-21 forms part of the Notice of 62nd Annual General Meeting and the same is recommended for your consideration and ratification.

c. Secretarial Auditors

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, Board had appointed M/s GMJ & Associates, Firm of Practicing Company Secretaries to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year 2019-20. The Secretarial Audit Report and the Non-disqualification Certificate of Directors issued by the Secretarial Auditors for the financial year ended March 31, 2020 is annexed herewith marked as **Annexure 'E'** to this Report.

The Board, on the recommendation of Audit Committee, has re-appointed M/s GMJ & Associates, Firm of Practicing Company Secretaries, as Secretarial Auditor of the Company for the financial year 2020-21.

23. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Information on conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo for the financial year ending March 31, 2020, as required to be given pursuant to Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is annexed herewith and marked as **Annexure 'F'** forming part of this Report.

24. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

In terms of the first proviso to Section 136 of the Act, the Reports and Accounts are being sent to the shareholders excluding the information required under Rule 5(2) and (3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. Any Shareholder interested in obtaining the same may write to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office of the Company. The said information is available for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company on any working day of the Company upto the date of the 62nd Annual General Meeting.

The statement containing information as required under the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is given in **Annexure 'G'** and forms part of this Report.

25. COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has substantially and materially complied with applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, as amended from time to time.

26. INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF)

a) Transfer of Unclaimed Dividend to IEPF

As required under Section 124 of the Act, the Unclaimed Dividend amount aggregating to Rs. 610,780.40 lying with the Company for a period of seven years were transferred during the year 2019-20, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Central Government.

b) Transfer of shares to IEPF

As required under Section 124 of the Act, 1,44,704 Equity Shares, in respect of which dividend has not been claimed by the members for seven consecutive years or more, have been transferred by the Company to the IEPF Authority during the financial year 2019-20. Details of shares transferred have been uploaded on the website of IEPF as well as the Company.

27. GREEN INITIATIVES

Keeping in mind the COVID-19 pandemic situation and as per the government guidelines and as a part of Green Initiatives and going beyond it, to create further new green initiatives, electronic copy of the Notice of 62nd Annual General Meeting of the Company including the Annual Report for the financial year 2019-20 are being sent to all the Members, whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company / Depository Participant(s).

28. HEALTH AND SAFETY

The Company continues to accord high priority to health and safety of all workers and employees of the Company at all manufacturing locations, plants and offices. During the year under review, the Company conducted safety training programmes for increasing awareness, disaster preparedness, fire-fighting training, fire mock drills and other trainings programmes among various employees at the plants and offices for safety awareness and preparedness.

29. LISTING

The Equity Shares of the Company are at presently listed with BSE Limited, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001. The Company is regular in payment of listing fees.

30. COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORTING (BRR)

The Company is committed to the principles enshrined in the Guidelines on Social, Environmental and Economic Responsibilities of Business notified by the Government of India. The Board has authorized Director and appointed head for implementation of 'Business Responsibility Reporting' with the scope of:

- To review the BRR Policy from time to time and to modify the same as required,
- To monitor the preparation of the BRR in the format as prescribed by SEBI
- To undertake all other steps and actions that are incidental to BRR

The Board will review the performance of the BRR policy and its effectiveness from time to time.

31. BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

As required under Regulation 34 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Business Responsibility Report of the Company is annexed in **Annexure 'H'** and forms part of this Report. The BRR is also available on the Company's website at www.growel.com.

32. SIGNIFICANT BENEFICIAL OWNER

Attention of the Members is invited to the Companies (Significant Beneficial Ownership) Amendment Rules, 2019 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs whereby a person is considered as a "Significant Beneficial Owner (SBO)", if he/she, whether acting alone, together or through one or more individuals or trust holds a beneficial interest of at least 10%. The beneficial interest could be in the form of a company's shares or the right to exercise significant influence or control over the Company. A Shareholders holding shares in the Company on behalf of others or fulfilling the criteria as mentioned in the Companies (Significant Beneficial Ownership) Amendment Rules, 2019, is required to give a declaration specifying the nature of his/her interest and other essential particulars in the prescribed manner and within the permitted time frame.

33. APPRECIATION

Your Directors take this opportunity to thank all members, bankers, employees, esteemed customers, suppliers, distributors, agents, vendors, investors, business associates and communities in which the Company operates, for their unstinted co-operation and valuable support extended during the year and faith, trust and confidence reposed in the Company.

Your Directors wish to place on record their sincere appreciation for the dedicated efforts and consistent contribution made by each and every member and employees of the Growel family, to ensure that the Company continues to grow and excel.

Registered Office:

Growel Corporate,
Akurli Road, Kandivli [East],
Mumbai - 400 101

**For & on behalf of the Board of
Grauer & Weil (India) Limited**

Date : July 29, 2020

Nirajkumar More
Managing Director
DIN : 00113191

Vinod Haritwal
CEO & Whole-time Director
DIN : 00112862

ANNEXURE – ‘A’: TO DIRECTORS’ REPORT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

I. AN OVERVIEW OF BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

During the financial year 2019 - 20, the Net Revenue of the Company grew by 3.0% from Rs. 61,068.11 Lacs to Rs. 62,892.30 Lacs and due to reduction in income tax rate, the Net Profit after tax improved significantly by 19.0% from Rs. 6,371.17 Lacs to Rs. 7,579.43 Lacs. The business of the Company was adversely impacted by the economic slowdown during 2019 - 20 especially in the Automobile segment. Furthermore, like everyone, the Company lost revenue completely for the last week of the year with the sudden lockdown declared by the Government from March 24, 2020. Despite these challenges, your Company was able to deliver a reasonable performance through a prudent strategy of cost control, dynamic product and customer management and product innovations. An overview of the performance of different business segments of the Company is as under:

- a) Surface Finishing Segment:** Except for the Mall, all other businesses of the Company are surface finishing centric. They deal with treatment and finishing of surfaces of different substrates in several ways. The Surface Finishing Segment is the largest segment of the Company's business. Its product portfolio includes speciality chemicals, paints & coatings and lubricant oils. The segment witnessed a growth of 2.4% from Rs. 52,420.87 Lacs to Rs. 53,665.92 Lacs in Net revenue. Your Company's leadership position in the plating chemical products continues unchanged despite growing intensity of competition from international Companies. The Company was able to maintain the high growth momentum of its Paint products which grew by 41.4%. The lubricant products achieved marginal growth of 6.1%. The manufacturing operations of the Vapi factory were restored in part of the building which was not destroyed by the fire.

The Surface Finishing division of company, for the current period April' 2020 to June '2020, has reported as negative growth of 45.7%, primarily due to the COVID situation and the effect of lockdown conditions. The performance of all the three divisions of the Company for the said period V/s same of last year as per follows :

Rupees in Lacs

Division	Current Period (April '20 to June '20)	Last Year (April '19 to June '19)
Surface Finishing	6,242.00	11,504.00
Engineering	75.00	763.00
Mall	18.00	874.00
Total	6,335.00	13,141.00

- b) Engineering Segment:** This division supplies customized turnkey plants and their components for surface finishing, waste water and effluent treatment and other engineering solutions. The Net revenue witnessed a modest growth of 8.7% from Rs. 4,542.57 Lacs to Rs. 4,938.00 Lacs.
- c) Mall Segment:** Company's Mall at Kandivali in Mumbai continued to operate at near full occupancy during the year.

2. EXPORTS

The Company's emphasis on exports continued unchanged. However, due to decline in the business from the Middle East and global slowdown in automobile production, the export sales during the year under review were reduced by 2.17%.

3. FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The highlights of financial performance of the Company for the year under review are as under:

- The Net profit after tax for the year grew by 19.0% to Rs. 7,579.43 Lacs from Rs. 6,371.17 Lacs.
- The Company spent Rs. 2,429.53 Lacs in Capital expenditure during the year.
- The Company has no long-term loans or bank borrowings as at the end of the year. The only long-term liability on account of Hire Purchase declined from Rs. 63.45 Lacs to Rs. 20.06 Lacs.
- The Working capital (Net current assets) increased by Rs. 3,610.37 Lacs i.e. from Rs. 19,405.64 Lacs to Rs. 23,016.01 Lacs.
- Key Financial Ratios:

	FY 2019-20	FY 2018-19
Debtors turnover (days)	62	62
Inventory turnover (days)	58	52
Interest Coverage Ratio	34	127
Current Ratio	2.54	2.49
Debt : Equity Ratio	0.04	0.05
Operating profit margin (%)	16.1%	17.8%
Net profit margin (%)	11.3%	9.8%
Return on Net worth	17.0%	15.9%

4. OPPORTUNITIES, THREATS, RISKS, CONCERNS AND OUTLOOK

In the main business segment of Surface Finishing, your Company faces stiff competition from domestic as well as international players. However, your Company's fundamental strengths of leadership in the Chemical and Engineering products in domestic market, ability to offer quality products at competitive prices, nimble footed customer response in the areas of Paints and Lubricants, extensive distribution network, strong R & D, technical service and procurement strength, place it in relatively sound position. The Company actively interacts with its customers and delivers innovative new products and processes developed with the help of its technology partners or in its Government recognised state of the art R & D facilities.

The lockdown imposed due to Covid - 19 is hoped to be lifted gradually. However, the drastically curtailed production volumes of customers, challenges of manpower availability and tight liquidity do pose challenges.

The anticipated global recession and the emerging geopolitical trade restrictions will present serious challenges for the export business of the Company. Despite these challenges, the management is optimistic about the future due to your Company's strengths.

In the surface treatment area, business opportunities are rapidly arising from the defense and aviation sectors, which are expected to play a significant role, in the future of company's growth.

In the area of Paints, the infrastructure and rural development thrusts of Government's economic packages offer opportunities, as your Company's paint business is focused on these segments.

Financial year 2020-21 has started on an uncertain note with the economy at a virtual standstill, hence it is difficult to predict the business volumes and profit margins.

5. FUTURE PROSPECTS

We expect the market conditions to remain challenging in the near future. Covid - 19 pandemic and the lockdown are likely to exert adverse impact on industries across the Board for quite some time. However, we remain optimistic and motivated for a healthy growth over the long term.

The Company has drawn up plans to retain or grow market share in all the product lines in its Surface Finishing segment.

While the Company is faced, with major challenges due to the COVID situation, it continues to invest and build on long term assets and strategies. Accordingly, it is proceeding with the rebuilding of the remaining part of Vapi factory which was destroyed by an explosion and fire, the other expansion plans, be it for the mall or the paint division are pending suitable opportunity, in respect of market trends, administrative and statutory clearances. All these segments hold excellent prospects in the coming future.

6. HUMAN RESOURCES

Your Company's emphasis on Human Resources continues unchanged. New systems and measures for training, development and enhancement of quality and skills have been deployed. A new fully-equipped training centre has been setup at the Head Office. The Performance Measurement Systems and Individual Development areas have been strengthened. The Company completed implementation of Success Factor, an important HR module of its SAP ERP.

There were no material developments on human resources and industrial relations fronts. The relationship with employees and workers continued to be cordial.

7. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND RISK MANAGEMENT FRAME WORK

The Company has appropriate Internal Control Systems and Risk Management frame work commensurate with the size and nature of the Company's business. The Company has a system of regular internal audit carried out by an independent firm of Chartered Accountants. The internal control systems / frameworks are reviewed by the Top Management and by the Audit Committee of the Board and proper follow up actions are ensured wherever required.

8. CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Statements in the Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's objectives, expectations, estimates or predictions, may be forward looking within the meaning of applicable Securities Laws and Regulations. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in the statement. The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify or revise any forward-looking statements, on the basis of any subsequent developments, events or information.

ANNEXURE – 'B': TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

I. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

The Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance is aimed at assisting the management and the Board of Directors in efficient conduct of the business and in meeting its obligations to all stakeholders and is built on four pillars viz. transparency, accountability, integrity and fairness. The philosophy also includes adequate disclosure of information regarding its financial position, performance and other vital matters on timely basis and insistence on strict adherence to the governance mechanism as laid down in the Companies Act, 2013 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations'). These practices are intended to achieve balance between enhancement of stakeholder value and achievement of financial objective.

The Company emphasises on the need for complete transparency, accountability, integrity and fairness in all its dealings to protect stakeholder interests. The governance framework encourages the efficient utilisation of resources and accountability for stewardship. The Board considers itself as the custodian of trust and acknowledges its responsibilities towards stakeholders for wealth creation sustainably and responsibly.

The Company submits a report on the matters stipulated under Regulation 17 to 27 read with Schedule V and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of SEBI Listing Regulations, as applicable, with regard to Corporate Governance and also the practices followed by the Company as below.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

a. Composition of Board of Directors

GROWEL is a professionally managed Company functioning under the overall supervision of the Board of Directors ('Board'). Its Board is a combination of Independent and Non Independent Directors, including an Independent Woman Director in line with the provisions of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations as amended from time to time.

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board and seeks to increase diversity at Board level, which it sees as an essential element in maintaining the Company's competitive advantage. The Company understands that a truly diverse Board includes and makes good use of differences in the skills, regional and industry experience, background, race, gender and other qualities of the Directors. These differences are considered in determining the optimal composition of the Board.

The Board of Directors comprises of highly experienced and persons of repute & eminence, who bring the diverse skills, knowledge, competence, experience and expertise that allow them to make effective contribution to the Board and its Committees. The Board Members take an active part at the Board and Committee Meetings and provide valuable guidance to the Management on various aspects of business, governance and compliance, amongst others. The Board's guidance provides foresight, enhances transparency and adds value in decision-making.

As on the date of this report, the Board consists of 8 (Eight) Directors comprising one Executive Chairman, 3 (Three) Executive Directors and 4 (Four) Non-Executive Independent Directors including 2 (Two) Woman Directors. The position of the Chairman, Managing Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company are held by separate individuals. None of the Directors of your Company are inter-se related to each other except Mr. Umeshkumar More and Mr. Nirajkumar More. The Composition of the Board represents an optimal mix of professionalism, knowledge and experience that enables the Board to discharge its responsibilities and provide effective leadership to the business.

The Managing Director (MD) & Chief Executive Officer (CEO) are at the helm of operations and responsible for the Company's day-to-day operations. MD & CEO functions according to the guidance and direction provided by the Chairman and the Board and provides strategic directions, lays down policy guidelines and ensures the implementation of the decisions of the Board and its various Committees.

b. Core Skills, Expertise and Competencies of the Board of Directors

The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing of electroplating chemicals and plants, paints, lubricants and in the business of shoppertainment. Your Directors including Non-Executive Independent Directors are well qualified, experienced and renowned persons from the fields of manufacturing, finance, taxation, management, governance, technology, amongst others. The Directors possess diverse knowledge, expertise, competencies and adequate technical, financial, legal and administrative skills, enabling them to adequately discharge the entrusted roles, responsibilities and functions and effective leadership to the business for long term value creation for all stakeholders.

c. Board Meeting and attendance

The Board normally meets atleast once in a Quarter, inter alia, to discuss and decide on Company / business policies and strategies, review quarterly standalone and consolidated financial results / statements, apart from other Board businesses. The board meetings

are pre-scheduled and a tentative annual calendar of Board meetings is agreed to facilitate them to plan their schedules and to ensure meaningful participation. However, in case of special and urgent business, Board Meetings are convened at shorter notice or Board's approval is obtained by circulating the resolution, depending on the matter to be transacted. The Board of Directors reviews compliance of applicable laws, rules and regulations on quarterly basis. The Board has formulated risk management plan and periodically reviews the mitigations measures taken by the management. The Company places all information, as and when applicable, as specified in Part A of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations before the Board of Directors.

Agenda of the Meeting of the Board of Directors / Committees are circulated amongst the Directors / invitees well in advance as per the requirements of the Secretarial Standards - I issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in a structured format except unpublished price sensitive information. All material information is incorporated in the agenda to facilitate meaningful and focused discussions at the meeting. Where it is not practical to attach any document to the agenda, the same is tabled before the meeting. The Board has unrestricted access to all Company related information.

The Company adheres to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, Secretarial Standards and SEBI Listing Regulations with respect to convening and holding of the meetings of the Board of Directors, its Committees and the General Meetings of the shareholders of the Company. The Company Secretary attends all the meetings of the Board and its Committees and is, inter alia, responsible for recording the minutes of such meetings.

During the financial year 2019 - 20, 4 [Four] board meetings were held on May 16, 2019, August 13, 2019, November 13, 2019 and February 13, 2020. The details of composition of the Board, category, attendance of Directors at board meetings during the financial year 2019 - 20 and at last Annual General Meeting, number of other Directorships and other Committee Memberships as on the date of this report, are given below:

Name of Directors	Category	No. of Board Meetings attended	Attendance at Last AGM	No. of other Directorships held	Outside Committee Positions held
Mr. Umeshkumar More	Chairman	2	Yes	2	None
Mr. Nirajkumar More	Managing Director	4	Yes	4	None
Mr. Vinod Haritwal	CEO & Whole-time Director	4	Yes	2	None
Mr. Rohitkumar More	Whole-time Director	2	No	5	None
Mr. Suresh Pareek	Non-Executive & Independent Director	4	Yes	2	None
Mr. Tarun Kumar Govil	Non-Executive & Independent Director	4	Yes	---	None
Ms. Aarti Shah	Non-Executive & Independent Director	4	Yes	---	None
Mr. Yogesh Samat (Upto 30-03-2020)	Director*	3	Yes	---	None

* Mr. Yogesh Samat is Non-Executive & Independent Director upto March 24, 2020. He is appointed as Chief Operating Officer (COO) of the Company on March 25, 2020 and resigned as Director on March 30, 2020.

d. Reappointment of Director retiring by rotation

As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and in terms of Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Vinod Haritwal, Chief Executive Officer & Whole-time Director of the Company, retire by rotation and being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment. As required under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, brief profile of the Director, forms part of the Notice of the Annual General Meeting and is annexed to this Annual Report.

e. Re-appointment of Director

The term of appointment of Mr. Umeshkumar More as Whole-time Director designated as an Executive Chairman of the Company expires on December 31, 2020. Pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board and after considering performance and instrumental role of Mr. Umeshkumar More in the overall growth, development, expansion and diversification of the business of the Company, the Board of Directors proposes re-appointment of Mr. Umeshkumar More for a further period of 3 (Three) years commencing from January 1, 2021.

Brief resumes of Mr. Umeshkumar More along with all other details, as stipulated under Regulation 36(3) of SEBI Listing Regulations forms part of the Notice of the Annual General Meeting and is annexed to this Annual Report.

f. Regularisation of Additional Director

In accordance with the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company and pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and on the approval of the Board, Dr. Prerna

Sonthalia Goradia (DIN : 08756246) was appointed as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from July 29, 2020 to hold office upto the date of next Annual General Meeting. Accordingly, Dr. Goradia shall hold office up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting and is eligible and offered herself for re-appointment.

g. Information supplied to the Board

The Board is routinely presented with all the information as required under Part A of Schedule II of SEBI Listing Regulations, whenever applicable and materially significant, either as part of the agenda of board meetings or are placed during the course of the meeting, including the following :

- Quarterly standalone and consolidated financial statements of the Company and its operating divisions;
- Minutes of meeting of board and its committees;
- Annual operating plans of business, capital budgets and updates;
- Updating on changes in Senior Officers of the Company, just below the board level;
- Notices of Interest;
- Compliance certificate regarding compliances of applicable acts, laws, rules, regulations etc.;
- Materially important show cause, demand, prosecution and penalty notices;
- Fatal or serious accidents or dangerous occurrences;
- Details of any Joint Venture or Collaboration Agreement;
- Sale / dispose of materials, investments, subsidiaries, assets which are not in the normal course of business;
- Write off of debtors, stocks, investments, assets etc;
- Foreign exchange exposure and the steps taken by the management to limit the risk of adverse exchange rate movements;
- Any materially significant effluent or pollution problems;
- Any issue which involves possible public or product liability claims of a substantial nature;
- Significant developments in the human resource and industrial relations fronts;
- Details of CSR activities carried out etc.

3. INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

a. Declaration of Independent Director

The Company has received necessary declarations from each of the Independent Director that he / she meets the criteria of independence as laid down in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI Listing Regulations as at March 31, 2020. These confirmations have been placed before the Board. Board is of the opinion that the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions specified in the above said regulations and are independent of the management.

b. Meeting of Independent Directors

Independent Directors of the Company met on February 13, 2020 without the presence of non-independent directors and members of management for review and assessment of the matters as set out in Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25(4) of the SEBI Listing Regulations viz. to evaluate the performance of the Non-Independent Directors, the Board as a whole along with the performance of various Committees of the Board, performance of the Chairperson of the Board, taking into account the views of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors.

The Independent Directors further discussed various aspects including the quality, quantity and timeliness of the flow of information between the Management and the Board that is necessary for it to effectively and reasonably perform its duties. All Independent Directors were present at the meeting.

The Company has purchased Directors & Officers Liability insurance for Independent Directors against comprehensive risks and for appropriate quantum of sum insured.

c. Independent Director's Familiarisation Programme

The Company conducted a familiarisation programme for its Independent Directors to familiarize them with

- (a) business and performance updates of the Company along with over view of the industry and regulations governing it;
- (b) type of products manufactured by the Company;
- (c) Updates on relevant statutory changes on laws concerning the Company;
- (d) markets where the Company does the business and growth prospects in such markets;
- (e) Company's business activities in each business unit;
- (f) business strategy and risks involved;
- (g) Company's manufacturing facilities and
- (h) role, rights, responsibilities and duties of Independent Directors in backdrop of Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations.

The details of such familiarization programmes for Independent Director(s) are put up on the website of the Company.

4. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

The Committees of the Board focus on specific areas and make informed decisions within the authority delegated. Each such Committee is guided by its charter, which defines the composition, scope and powers. The Committees also make specific recommendations to the Board on various matters when required. All observations, recommendations and decisions of the Committees are placed before the Board for information or for approval.

Board has constituted the following committees as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations:

- 1) Audit Committee;
 - 2) Nomination and Remuneration Committee;
 - 3) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee;
 - 4) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee;
- These Committees monitor the activities falling within their terms of reference.

a. AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The power, role and broad terms of reference of the Audit Committee are as per the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 read with Part C of Schedule II to the SEBI Listing Regulations. The terms of reference of the Committee, inter alia, include the following:

- a. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- b. Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of Auditors of the Company;
- c. Approval of payment to Statutory Auditors for any other services rendered by the Statutory Auditors;
- d. Examination and reviewing, with the management, the Annual Financial Statements and Auditors' Report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - i. Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Act;
 - ii. Changes, if any, in the accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - iii. Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by the management;
 - iv. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - v. Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - vi. Disclosure of any related party transactions;
 - vii. Qualifications / modified opinion(s) in the draft Audit Report;
- e. Reviewing with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- f. Review and monitor the Auditors' independence and performance and effectiveness of audit process;
- g. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- h. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- i. Evaluations of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- j. Reviewing with the management, performance of Statutory and Internal Auditors and adequacy of the internal control systems;
- k. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function and discussion with Internal Auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- l. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the Internal Auditors into matters, where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
- m. Discussion with Statutory Auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- n. To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower Mechanism;
- o. Approving the appointment of Chief Financial Officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;

- p. Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee;
- q. Oversight of the listed entity's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- r. Review the utilization of loans and / or advances from / investment by the holding Company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments.
- s. Such other items of business as the Companies Act, 2013, rules made there under and the SEBI Listing Regulations for the time being in force requires or may hereinafter require the audit committee to consider, review, evaluate, examine, scrutinise, value, approve, monitor, report, note or otherwise.

The Audit Committee acts as an interface between the Statutory and Internal Auditors, the Management and the Board of Directors. It assists the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities of monitoring financial reporting processes, reviewing the Company's established systems and processes for internal financial controls and governance and reviews the Company's statutory and internal audit processes. More than two-thirds of the members of the committee, including the Chairman are Independent Directors. As on date of Report, the Committee comprises of 4 Directors, out of which 3 are Independent Directors. All the Members of the Audit Committee have Financial, Accounting and Management expertise.

During the financial year 2019 - 20, 4 [Four] meetings of the Audit Committee were held on May 16, 2019, August 13, 2019, November 13, 2019 and February 13, 2020. The maximum gap between any two consecutive meetings was less than one hundred and twenty days. The composition of the Audit Committee and details of the meetings attended by the Directors during the year 2019 - 20 are given below:

Name of the Members	Status	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Suresh Pareek	Chairman	4	4
Mr. Nirajkumar More	Member	4	4
Mr. Tarun Kumar Govil	Member	4	4
Ms. Aarti Shah	Member	4	4
Mr. Yogesh Samat (Upto 30-03-2020)	Member	4	3

The meetings of the Audit Committee are also attended by Head of Accounts and Finance Department, Statutory Auditors and Internal Auditors of the Company. Company Secretary of the Company acted as a Secretary of the Committee.

b. **NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:**

The terms of reference of the Committee are as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations, which includes the following:

- a. formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Directors;
- b. recommend to the Board of Directors, a policy relating to the remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other senior management personnel;
- c. formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of Independent Directors and the Board of Directors;
- d. devise a policy on diversity of Board of Directors;
- e. identifying persons, who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and recommend to the Board of Directors their appointment and removal;
- f. recommend to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.
- g. To decide as to whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of Independent Directors, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors and make recommendation to the Board in this behalf; and
- h. To carry out such other function and duty as is or may be prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013, rules made there under and the SEBI Listing Regulations, from time to time.

During the financial year 2019 - 20, 4 [Four] meetings of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee were held on May 16, 2019, August 13, 2019, November 13, 2019 and February 13, 2020. The Committee comprises of 4 Directors, out of which 3 are Independent Directors. The Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director. The Chairman of the Board is a Member of the Committee but does not chair the Committee. Company Secretary of the Company acted as a Secretary of the Committee. The composition of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and details of the meetings attended by the Directors during the year 2019 - 20 are given below:

Name of the Members	Status	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Yogesh Samat (Upto 30-03-2020)	Chairman	4	3
Mr. Tarun Kumar Govil	Member	4	4
Mr. Umeshkumar More	Member	4	2
Mr. Suresh Pareek	Member	4	4

Performance evaluation criteria for Non-Executive Independent Directors (NEID):

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules made thereunder, SEBI Listing Regulations and Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by SEBI vide its Circular dated January 5, 2017, performance evaluation of Directors, Committees and Board as a whole was carried out. The Committee while evaluating the performance of the Non-Executive Independent Directors may take into consideration various factors including:

- Attendance at the board meetings, committee meetings and Annual General Meeting,
- Preparedness for and participation at the meetings,
- Staying updated on developments,
- Constructive contribution at the meetings,
- Being objective and protecting interest of all shareholders,
- Engaging with and challenging management without being confrontational or obstructionist,
- Ensuring integrity of financial statements / internal controls,
- Ensuring risk management system & mitigation measures are in place,
- Fulfillment of the independence criteria (as specified in the SEBI Listing Regulations) and independence from the management.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS:

The remuneration has been paid as approved by the Board, in accordance with the approval of the Shareholders and within the overall ceiling prescribed under Section 197 and 198 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Remuneration of Executive Directors has fixed as well as variable components. The variable components comprise of commission on net profits of the Company. Nomination and Remuneration Committee recommends to the Board, periodic revision in remuneration of Executive Directors based on remuneration policy of the Company.

As per shareholders' approval by way of Ordinary Resolution passed at the 56th Annual General Meeting held on Thursday, July 31, 2014, Non-Executive Directors are paid 'Profit Related Commission' based on performance of the Company. Thus Non-Executive Independent Directors have been paid sitting fees for attending meetings of Board / Committees thereof and Profit Related Commission. Remuneration paid to Executive Directors and sitting fees for attending Board / Committee Meetings and profit related commission paid to Non-Executive Independent Directors, during the year ended March 31, 2020 are as under :

Rupees in Lacs

Directors	Sitting Fees	Salary & Allowances	Perquisites	Commission	Share Holding as on 31-03-2020 (in Nos.)
Mr. Umeshkumar More	---	78.76	10.84	-	2,28,05,999
Mr. Nirajkumar More	---	98.29	5.06	68.77	1,78,52,106
Mr. Vinod Haritwal	---	139.42	0.40	50.40	25,000
Mr. Rohitkumar More	---	36.87	4.36	-	9,300
Mr. Suresh Pareek	1.75	---	---	4.40	17,31,965
Mr. Tarun Kumar Govil	1.60	---	---	4.40	2,500
Mr. Yogesh Samat (upto 30-03-2020)	1.20	---	---	4.40	5,500
Ms. Aarti Shah	1.00	---	---	3.00	2,300

Transactions of the Non-Executive Independent Directors or their relatives with the Company during the financial year 2019 - 20 are as follows:

REMUNERATION POLICY:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee framed policy laying down the criteria for the appointment and remuneration to Non-Executive Directors, Executive Directors and Senior Management Personnel. The Policy is available on the Company's website under the weblink : <https://growel.com/subpage/Policy>

c. STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:

The complaints received from the investors are being regularly attended to and are believed to be resolved to their satisfaction. The status of the investors' complaints is reviewed by the Stakeholders Relationship Committee generally on quarterly basis. The Committee meets to deal with matters relating to redressal of complaints from shareholders regarding transfers, non-receipt of Annual Report, non-receipt of declared dividends etc. and to review effectiveness of Investors' relations system of the Company. No investor grievance was pending at the year end.

The terms of reference of the committee comprise of various matters provided under Regulation 20 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 178 of the Act, which inter-alia include:

- Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer / transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new / duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.
- Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by the shareholders.
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants / annual reports / statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company.

The Committee comprises of 3 Directors, out of which 1 is Independent Director. During the financial year 2019 - 20, 4 [Four] meetings of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee were held on May 16, 2019, August 13, 2019, November 13, 2019 and February 13, 2020. Company Secretary of the Company acted as a Secretary of the Committee. The composition of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee and details of the meetings attended by the Directors during the year 2019 - 20 are given below :

Name of the Members	Status	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Tarun Kumar Govil	Chairman	4	4
Mr. Nirajkumar More	Member	4	4
Mr. Vinod Haritwal	Member	4	4

Details of investors complaints / requests received during the year by the Company:

Sr. No.	Nature of Complaints / Requests	Received	Disposed	Pending
1	Non-receipt / Revalidation of Dividend Warrants	13	13	---
2	Non-receipt of / request for Annual Report	40	40	---
3	Non-receipt / issue of Duplicate of Share Certificate	1	1	---
4	Request of Transfer / Transmission / Demat of Shares	0	0	---
5	Request for Change of Address / Bank details / Signature etc.	1	1	---
6	Other	0	0	---
	Total	55	55	---

d. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) COMMITTEE:

The CSR Committee comprises of 3 Directors, out of which 1 is Independent Director. It oversees implementation and execution of CSR Policy and provides guidance on various CSR activities to be undertaken by the Company. The scope of the activities of CSR Committee is in compliance with Section 135 read with Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013, which includes

- Formulate and monitor the CSR policy of the Company;
- To recommend the Board about the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the various CSR activities;
- Reviewing of the CSR activities undertaken during the year.

During the financial year 2019 - 20, 4 [Four] meetings of the CSR Committee were held on May 16, 2019, August 13, 2019, November 13, 2019 and February 13, 2020. Company Secretary of the Company acted as a Secretary of the Committee. The composition of the CSR Committee and details of the meetings attended by the Directors during the year 2019 - 20 are given below:

Name of the Member	Status	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Nirajkumar More	Chairman	4	4
Mr. Tarun Kumar Govil	Member	4	4
Mr. Vinod Haritwal	Member	4	4

5. MATERIALLY SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

There were no transactions of material nature other than reported under related party disclosures that have been entered into by the Company with the Promoters, Directors, their Relatives and any Company in which they are interested, that may have potential conflict with the interest of the Company. All transactions with related parties are in the ordinary course of business and on arms length basis. A comprehensive list of Related Party Transactions as required under Ind AS is given in 'Note No. 33 (O)' of the Accounts in the Annual Report. The policy for Related Party Transactions has been uploaded on the Company's website : www.growel.com

6. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

The last Three Annual General Meetings were held as under:

Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Date and Time	September 5, 2019 at 3.00 pm	August 30, 2018 at 3.00 pm	September 25, 2017 at 3.00 pm
Venue	Growel's 101 Mall, Akurli Road, Kandivli (East), Mumbai – 400101	Growel's 101 Mall, Akurli Road, Kandivli (East), Mumbai – 400101	Growel's 101 Mall, Akurli Road, Kandivli (East), Mumbai – 400101
Any Special Resolution passed	Yes	Yes	Yes
Any Special Resolution passed through Postal Ballot	No	No	No

7. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION:

- Quarterly Results are published in prominent daily newspapers viz. Business Standard and Mumbai Tarun Bharat.
- All items required to be covered in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report has been included in the **Annexure 'A'** to the Director's Report.
- The Company has its own website and all the vital information relating to the Company and its products are displayed on the website. Address of the website is www.growel.com

8. DISCLOSURES:

- Details on the use of proceeds from public issues, right issues and preferential issues etc.:
No funds have been raised through issue of equity or debt in the form of public or rights or preferential issues during the year under review.
- Details of non-compliances, penalties etc. imposed on the Company by SEBI or Stock Exchange or any other Statutory Authority on any matter related to Capital Market, during the last Three Years.
- The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy and has established the necessary Vigil Mechanism as defined under Regulation 22 of SEBI Listing Regulations for Directors and Employees to report concerns about unethical behaviour. No person has been denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.
- Board of Directors has laid down Code of Conduct setting forth standards to be followed by the Directors and senior management. All the Directors and senior management have affirmed compliance with the Code of conduct and a declaration to that effect signed by the CEO and Managing Director is annexed to this report.
- Based on the recent amendments in the SEBI (Prevention of Insider Trading Regulations), 2015, the Company has revised the "Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading" of the Company. Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer for the purpose of this code. During the year, there has been due compliance with the code by the Company and from all insiders and requisite disclosures were made to the Stock Exchanges from time to time.
- There were no instances where the Board had not accepted any recommendation of any committee during the financial year.
- CEO and CFO of the Company have certified to the Board with regard to the compliance made by them in terms of Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations [Part B of Schedule II]. The CEO and CFO also gives quarterly certification on financial results while placing the financial results before the Board in terms of Regulation 33(2) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

8. Total fees for all services paid by the listed entity and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm / network entity of which the Statutory Auditor is a part is mentioned in Notes to Accounts.
9. The Company has complied and disclosed all the mandatory corporate governance requirements under Regulation 17 to 27 and Regulation 46(2) under SEBI Listing Regulations.
10. Disclosures have also been received from the senior management relating to the financial and commercial transactions in which they or their relatives may have a personal interest. There were no such transactions during the financial year 2019 - 20 having potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large.
11. The Company is in compliance with the disclosures required to be made under this report in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read together with Schedule V(C) to the SEBI Listing Regulations.
12. Company complies with following non mandatory requirements of Regulation 27(1) specified in Part E of Schedule II of the SEBI Listing Regulation:
 - i. Company has appointed separate persons to the post of Chairman and Managing Director.
 - ii. Internal Auditors reports to the Audit Committee.
 - iii. The financial statements are with unmodified audit opinion.
13. The Company is in compliance with the disclosures required to be made under this report in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read together with Schedule V(C) to the SEBI Listing Regulations.
14. Certificate has been received from a Company secretary in practice stating that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Board / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority and forms part of this Report.
15. Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 are provided in the Director's Report.

9. GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION:

1. **ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING** : 62nd Annual General Meeting.
DAY & DATE : Tuesday, September 29, 2020
TIME : 3.00 pm
VENUE : Growel's 101 Mall, Akurli Road, Kandivli (East), Mumbai – 400101.

2. **FINANCIAL YEAR** : The Company follows April 1 to March 31 as the financial year.

3. FINANCIAL CALENDAR:

- * Financial reporting for the Quarter ended June 30, 2020 : by September 15, 2020.
(as per SEBI circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD I/CIR/P/2020/140 dated July 29, 2020)
- * Financial reporting for the Quarter ended Sept. 30, 2020 : by November 14, 2020.
- * Financial reporting for the Quarter ended Dec. 31, 2020 : by February 14, 2021.
- * Financial reporting for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2021 : by May 30, 2021.

4. **DATES OF BOOK CLOSURE** : NA

5. **RECORD DATE FOR PAYMENT OF DIVIDEND** : NA

6. SHARE TRANSFER SYSTEM:

The Company's Shares being in compulsory Dematerialized (Demat) list are transferable through the Depository System. As per Regulation 40 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended, securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities.

Shares in physical mode are processed by the Registrar and Transfer Agent [RTA]. The RTA has been authorized to process, approve and effect transfer of shares on behalf of the Company at fortnightly intervals.

7. REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT:

The Company has appointed the below mentioned agency as Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) for both physical and demat segment of Equity Shares of the Company :

M/s LINKINTIME INDIA PVT. LTD.

[Unit: Grauer & Weil (India) Limited]

C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400083

Phones : (022) 49186270 ; Fax : (022) 49186060

e-mail : rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in ; URL: www.linkintime.co.in

8. COMPLIANCE OFFICER:

Mr. Chintan K. Gandhi

9. ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE:

Share Department:

GRAUER & WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED

Growel Corporate, Akurli Road, Kandivli [East], Mumbai - 400101.

CIN No. : L74999MH1957PLC010975

Tel. : (022) 6699 3000 ; Fax: (022) 6699 3010

e-mail : secretarial@growel.com

10. LISTING:

BSE Limited.

Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001.

Tel. : (022) 2272 1234. Fax: (022) 2272 1919.

The Company is regular in payment of listing fees.

11. STOCK CODE OF THE COMPANY:

BSE Limited

Scrip Name: GRAUER & WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED

Scrip Code: 505710.

Electronic Mode (ISIN) : INE266D01021

12. DEPOSITORY CONNECTIVITY: NSDL and CDSL

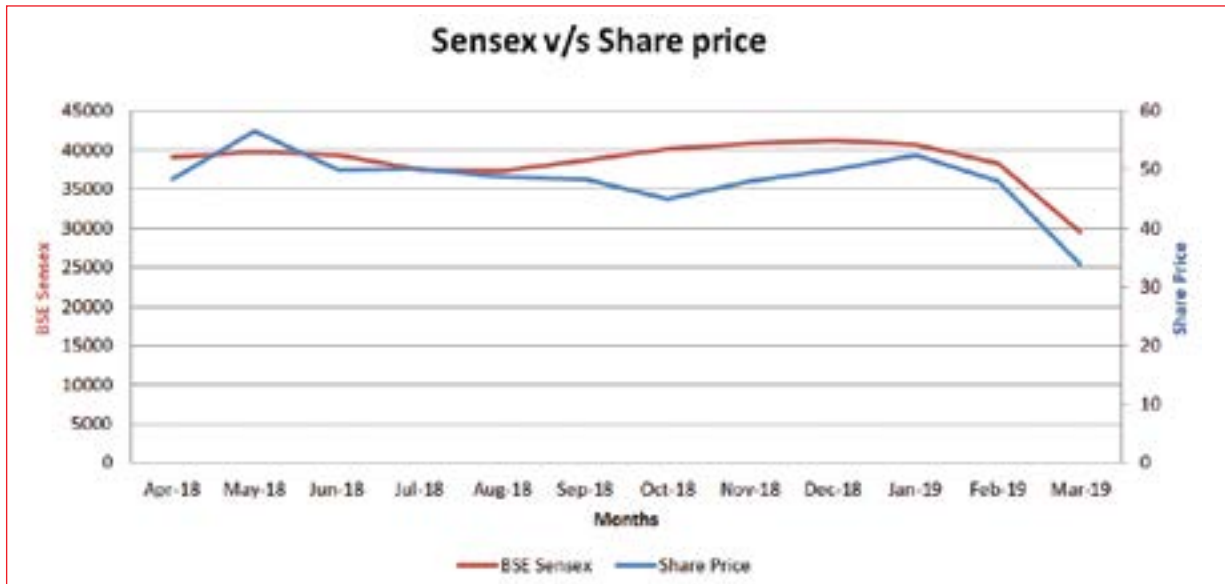
13. DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES:

As on March 31, 2020, a total of 22,34,36,150 Shares representing 98.56% of the paid up share capital of the Company were held in Dematerialized form with NSDL and CDSL. Member can hold shares in electronic forms and trade the same in Depository System. However, they may hold the same in physical form also.

14. STOCK PRICE DATA:

Stock Market price data for the year of Company's Share:

Month	High Price (Rs.)	Low Price (Rs.)	Closing Price (Rs.)	BSE Sensex (Closing)	No. of Shares
April, 2019	52.00	48.00	48.45	39031.55	11,09,240
May, 2019	58.00	46.25	56.5	39714.20	15,22,708
June, 2019	56.80	49.25	49.90	39394.64	19,30,144
July, 2019	51.00	47.00	50.15	37481.12	42,37,118
August, 2019	50.80	47.65	48.65	37332.79	11,84,325
September, 2019	51.40	44.05	48.45	38667.33	10,97,866
October, 2019	48.45	38.00	45.00	40129.05	12,10,863
November, 2019	49.00	42.35	48.00	40793.81	7,71,068
December, 2019	50.25	47.00	49.90	41253.74	9,86,205
January, 2020	62.90	48.50	52.45	40723.49	51,54,749
February, 2020	60.90	46.20	48.05	38297.29	27,74,557
March, 2020	50.50	27.50	33.85	29468.49	22,78,675

15. PERFORMANCE OF SHARES OF THE COMPANY PRICE IN COMPARISON TO BSE SENSEX:**16. SHAREHOLDING PATTERN AS ON MARCH 31, 2020:**

Category	No. of shares held	% of shareholding
Promoters / Directors & Associates	15,82,43,097	69.8012
Mutual Funds & UTI	20,120	0.0089
Banks & Financial Institutions	19,551	0.0086
Private Body Corporate	85,29,882	3.7625
Indian Public/Others	5,59,88,717	24.6966
NRI/OCBs/Foreign Portfolio Investors	39,04,383	1.7222
Total	22,67,05,750	100.0000

17. DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDING AS ON MARCH 31, 2020:

No. of Equity Shares held	No. of Shareholders	% of Total Shareholders	No. of Shares held	% of Equity Share Capital
Upto 500	14,899	59.9968	28,28,180	1.2476
501 - 1000	3,417	13.7599	29,24,586	1.2900
1001 - 2000	2,149	8.6538	34,17,979	1.5077
2001 - 3000	1,023	4.1195	26,81,346	1.1827
3001 - 4000	681	2.7423	24,74,977	1.0917
4001 - 5000	521	2.0980	24,77,916	1.0930
5001 - 10000	1,018	4.0994	75,91,995	3.3488
10001 & above	1,125	4.5303	20,23,08,771	89.2385
Total	24,833	100.0000	22,67,05,750	100.0000

18. PLANT LOCATIONS:

- Plot No. 10, Survey No. 215/1, Dadra Industrial Estate, Dadra - 396 193. [Dadra & Nagar Haveli - U.T.]
- Plot No. 7, Survey No. 216/3, Dadra Industrial Estate, Dadra - 396 193. [Dadra & Nagar Haveli - U.T.]
- Survey No. 216/4, Dadra Industrial Estate, Dadra - 396 193. [Dadra & Nagar Haveli - U.T.]
- Survey No. 259/22/2 & Survey No. 259/23/1, Dadra Industrial Estate, Dadra - 396 193. [Dadra & Nagar Haveli - U.T.]
- Plot No. 407, Phase II, G.I.D.C., Vapi - 396 195 (Gujarat)



Grauer & Weil (India) Limited

- f. Plot No. 31 & 32, Industrial Estate, Barotiwala - 174 103. [H. P.]
- g. Gat No.66/A, Village - Dhanore, Alandi - Markal Road, Near ZP School, Taluka - Khed, Pune – 412105 (Maharashtra)
- h. SIDCO Industrial Complex, Phase II, Samba. [J & K]

19. **MALL:** Growel's 101, Akurli Road, Kandivli – East, Mumbai – 400101.

20. COMPLIANCE:

A certificate has been obtained from the Statutory Auditors of the Company regarding compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance and is attached to this report.

21. COMMODITY PRICE RISK OR FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES:

Company mainly consumes various chemicals, varnishes, solvents, pigments and resins which are the major raw materials, where commodity price risk may arise. Company develops on an ongoing basis, alternate supply sources for key products to protect itself from any price risk due to overdependence on single supplier. Most of these materials are sourced from the domestic market and therefore do not have significant foreign exchange fluctuation risks.

Currency risks mainly arise out of imports, exports and overseas operations. The Company has defined Exchange Risk Management framework to manage these risks. The Company hedges its foreign exchange risk exposure by way of forward exchange contracts as per the decision of Management from time to time. As a Company policy, Company does not hedge its exports. The export proceeds are kept in EEFC A/c, to utilize against payments of advances towards import. Surplus in the EEFC A/c are converted into rupees as per RBI guidelines. All our Imports are generally hedged.

22. TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND AND SHARES TO IEPF:

During the financial year 2019 - 20, unclaimed dividend amounting to Rs. 6,10,780.40 lying in the unclaimed dividend account relating to the financial year 2011-12 was transferred to Investor Education & Protection Fund (IEPF) in compliance with Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013. Further during the financial year 2019 - 20, a total of 1,44,704 shares, in respect of which dividend were unclaimed for seven consecutive years, have been transferred to IEPF in accordance with the provisions of Section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 of Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016.

Registered Office:

Growel Corporate,
Akurli Road, Kandivli [East],
Mumbai - 400 101

**For & on behalf of the Board of
Grauer & Weil (India) Limited**

Date : July 29, 2020

Nirajkumar More
Managing Director
DIN : 00113191

Vinod Haritwal
CEO & Whole-time Director
DIN : 00112862

DECLARATION

In accordance with Regulation 26(3) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation & Disclosure requirement) Regulations, 2015, we hereby confirm that all the Executives Directors and the Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with their respective Codes of Conduct, as applicable to them, for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Registered Office:

Growel Corporate,
Akurli Road, Kandivli [East],
Mumbai - 400 101

**For & on behalf of the Board of
Grauer & Weil (India) Limited**

Date : July 29, 2020

Nirajkumar More
Managing Director
DIN : 00113191

Vinod Haritwal
CEO & Whole-time Director
DIN : 00112862

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To the Members of Grauer & Weil (India) Limited

1. We, SCA AND ASSOCIATES, Chartered Accountants, the Statutory Auditors of Grauer & Weil (India) Limited ("the Company"), have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by the Company, for the year ended March 31, 2020, as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and Clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and paras C and D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the Listing Regulations).

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY

2. The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance stipulated in the Listing Regulations.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

3. Our responsibility is limited to examining the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
4. We have examined the books of account and other relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purposes of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements by the Company.
5. We have carried out an examination of the relevant records of the Company in accordance with the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance issued by the Institute of the Chartered Accountants of India (the ICAI), the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, in so far as applicable for the purpose of this certificate and as per the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes (Revised 2016) issued by the ICAI which requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
6. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

OPINION

7. Based on our examination of the relevant records and according to the information and explanations provided to us and the representations provided by the Management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and Clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and paras C and D of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations during the year ended March 31, 2020.
8. We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

Kiron Mallapur

Partner
Membership No. 036336
UDIN: 20036336AAAAJ3987

Place: Mumbai
Date: July 29, 2020

ANNEXURE 'C' : TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) ACTIVITIES

1. **A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programmes proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programmes.**

CSR Policy :

Our aim is to contribute for the overall social - economic development of the communities in which we operate and thereby improving the overall lifestyles of the society as a whole. The CSR Policy of the Company is available on following link:

Web Link: <https://growel.com/subpage/Policy>

2. **Composition of CSR committee**

Mr. Nirajkumar More – Chairman

Mr. Tarun Kumar Govil – Member

Mr. Vinod Haritwal – Member

3. **Average net profit of the Company for last Three Financial Years:**

Average Net Profit: Rs. 8578.23 Lacs

4. **Prescribed CSR Expenditure (Two percent of the amount referred in item 3 above)**

The Company is required to spend Rs. 171.56 Lacs

5. **Details of CSR spend for the Financial Year :**

a) Total amount spent for the financial year : Rs. 82.87 Lacs

b) Amount unspent if any : Rs. 88.69 Lacs

c) Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year is detailed below:

Rupees in Lacs

Sl. No.	CSR project activity	Sector in which the project is covered	Projects or programs (1) local area or other (2) specify the state and District where projects or programs was undertaken	Amount Outlay (budget) project or programs wise	Amount spent on the projects or programs subheads : (1) Direct expenditure on projects or programs (2) over heads	Cumulative expenditure up to the reporting period	Amount spent Direct or through implementing agency
1.	Healthcare, Sanitation and eradicating Hunger and Poverty	Healthcare	Dadra – UT of D & NH; Mumbai –MH; Vapi	37.13	37.13	37.13	37.13
2.	Education	Promoting Education	Dadra – UT of D & NH; Mumbai – MH; Vapi	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01
3.	Gardening and environmental sustainability	Ensuring environmental sustainability and Ecological Balance	Dadra – UT of D & NH; Barotiwala – HP; Mumbai – MH	38.53	38.53	38.53	38.53
4.	Assist to socially and economically backward group	Reducing inequalities of Socially and economically backward group	Dadra – UT of D & NH	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60
5.	Promoting art and culture	Promoting art and culture	Mumbai – MH	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60

We hereby declare that the implementation and monitoring of CSR policy is in compliance with CSR objectives and policy of the Company.

Nirajkumar More
Chairman of CSR Committee

ANNEXURE 'D' : TO DIRECTORS' REPORT
FORM NO. MGT 9 - EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

I. REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:

1.	CIN	L74999MH1957PLC010975
2.	Registration Date	25-11-1957
3.	Name of the Company	Grauer & Weil (India) Limited
4.	Category / Sub-category of the company	Public Company Limited by Shares
5.	Address of the Registered Office & Contact Details	Growel Corporate, Akurli Road, Kandivli – East, Mumbai - 400101 Contact No. : (022) 66993000; Fax No. : (022) 66993010
6.	Whether Listed Company	Yes
7.	Name, Address & Contact Details of the Registrar & Transfer Agent, if any.	M/s LINK INTIME INDIA PVT. LTD. (CIN : U67190MH1999PTCI18368) C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400 083. Phone : (022) 49186270 ; Fax: (022) 49186060 e-mail: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in ; URL: www.linkintime.co.in

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY: (All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated)

Sl. No.	Name and Description of main Products / Services	NIC Code of the Product/ Service	% to Total Turnover of the Company
1	Basic, Electroplating and Intermediatory Chemicals	2011	53.03%
2	Paints, Enamels, Varnishes and Oil Bound Distempers	2022	31.38%

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

Sl. No.	Name and Address of the Company	CIN / GLN	Holding / Subsidiary / Associate	% of Shares held	Applicable Section
1	Grauer & Weil (Shanghai) Limited 2 nd Floor, Multi Functional Building No. 203, Fute (N) Road, Free Trade Zone, Waigaoqiao, Shanghai – 200131, China	NA	Subsidiary	100	2(87)(ii)
2	Growel Chemicals Co. Limited 850/17, TR Home Office, Ladkrabang Road, Khwang / Khet – Ladkrabang, Bangkok – 10520, Thailand.	NA	Subsidiary	100	2(87)(ii)
3	Grauer & Weil (UK) Limited 50 Seymour Street, London, W1H 7JG	NA	Subsidiary	100	2(87)(ii)
4	Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited 140/12 Moo 12 Soi Kingkaew 9/1, Kingkaew Road, T. Rachatheva, A. Bangphlee, Samutprakarn 10540, Thailand	NA	Associate	48.99	2(6)
5	Growel Sidasa Industries Private Limited Growel House, Akurli Road, Kandivli (East), Mumbai - 400 101	U24100MH2005PTCI52475	Associate	49.80	2(6)
6	Grauer & Weil Engineering Private Limited (Previously known as Growel Goema (India) Private Limited) Growel House, Akurli Road, Kandivli (East), Mumbai - 400 101	U99999MH1996PTCI00431	Associate	29.99%	2(6)

IV. Shareholding Pattern [Equity Share Capital breakup as percentage of total Equity]

A) Category-wise Share Holding :

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year [as on 01-04-2019]				No. of Shares held at the end of the year [as on 31-03-2020]				% change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual / HUF	6,62,42,339	0	6,62,42,339	29.2195	6,62,42,339	0	6,62,42,339	29.2195	0.0000
b) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
c) State Govt.(s)	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
d) Bodies Corporate	8,89,81,550	0	8,89,81,550	39.2498	8,90,51,693	0	8,90,51,693	39.2807	0.0309
e) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
f) Any other	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
Persons acting in concert	11,77,500	0	11,77,500	0.5194	12,03,000	0	12,03,000	0.5306	0.0112
Sub Total (A)(1):-	15,64,01,389	0	15,64,01,389	68.9887	15,64,97,032	0	15,64,97,032	69.0309	0.0422
(2) Foreign						0			
a) NRIs - Individuals	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
b) Other - Individuals	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
c) Bodies Corporate	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
d) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
e) Any other	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
Sub Total (A)(2):-	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
Total shareholding of Promoters (A)=(A)(1) + (A)(2)	15,64,01,389	0	15,64,01,389	68.9887	15,64,97,032	0	15,64,97,032	69.0309	0.0422
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	8,870	11,250	20,120	0.0089	8,870	11,250	20,120	0.0089	0.0000
b) Banks / FI	9,250	10,250	19,500	0.0086	9,301	10,250	19,551	0.0086	0.0000
c) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
d) State Govt.(s)	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
e) Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
f) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
g) FIs	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
i) Foreign Portfolio Investor	0	0	0	0.0000	1,67,991	0	1,67,991	0.0741	0.0741
j) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
Sub Total (B)(1):-	18,120	21,500	39,620	0.0175	1,86,162	21,500	2,07,662	0.0916	0.0741
2. Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corporate									
i) Indian	1,21,08,353	4,870	1,21,13,223	5.3431	85,25,012	4,870	85,29,882	3.7625	-1.5806
ii) Overseas	0	8,750	8,750	0.0039	0	8,750	8,750	0.0039	0.0000
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 Lacs	3,94,62,351	37,24,730	4,31,87,081	19.0498	4,04,97,434	32,34,480	4,37,31,914	19.2902	0.2403
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 1 Lacs	69,22,863	0	69,22,863	3.0537	83,46,272	0	83,46,272	3.6815	0.6279
c) Others									
i) IEPF	19,27,989	0	19,27,989	0.8504	20,72,693	0	20,72,693	0.9143	0.0638

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year [as on 01-04-2019]				No. of Shares held at the end of the year [as on 31-03-2020]				% change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
ii) Directors / Relatives	17,42,265	0	17,42,265	0.7685	17,46,065	0	17,46,065	0.7702	0.0017
iii) Non Resident Indians	23,17,585	0	23,17,585	1.0223	37,13,467	0	37,13,467	1.6380	0.6157
iv) Foreign Nationals	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
v) Clearing Members	1,83,935	0	1,83,935	0.0811	1,37,272	0	1,37,272	0.0606	-0.0206
vi) Trusts	7,360	0	7,360	0.0032	12,616	0	12,616	0.0056	0.0023
vii) Hindu Undivided Family	18,43,180	0	18,43,180	0.8130	16,87,950	0	16,87,950	0.7446	-0.0685
viii) Foreign Portfolio Investor (Individual)	3,000	0	3,000	0.0013	14,175	0	14,175	0.0063	0.0049
xi) NBFCs registered with RBI	7,510	0	7,510	0.0033	0	0	0	0.0000	-0.0033
Sub Total (B)(2):-	6,65,26,391	37,38,350	7,02,64,741	30.9938	6,67,52,956	32,48,100	7,00,01,056	30.8775	-0.1163
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1) + (B)(2)	6,65,44,511	37,59,850	7,03,04,361	31.0113	6,69,39,118	32,69,600	7,02,08,718	30.9691	-0.0422
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
Grand Total (A+B+C)	22,29,45,900	37,59,850	22,67,05,750	100.0000	22,34,36,150	32,69,600	22,67,05,750	100.0000	0.0000

B) Shareholding of Promoter :

Sl. No.	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year (01-04-2019)			Shareholding at the end of the year (31-03-2020)			% change in shareholding during the year
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	
1	Poona Bottling Company Pvt. Ltd.	4,25,00,050	18.7468	0	4,28,66,573	18.9085	0	0.1617
2	Ridhi Sidhi Ltd.	3,23,59,000	14.2736	0	3,23,59,000	14.2736	0	0.0000
3	Umeshkumar More	2,28,05,999	10.0597	0	2,28,05,999	10.0597	0	0.0000
4	Nirajkumar More	1,78,52,106	7.8746	0	1,78,52,106	7.8746	0	0.0000
5	Premalata More	1,27,24,455	5.6128	0	1,27,24,455	5.6128	0	0.0000
6	Growel Projects LLP	1,25,58,000	5.5393	0	1,25,58,000	5.5393	0	0.0000
7	Yash More	48,35,620	2.1330	0	48,35,620	2.1330	0	0.0000
8	Aman More	46,54,500	2.0531	0	46,54,500	2.0531	0	0.0000
9	Pallavi More	31,49,409	1.3892	0	31,49,409	1.3892	0	0.0000
10	Radhakishan Nandlal LLP	10,88,120	0.4800	0	10,88,120	0.4800	0	0.0000
11	Shivani Rajgarhia	6,95,000	0.3066	0	7,20,500	0.3178	0	0.0112
12	Manisha Dujodwala	4,82,500	0.2128	0	4,82,500	0.2128	0	0.0000
13	Waluj Beverages LLP	2,96,380	0.1307	0	0	0.0000	0	-0.1307
14	Bubna More & Co. LLP	1,80,000	0.0794	0	1,80,000	0.0794	0	0.0000
15	Nirajkumar More HUF	1,73,650	0.0766	0	1,73,650	0.0766	0	0.0000
16	Rameshkumar Radhakishan More	21,600	0.0095	0	21,600	0.0095	0	0.0000
17	Vinod Haritwal	25,000	0.0110	0	25,000	0.0110	0	0.0000
		15,64,01,389	68.9887	0	15,64,97,032	69.0309	0	0.0422

C) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change) :

Sl. No.	Particulars	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
1.	At the beginning of the year	15,64,01,389	68.9887		
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment /transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc.):	95,643	0.0422	#	
	At the end of the year	15,64,97,032	69.0309		

Cumulative Shareholding are as follows :

Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

Sl. No.	Name	Shareholding		Date	Increase/ Decrease in shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (01/04/2019 to 31/03/2020)	
		No. of Shares at the beginning (01-04-2019) / end of the year (31-03-2020)	% of total shares of the Company				No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
1	Poona Bottling Company Pvt. Ltd.	4,25,00,050	18.7468	01-04-2019				
				20-09-2019	2,96,380	Purchase	4,27,96,430	18.8775
				27-03-2020	70,143	Purchase	4,28,66,573	18.9085
		4,28,66,573	18.9085	31-03-2020				
2	Shivani Rajgarhia	6,95,000	0.3066	01-04-2019				
				01-11-2019	25,500	Purchase	7,20,500	0.3178
		7,20,500	0.3178	31-03-2020				
3	Waluj Beverages LLP	2,96,380	0.1307	01-04-2019				
				13-09-2019	-2,96,380	Sell	0	0.0000
		0	0.0000	31-03-2020				

Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders : (Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sl. No.	Name	Shareholding		Date	Increase/ Decrease in shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (01-04-2019 to 31-03-2020)	
		No. of Shares at the beginning (01-04-2019) / end of the year (31-03-2020)	% of total shares of the Company				No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
1	Investor Education And Protection Fund Authority [Ministry of Corporate Affairs]	19,27,989	0.8504	01-04-2019				
				06-12-2019	1,44,704	Transfer	20,72,693	0.9143
		20,72,693	0.9143	31-03-2020				
2	Ramkumar Morarka & Sons Pvt. Ltd.	20,25,000	0.8932	01-04-2019				
				NA	-	NA	20,25,000	0.8932
		20,25,000	0.8932	31-03-2020				
3	Suresh R. Pareek	17,31,965	0.7640	01-04-2019				
				NA	-	NA	17,31,965	0.7640
		17,31,965	0.7640	31-03-2020				

Sl. No.	Name	Shareholding		Date	Increase/ Decrease in shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (01-04-2019 to 31-03-2020)	
		No. of Shares at the beginning (01-04-2019) / end of the year (31-03-2020)	% of total shares of the Company				No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
4	Integrated investment Management Services LLP	9,85,000	0.4345	01-04-2019				
				05-04-2019	73,495	Purchase	10,58,495	0.4669
				12-04-2019	55,292	Purchase	11,13,787	0.4913
				19-04-2019	74,713	Purchase	11,88,500	0.5242
				26-04-2019	54,161	Purchase	12,42,661	0.5481
				10-05-2019	82,339	Purchase	13,25,000	0.5845
				17-05-2019	28,498	Purchase	13,53,498	0.5970
				24-05-2019	28,625	Purchase	13,82,123	0.6097
				31-05-2019	31,905	Purchase	14,14,028	0.6237
				07-06-2019	972	Purchase	14,15,000	0.6242
				21-06-2019	1,000	Purchase	14,16,000	0.6246
				29-06-2019	6,577	Purchase	14,22,577	0.6275
				05-07-2019	27,423	Purchase	14,50,000	0.6396
				12-07-2019	3,000	Purchase	14,53,000	0.6409
				19-07-2019	12,000	Purchase	14,65,000	0.6462
				26-07-2019	10,000	Purchase	14,75,000	0.6506
				02-08-2019	5,000	Purchase	14,80,000	0.6528
				09-08-2019	12,000	Purchase	14,92,000	0.6581
				16-08-2019	3,821	Purchase	14,95,821	0.6598
				23-08-2019	4,179	Purchase	15,00,000	0.6617
				30-08-2019	3,000	Purchase	15,03,000	0.6630
				06-09-2019	100	Purchase	15,03,100	0.6630
				13-09-2019	1,900	Purchase	15,05,000	0.6639
				20-09-2019	6,946	Purchase	15,11,946	0.6669
				27-09-2019	3,054	Purchase	15,15,000	0.6683
				11-10-2019	15,000	Purchase	15,30,000	0.6749
				18-10-2019	10,000	Purchase	15,40,000	0.6793
				10-01-2020	(4,000)	Sell	15,36,000	0.6775
				17-01-2020	2,000	Purchase	15,38,000	0.6784
				24-01-2020	10,000	Purchase	15,48,000	0.6828
				31-01-2020	2,000	Purchase	15,50,000	0.6837
				07-02-2020	400	Purchase	15,50,400	0.6839
				21-02-2020	5,434	Purchase	15,55,834	0.6863
				28-02-2020	166	Purchase	15,56,000	0.6864
				06-03-2020	9,000	Purchase	15,65,000	0.6903
				13-03-2020	29,000	Purchase	15,94,000	0.7031
				20-03-2020	2,000	Purchase	15,96,000	0.7040
				27-03-2020	17,000	Purchase	16,13,000	0.7115
		16,13,000	0.7115	31-03-2020				

Sl. No.	Name	Shareholding		Date	Increase/ Decrease in shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (01-04-2019 to 31-03-2020)	
		No. of Shares at the beginning (01-04-2019) / end of the year (31-03-2020)	% of total shares of the Company				No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
5	Meenakshi Mercantiles Ltd.	3,00,000	0.1323	01-04-2019				
				10-05-2019	55,404	Purchase	3,55,404	0.1568
				29-06-2019	44,596	Purchase	4,00,000	0.1764
				21-02-2020	50,000	Purchase	4,50,000	0.1985
				06-03-2020	1,00,000	Purchase	5,50,000	0.2426
				13-03-2020	1,06,202	Purchase	6,56,202	0.2895
				20-03-2020	1,76,498	Purchase	8,32,700	0.3673
		8,32,700	0.3673	31-03-2020				
6	Miten Mehta	0	0.0000	01-04-2019				
				12-07-2019	2,50,000	Purchase	2,50,000	0.1103
				19-07-2019	2,50,000	Purchase	5,00,000	0.2206
				27-03-2020	2,00,000	Purchase	7,00,000	0.3088
				31-03-2020	50,000	Purchase	7,50,000	0.3308
		7,50,000	0.3308	31-03-2020				
7	Anvil Fintrade Pvt. Ltd.	5,00,000	0.2206	01-04-2019				
				NA	-	NA	5,00,000	0.2206
		5,00,000	0.2206	31-03-2020				
8	Smita Sachidanand Das	0	0.0000	01-04-2019				
				19-07-2019	1,90,482	Purchase	1,90,482	0.0840
				02-08-2019	19,518	Purchase	2,10,000	0.0926
				13-09-2019	19,952	Purchase	2,29,952	0.1014
				20-09-2019	15,074	Purchase	2,45,026	0.1081
				27-09-2019	4,974	Purchase	2,50,000	0.1103
				14-02-2020	50,000	Purchase	3,00,000	0.1323
				21-02-2020	1,00,000	Purchase	4,00,000	0.1764
		4,00,000	0.1764	31-03-2020				
9	Maharshi Commerce Limited	3,59,100	0.1584	01-04-2019				
				06-12-2019	18,062	Purchase	3,77,162	0.1664
		3,77,162	0.1664	31-03-2020				
10	Vivek Saraogi	1,43,250	0.0632	01-04-2019				
				10-05-2019	19,949	Purchase	1,63,199	0.0720
				17-05-2019	11,801	Purchase	1,75,000	0.0772
				24-05-2019	18,419	Purchase	1,93,419	0.0853
				29-06-2019	6,581	Purchase	2,00,000	0.0882
				23-08-2019	1,34,922	Purchase	3,34,922	0.1477
				01-11-2019	5,078	Purchase	3,40,000	0.1500
				27-12-2019	25,000	Purchase	3,65,000	0.1610
		3,65,000	0.1610	31-03-2020				
11	B N Nagamani	3,15,747	0.1393	01-04-2019				
				NA		NA	3,15,747	0.1393
		3,15,747	0.1393	31-03-2020				

Sl. No.	Name	Shareholding		Date	Increase/ Decrease in shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (01-04-2019 to 31-03-2020)	
		No. of Shares at the beginning (01-04-2019) / end of the year (31-03-2020)	% of total shares of the Company				No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
12	Gannon Dunkerley and Co. Limited	42,00,750	1.8530	01-04-2019				
				29-06-2019	(15,00,000)	sell	27,00,750	1.1913
				12-07-2019	(16,50,000)	sell	10,50,750	0.4635
				19-07-2019	(10,50,750)	sell	0	0.0000
		0	0.0000	31-03-2020				
13	Kamal M. Morarka	8,80,500	0.3884	01-04-2019				
				27-12-2019	(2,00,000)	sell	6,80,500	0.3002
				10-01-2020	(4,00,000)	sell	2,80,500	0.1237
				14-02-2020	(2,80,500)	sell	0	0.0000
		0	0.0000	31-03-2020				
14	M.R. Holdings Ltd.	4,12,500	0.1820	01-04-2019				
				31-01-2020	(2,00,000)	sell	2,12,500	0.0937
				14-02-2020	(2,12,500)	sell	0	0.0000
		0	0.0000	31-03-2020				

E) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sl. No.	Name	Shareholding		Date	Increase/ Decrease in shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (01-04-2019 to 31-03-2020)	
		No. of Shares at the beginning (01-04-2019) / end of the year (31-03-2020)	% of total shares of the Company				No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
1	Umeshkumar More (Executive Chairman)	2,28,05,999	10.0597	01-04-2019				
				NA	0	NA	2,28,05,999	10.0597
		2,28,05,999	10.0597	31-03-2020				
2	Nirajkumar More (Managing Director)	1,78,52,106	7.8746	01-04-2019				
				NA	0	NA	1,78,52,106	7.8746
		1,78,52,106	7.8746	31-03-2020				
3	Rohit More (Whole-time Director)	9,300	0.0041	01-04-2019				
				NA	0	NA	9,300	0.0041
		9,300	0.0041	31-03-2020				
4	Vinod Haritwal (CEO & Whole-time Director)	25,000	0.0110	01-04-2019				
				NA	0	NA	25,000	0.0110
		25,000	0.0110	31-03-2020				
5	Suresh Pareek (Independent Director)	17,31,965	0.7640	01-04-2019				
				NA	0	NA	17,31,965	0.7640
		17,31,965	0.7640	31-03-2020				
7	Tarun Kumar Govil (Independent Director)	2,500	0.0011	01-04-2019				
				NA	0	NA	2,500	0.0011
		2,500	0.0011	31-03-2020				

Sl. No.	Name	Shareholding		Date	Increase/ Decrease in shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (01-04-2019 to 31-03-2020)	
		No. of Shares at the beginning (01-04-2019) / end of the year (31-03-2020)	% of total shares of the Company				No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
8	Yogesh Ramchand Samat (Independent Director)	5,500	0.0024	01-04-2019				
				NA	0	NA	5,500	0.0024
		5,500	0.0024	31-03-2020				
9	Aarti Shah (Independent Director)	2,300	0.0010	01-04-2019				
				NA	0	NA	2,300	0.0010
		2,300	0.0010	31-03-2020				
10	Gurinder Gulati (CFO)	0	0.0000	01-04-2019				
				NA	0	NA	0	0.0000
		0	0.0000	31-03-2020				
12	Chintan K. Gandhi	0	0.0000	01-04-2019				
				NA	0	NA	0	0.0000
		0	0.0000	31-03-2020				

V. INDEBTEDNESS - Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding / accrued but not due for payment.

Rupees in Lacs

	Secured Loans excluding Deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	1,564.41	547.00	-	2,111.41
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	1,564.41	547.00	-	2,111.41
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
* Addition		-	-	-
* Reduction	188.09	-	-	188.09
Net Change	(188.09)	-	-	(188.09)
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	1,376.32	547.00	-	1,923.32
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	1,376.32	547.00	-	1,923.32

VI. A) Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

Rupees in Lacs

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD / WTD / Manager				Total Amount
		Umeshkumar More - Executive Chairman	Nirajkumar More - Managing Director	Vinod Haritwal - CEO & Whole-time Director	Rohitkumar More - Whole-time Director	
1	Gross salary					
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	78.76	98.29	139.42	36.87	353.34
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income Tax Act, 1961	10.84	5.06	0.40	4.36	20.66
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	-
2	Stock Option	-	-	-	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-	-
4	Commission					
	- as % of profit	-	68.77	50.40	-	119.17
	- other specify	-	-	-	-	-
5	Others, please specify	-				
	Total (A)	89.60	172.12	190.22	41.23	493.17
	Ceiling as per the Act	Rs. 961.07 Lacs (being 10% of the net profits of the Company calculated as per Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013)				

B) Remuneration to other Directors

Rupees in Lacs

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Independent Directors				Total Amount
		Suresh Pareek	Tarun Kumar Govil	Yogesh Samat	Aarti Shah	
1	Independent Directors					
	Fee for attending Board / Committee Meetings	1.75	1.60	1.20	1.00	5.55
	Commission	4.40	4.40	4.40	3.00	16.20
	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (1)	6.15	6.00	5.60	4.00	21.75
2	Other Non-Executive Directors					
	Fee for attending Board / Committee Meetings	-	-	-	-	-
	Commission	-	-	-	-	-
	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (2)	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (B) = (1 + 2)	6.15	6.00	5.6	4	21.75
	Total Managerial Remuneration					514.92
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act	Rs. 1,057.18 Lacs (being 11% of the net profits of the Company calculated as per Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013)				

C) REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD / MANAGER / WTD

Rupees in Lacs

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel		
		CS	CFO	Total
1	Gross salary			
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	17.42	56.90	74.32
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income Tax Act, 1961	0.00	0.22	0.22
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-	-
2	Stock Option	-	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-
4	Commission			
	- as % of profit	0.00	5.64	5.64
	others, specify...	-	-	-
5	Others, please specify	-	-	-
	Total	17.42	62.76	17.42

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Type	Section of the Companies Act, 2013	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty	NONE				
Punishment					
Compounding					
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty	NONE				
Punishment					
Compounding					
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT					
Penalty	NONE				
Punishment					
Compounding					

ANNEXURE – ‘E’: TO DIRECTORS’ REPORT**FORM No. MR-3****SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT****FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**

(Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies

(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014)

To,
The Members,
GRAUER AND WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED
Growel Corporate, Akurli Road,
Kandivali (East), Mumbai – 400101

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **GRAUER AND WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED** (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company’s books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2020 complied with the statutory provisions of the applicable Acts listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board -processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **GRAUER AND WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED** for the financial year ended on March 31, 2020 according to the provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) and the rules made thereunder;
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (“SCRA”) and the rules made thereunder;
- iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the regulations and bye-laws framed thereunder;
- iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Overseas Direct Investment;
- v. The Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (‘SEBI Act’) viz.:
 - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011.
 - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
 - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - e) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participant) Regulations, 2018;
 - f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009; [Not applicable during the period of audit]
 - g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014; [Not applicable during the period of audit]
 - h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; [Not applicable during the period of audit]
 - i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; [Not applicable during the period of audit]
 - j) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998. [Not applicable during the period of audit]
- vii. We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards I and II issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.



Grauer & Weil (India) Limited

Further, the Company was engaged in manufacturing activities in various segments i.e. (a) Surface Finishings (b) Engineering (c) Malls. The specific industry related acts applicable to the Company are as under:

- The Petroleum Act, 1934
- The Oil Fields (Regulation and Development) Act, 1948
- The Inflammable Substances Act, 1952
- The Dangerous Machines (Regulation) Act, 1983
- The Oil Industry (Development) Act, 1974
- The Energy Conservation Act, 2001
- The Petroleum & Natural Gas Regulatory Board Act, 2006
- The Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. as mentioned above, to the extent applicable.

We report that the Compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws, like direct and indirect tax laws, has not been reviewed in this Audit since the same has been subject to review by statutory financial auditor and other designated professionals.

We report that during the conduct of the audit, in our opinion, adequate systems exist in the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with general laws like various Labour Laws, Competition laws, Environmental laws, Factories Act etc.

We further report that:

1. The Board of Directors of the Company was duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors, however, Mr. Yogesh Samant held office as an Independent Director upto March 24, 2020 and thereafter was appointed as COO w.e.f. March 25, 2020. Mr. Yogesh Samant has resigned from the directorship of the Company w.e.f. March 30, 2020.
2. Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, Board Committee Meetings. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent well in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. Majority decisions are carried through while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of Minutes.
3. There are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period, The Company has made an application under Regulation 31A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), 2015 for reclassification of the status of Promoter and Promoter group to Public and the same is pending.

For **GMJ & ASSOCIATES**
Company Secretaries

[MAHESH SONI]

PARTNER

FCS: 3706 COP: 2324

UDIN : F003706B000526063

PLACE: MUMBAI

DATE: JULY 29, 2020.

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as '**ANNEXURE A**' and forms an integral part of this report.

ANNEXURE A

To,

**The Members,
GRAUER AND WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED**

Growel Corporate, Akurli Road,
Kandivali (East), Mumbai – 400 101

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
7. Due to the outbreak of COVID -19 pandemic and the current lockdown, physical examination of documents under Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Act and Other Laws were not possible; we have therefore relied upon the documents provided by the Company in electronic mode for Audit purpose.

For **GMJ & ASSOCIATES**
Company Secretaries

[MAHESH SONI]
PARTNER
FCS: 3706 COP: 2324
UDIN : F003706B000526063

PLACE: MUMBAI
DATE: JULY 29, 2020.

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

To,
GRAUER AND WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED
Akurli Road, Kandivli (East),
Mumbai - 400101.

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **GRAUER AND WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED** having **CIN : L74999MH1957PLC010975** and having registered office at Akurli Road, Kandivli (East), Mumbai - 400101. (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V, Para – C, Sub - clause 10(i) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the financial year ending on March 31, 2020 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of Appointment in Company
1.	Umesh Kumar More	00112662	17/07/1969
2.	Vinod R. Haritwal	00112862	02/09/2011
3.	Nirajkumar More	00113191	12/08/1993
4.	Rohit R. More	00139797	14/03/2003
5.	Suresh R. Pareek	00757066	29/09/2006
6.	Tarun Kumar Govil	06924673	14/07/2014
7.	Aarti S. Shah	07002594	24/10/2014

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **GMJ & ASSOCIATES**
Company Secretaries

[MAHESH SONI]
PARTNER
FCS: 3706 COP: 2324
UDIN : F003706B000526063

PLACE: MUMBAI
DATE: JULY 29, 2020.

ANNEXURE 'F' : TO DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Particulars of Energy Conservation, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY:

i) Energy Conservation Measures taken:

- a. Installed the new electrical panel with automatic capacitor bank for maintaining the power factor.
- b. VFD panel installation on Lang mixers 09 nos. for operation of 20hp and 15hp motor.
- c. VFD panel installed on HSD machine 4 nos. for operation of 25hp motor.
- d. Upgradation of non IBR boilers to improve the fuel efficiency.
- e. Energy efficient motors, blowers, pumps & LED lamps.
- f. Office lights like metal halide lamps, CFL, HPSV & T5 replaced by led lights.
- g. Reduction in operation hours by close monitoring and timer base operation.
- h. Replacement of start delta starters with VFDS.
- i. Replacement of wall mounted DX unit by inverter base AC units.
- j. Replacement of old motors with high efficiency IE3 motors.
- k. Replacement of damaged chillers piping insulation.
- l. Adopted the energy monitoring methodology.
- m. Elimination of over capacity motors
- n. Replacement of low efficiency compressors by high efficiency.
- o. Water saving by changing the taps and using the sensors for taps & urinals.

ii) Steps taken by the company for utilising alternate sources of energy:

- a. Installation of Roof top solar panel system.
- b. Conventional fuel like FO/HSD replaced with PNG.

iii) Capital investment on energy conservation equipments:

Capital investment of Rs. 15 million has made on energy conservation equipments.

iv) Future plan of investments etc. for energy conservation measures:

- a. Utilisation of Wind power energy
- b. Common building management system (BMS) in mall for efficient usages of mall equipments & lighting systems in the premises. System should not be operated in manual mode to meet energy optimisation objectives.
- c. Planned to use star labelled appliances / equipments as per BEE.
- d. VFDS for AHU Common area.
- e. New BMS installation for mall services.
- f. Automatic chiller condensor cleaning systems.
- g. Chilled water treatment management systems.
- h. Uses of storm & STP treated water for flushing.
- i. Existing street light replaced with LED street light.
- j. Soft starter installed for operation of ball mill machine 30hp motor.
- k. Elimination of over capacity motor.
- l. Auto on off temperature base operation of cooling towers, chillers & pumps.
- m. Roof top solar power systems

- n. Installation of VFD to cooling tower.
- o. Upgradation of non IBR boilers
- p. Replacement of old AC units by VRF or inverter base technology.
- q. Sourcing of power from wind & solar enegy.

v) Total energy consumption and energy consumption per unit of production:

As per **Form 'A'**

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION: Efforts made in technology absorption as per **Form 'B'**

C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

(1) Activities relating to exports, initiatives taken to develop export markets:

Due to decline in the business from the Middle East and global slowdown in automobile production, the export sales during the year under review were reduced by 2.14% from Rs. 5,222.34 Lacs in financial year 2018-19 to Rs. 5,110.43 Lacs in financial year 2019-20.

(2) Total foreign exchange used and earned:

Rupees in Lacs

(i)	Total foreign exchange used	
	(a) On import of raw materials, components, spare parts and capital goods	6,935.14
	(b) Expenditure in foreign currencies for Business Travel, Seminars, Dividend and Royalties etc.	146.27
(ii)	Total foreign exchange earned	5,060.47

Registered Office:

Growel Corporate,
Akurli Road, Kandivli [East],
Mumbai - 400 101

**For & on behalf of the Board of
Grauer & Weil (India) Limited**

Date : July 29, 2020

Nirajkumar More
Managing Director
DIN : 00113191

Vinod Haritwal
CEO & Whole-time Director
DIN : 00112862

FORM - 'A'**FORM FOR DISCLOSURE OF PARTICULARS WITH RESPECT TO CONSERVATION OF ENERGY 2019-20****A. POWER AND FUEL CONSUMPTION:****1. ELECTRICITY**

	PARTICULARS	2019 - 20	2018 - 19
a)	Purchased Units (KWH in Lacs)	70.09	69.13
	Total amount (Rupees in Lacs)	793.25	802.83
	Average Rate / Unit (Rs.)	11.32	11.61
b)	Own generation : Limited electric power was generated through D.G. Sets installed exclusively for the purpose of emergency supply whenever there was power shortage to keep the system working.		

2. FURNACE / OTHER OIL

	PARTICULARS	2019 - 20	2018 - 19
	Quantity (Liters in Lacs)	0.38	0.21
	Total amount (Rupees in Lacs)	25.14	13.93
	Average Rate / Unit (Rs.)	66.60	66.22

3. GAS

	PARTICULARS	2019 - 20	2018 - 19
	Quantity (SCM in Lacs)	3.02	2.00
	Total amount (Rupees in Lacs)	102.62	74.92
	Average Rate / Unit (Rs.)	34.01	37.43

B. CONSUMPTION PER UNIT OF PRODUCTION:

As the Company manufactures different types of custom - built plants and chemicals for various applications, it is impracticable to work out the cost of usage of energy on a per unit basis.

FORM - 'B'**FORM FOR DISCLOSURE OF PARTICULARS WITH RESPECT TO TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION 2019-20****A. RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT:****1. Specific areas in which R&D is carried out by the Company :**

- o Non cyanide zinc plating with better brightness.
- o Trivalent chrome based black passivation process for zinc & zinc alloys to get jet black finish along with higher corrosion resistance.
- o ROHS compliant lead & cadmium free Electroless Nickel plating process.
- o ROHS free Electroless Nickel Composite coating incorporating some strategic materials e.g. PTFE, Boron Nitride etc.
- o Hard Chrome coating using Trivalent chrome based electrolyte.
- o Non-cyanide silver plating.
- o Neutral Nickel strike coating to replace usage of cyanide for plating on aluminium.
- o Acid copper plating with very good gloss & levelling.

2. Benefits derived as a result of the above R&D :

- o Environment friendly ROHS Compliant processes to reduce both occupational & environment hazards.
- o Cyanide free processes – Zinc, Silver etc.
- o Electroless nickel plating processes.
- o Trivalent chromates.

Grauer & Weil (India) Limited

- o Tin Zinc plating improves crimpability & hence, it finds usage to make fuel pipes in automotive application.
- o Electroless nickel PTFE composite coating reduces frictional property.
- o Trivalent chrome based passivation process – full fills the requirements of bath fitting industry.
- o Auto industry has stopped replaced traditional hexavalent chrome based chromating processes with corrosion resistant trivalent chrome containing processes. Our commercialized processes in this space have found acceptance of the client & thereby, we could get sizable sales in this space.

3. Future plan of action :

- o Dye free acid copper plating.
- o Development of electroplated composite coating.
- o Low / room temperature operated cleaning processes.
- o Zincate free pre-treatment to plate copper, nickel chrome on aluminium.
- o Cyanide free brass & white bronze plating.
- o Commercialization of Hard chrome coating from trivalent chrome based electrolytes
- o Pre-treatment of magnesium and its alloys for electroplating.

4. Expenditure on R&D:

Rupees in Lacs

PARTICULARS	2019 -20	2018 - 19
a) Capital	227.52	97.69
b) Recurring	980.51	972.44
Total	1,208.03	1,070.13
Total R&D expenditure as a percentage of total Turnover	1.92%	1.75%

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, ADAPTATION AND INNOVATION:

- 1) **Efforts, in brief made towards technology absorption, adaptation and innovation:** The indigenous developments specifically in the areas of environment friendly processes have been adapted and applied for surface treatment.
- 2) **Benefits derived as a result of the above efforts:**
 - New processes have been introduced with emphasis on environment (Go green process) and recycling.
 - Specialized processes developed with high resistance to abrasion and corrosion, more specifically for the fast growing automotive industry.
- 3) **Particulars of technologies imported:**
 - a) Technology imported: Technic, Italy – specifically non-cyanide silver plating.
 - b) Year imported: 2018-19.
 - c) Has technology been fully absorbed? : Partly absorbed.

ANNEXURE 'G' : TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE OF REMUNERATION

Pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies
(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Sr. No.	Name of Director/KMP	Ratio of Remuneration of Director to Median Remuneration of employees	% increase in remuneration in the financial year
(A)	Whole-time Directors / Managerial Personnel		
	Mr. Umeshkumar More	17.22	-12.51
	Mr. Nirajkumar More	36.52	1.15
	Mr. RohitKumar More	8.06	0.00
	Mr. Vinod Haritwal	41.50	-0.97
(B)	Non-Executive Independent Directors		
	Mr. Yogesh Samat	0.96	0.00
	Mr. Suresh Pareek	0.96	0.00
	Mr. Tarun Govil	0.96	0.00
	Ms. Aarti Shah	0.66	0.00
(C)	Key Managerial Personnel		
	Mr. Gurinder Singh Gulati	13.67	241.31
	Mr. Chintan K. Gandhi	3.81	5.97
(D)	The percentage Increase in the median remuneration of employees	5.92	
(E)	Average percentage increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentage increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration.	Average salary increase of non-managerial personnel : 6.45% Average increase / (decrease) in managerial remuneration : (2.32%)	
(F)	Permanent employees as on March 31, 2020	787	

1. Mr. Gurinder Singh Gulati was appointed as a CFO of the Company w.e.f. November 14, 2018. Hence figures regarding % increase / decrease in their case are therefore not comparable.
2. The remuneration paid as above is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

**ANNEXURE 'H' : TO DIRECTORS' REPORT
BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT**

**[Pursuant to Regulation 34(2)(f) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India
(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]**

Section A: General Information about the Company

1.	Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company	L74999MH1957PLC010975
2.	Name of the Company	GRAUER AND WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED
3.	Registered address	Growel House, Akurli Road, Kandivli (East), Mumbai – 400101
4.	Website	www.growel.com
5.	E-mail ID	secretarial@growel.com
6.	Financial year reported	April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020
7.	Sector(s) that the Company is engaged in (Industrial activity code-wise)	Surface Finishing - NIC code : 20119, 20221 & 19201 Engineering - NIC code : 28222 Shoppertainment - NIC code : 68100
8.	List three key products/services that the Company	Electroplating Chemicals, Paints, Plating Plants Manufactures / provides (as in balance sheet)
9.	Total number of locations where business activity is undertaken by the Company	
	a) Number of International Locations	Company does not have any manufacturing (Provide details of major 5) facilities outside India. However Company has a branch office in Dhaka and a 100% Subsidiary Companies in Bangkok that markets its products.
	b) Number of National Locations	35, including the Registered Office and a Mall at Kandivli, Mumbai and factories at Vapi, Dadra, Barotiwala, Alandi and Samba and branch offices and technical service centres.
10.	Markets served by the Company –	All : Local, State, National and International Local/ State/National/ International

Section B: Financial Details of the Company

1.	Paid up capital (INR) :	Rs. 2,267.06 Lacs
2.	Total turnover (INR) :	Rs. 68,427.98 Lacs
3.	Total profit after taxes (INR) :	Rs. 7,579.43 Lacs
4.	Total spending on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as percentage of profit after tax.	Rs. 82.87 Lacs 1.09%
5.	List of activities in which expenditure in 4 above has been incurred	a. Education b. Promoting healthcare and sanitization c. Promoting of art and culture d. Ensuring environmental sustainability

Section C : Other Details

1.	Does the Company have any Subsidiary Companies ?	Yes, the Company has 3 subsidiary Companies as on March 31, 2020
2.	Do the subsidiary Company / companies participate in the Business Responsibility (BR) initiatives of the parent Company?	No
3.	Do any other entity / entities that the Company does business with participate in the BR initiatives of the Company?	No

Section D : BR Information**I. Details of Director(s) responsible for BR :****a) Details of the Director responsible for implementation of the BR policy / policies :**

DIN Number : 00113191
Name : Mr. Nirajkumar More
Designation : Managing Director

b) Details of BR head responsible for implementation of the BR :

DIN Number (if applicable) : NA
Name : Mr. Yogesh Samat
Designation : COO
Telephone Number : 022 - 66993000
Email id : yogesh.samat@growel.com

2. Principle-wise (as per NVGs) BR Policy/policies**(a) Details of compliance (Reply in Y/N)**

Sr. No.	Questions	P1 Eth-ics and Trans- parency	P2 Product Sustain- ability	P3 Well- being of employ- ees	P4 Stake- holder Engage- ment	P5 Human Rights	P6 Environ- ment	P7 Policy advocacy	P8 Inclusive growth	P9 Custom- er value
1	Do you have a policy/ policies for	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
2	Has the policy been formulated in consultation with the relevant stakeholders?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
3	Does the policy conform to any national / international standards? If yes, specify?	The policy is based on National Voluntary Guidelines on Social, Environmental & Economic Responsibilities of Business released by Ministry of Corporate Affairs.								
4	Has the policy been approved by the Board? If yes, has it been signed by MD / owner / CEO / appropriate Board Director?	Yes. It has been signed by the MD.								
5	Does the Company have a specified committee of the Board/ Director/ Official to oversee the implementation of the policy?	The Company has a BRR Committee. The Director responsible for BR and BR Head are responsible for implementation of the policy								
6	Indicate the link for the policy to be viewed online?	https://growel.com								
7	Has the policy been formally communicated to all relevant internal and external stakeholders?	It has been posted on the Company's website								
8	Does the Company have in-house structure to implement the policy / policies.	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
9	Does the Company have a grievance redressal mechanism related to the policy / policies to address stakeholders' grievances related to the policy / policies?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
10	Has the Company carried out independent audit / evaluation of the working of this policy by an internal or external agency?	The working of this policy is monitored by the functional heads. Formal evaluation will be carried out when found necessary.								

3. Governance related to BR

Sr. No.	Questions	
1	Indicate the frequency with which the Board of Directors, Committee of the Board or CEO to assess the BR performance of the Company. Within 3 months, 3-6 months, Annually, More than 1 year	The BR Head periodically assesses the BR performance of the Company and the Board reviews the same annually.
2	Does the Company publish a BR or a Sustainability Report? What is the hyperlink for viewing this report? How frequently it is published?	This is the first year of applicability of BR Report. The Company has published its BR Report in the Annual Report and same is available on the website of the Company at www.growel.com

Section E: Principle-wise Performance

Principle 1 : Ethics, Transparency and accountability

1. Does the policy relating to ethics, bribery and corruption cover only the company?

Yes.

Does it extend to the Group / Joint Ventures / Suppliers / Contractors / NGOs / Others?

No.

2. How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past financial year and what percentage was satisfactorily resolved by the management? If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.

No stakeholder complaints were received pertaining to BR violation in financial year 2019 - 20

Principle 2 : Product safety and sustainability

1. List up to 3 of your products or services whose design has incorporated social or environmental concerns, risks and/or opportunities.

(a) Electroplating Chemicals

(b) Effluent treatment plants

(c) Shoppertainment Mall

2. Does the Company have procedures in place for sustainable sourcing (including transportation)? If yes, what percentage of your inputs was sourced sustainably? Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.

The Company has a well-established procedure of Vendor Development and evaluation. The Company encourages suppliers to provide raw material, transportation and storage solutions which reduce emissions or energy consumption either directly or indirectly. Wherever possible, bulk liquids are transported in tankers instead of using barrels, thereby reducing barrel waste generation.

3. Has the Company taken any steps to procure goods and services from local & small producers, including communities surrounding their place of work? If yes, what steps have been taken to improve their capacity and capability of local and small vendors?

Yes, the Company always focuses on buying from local and indigenous suppliers, which includes small scale industries too, who meet our quality, delivery, cost and technology expectations. Majority of packing material used is sourced from local and /or small suppliers within 20 KM radius of production sites. The Company actively encourages and works with local and small producers to improve their capability and capacity through suggestions, price competitiveness feedback, vendor ratings and Vendor Audit at supplier factories by purchase and QA and interactions with senior management. Various contracts have been entered with local villagers around the plants for vehicle hiring, material handling, housekeeping, waste handling and horticulture.

4. Does the Company have a mechanism to recycle products and waste? If yes what is the percentage of recycling of products and waste (separately as <5%, 5-10%, > 10%). Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.

The chemical plants of the Company are zero discharge plants and process and recycle all the liquid wastes. The paint plants reuse all the process waste in different products. All plants adopt processes to identify products which are non-confirming or have expired to rectify and convert them into conforming products, where possible. Packaging material like drums, carboys and IBCs are reused and recycled after necessary cleaning.

Principle 3 : Employee well-being

1. Please indicate the Total number of employees : 787
2. Please indicate the Total number of employees hired on temporary / contractual / casual basis : 644
3. Please indicate the Number of permanent women employees : 63
4. Please indicate the Number of permanent employees with disabilities : Nil
5. Do you have an employee association that is recognized by management : Yes
6. What percentage of your permanent employees is members of this recognized employee association : 4.19
7. Please indicate the Number of complaints relating to child labour, forced labour, involuntary labour, sexual harassment in the last financial year and pending, as on the end of the financial year.

Sr. No.	Category	No of complaints filed during the financial year	No of complaints pending as on end of the financial year
1.	Child labour / forced labour / involuntary labour	Nil	Nil
2.	Sexual harassment	Nil	Nil
3.	Discriminatory employment	Nil	Nil

8. What percentage of your under mentioned employees were given safety & skill up-gradation training in the last year?
 - (a) Permanent Employees : 96%
 - (b) Permanent Women Employees : 96%
 - (c) Casual / Temporary / Contractual Employees : 95%
 - (d) Employees with Disabilities : NA

Principle 4 : Stakeholder Engagement

1. HAS THE COMPANY MAPPED ITS INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL STAKEHOLDERS? Yes/No
Yes
2. Out of the above, has the Company identified the disadvantaged, vulnerable & marginalized stakeholders.
Yes, The Company has identified disadvantaged, vulnerable & marginalised stakeholders in and around our plants and Mall and take proactive steps to serve their needs through our well-designed CSR Programs.
3. Are there any special initiatives taken by the Company to engage with the disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized stakeholders. If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.
Yes, Company always believes in the inclusive growth of the Society and the Community in which it operates and has taken various measures / initiatives such as
 - The Company promotes Education and Literacy by distributing free Books, notebooks etc. in the schools at the commencement of Academic Year.
 - The Company provides Healthcare Facilities to the underprivileged in and around its plants and Mall. Company organises blood donation camp, eye checkup camp, yoga shibir etc. Company also assists the needy for their cataract surgery, medicines and other medical aid.
 - Company also maintain gardens, conduct tree plantation programmes, provide safe drinking waters, build and maintain toilets etc.
 Detailed CSR activities are provided in the CSR reports, being a part of this Annual Report.

Principle 5 : Human Rights

1. Does the policy of the Company on human rights cover only the Company or extend to the Group / Joint Ventures / Suppliers / Contractors / NGOs / Others?
Company respects the rights and dignity of all people, complies with all legal requirements and has zero tolerance for any form of unethical or unlawful harassment of employees. It covers only the Company.

- 2. How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past financial year and what percent was satisfactorily resolved by the management?**

No stakeholder complaints were received pertaining to human rights violation in financial year 2019 - 20.

Principle 6 : Environment

- 1. Does the policy related to Principle 6 cover only the Company or extends to the Group / Joint Ventures / Suppliers / Contractors / NGOs / Others.**

It covers only the Company.

- 2. Does the Company have strategies / initiatives to address global environmental issues such as climate change, global warming, etc.? Y/N. If yes, please give hyperlink for webpage etc.**

The Company as a responsible corporate has planned, established and implemented Environment Management System ISO14001 since 2004. The Company has adopted an Occupational Health, Safety and Environment Policy as these aspects are integral to the Company's business values. The plants of the Company follow zero discharge norms. At all locations, trees are planted and protected and rain water is harvested

- 3. Does the Company identify and assess potential environmental risks? Y/N**

Yes.

- 4. Does the Company have any project related to Clean Development Mechanism? If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so. Also, if Yes, whether any environmental compliance report is filed?**

The Company at present does not have such a project.

- 5. Has the Company undertaken any other initiatives on – clean technology, energy efficiency, renewable energy, etc.? Y/N. If yes, please give hyperlink for web page etc.**

Yes. The Company regularly takes initiatives to use energy efficient devices and equipment to optimize on use of power. Some of initiatives taken include:

- a. Installation of roof top solar power plants;
- b. use of efficient chillers that reduced power consumption;
- c. waste water recovery and reuse instead of treatment and disposal;
- d. replacement of conventional bulbs and lights with LED.

- 6. Are the Emissions / Waste generated by the Company within the permissible limits given by CPCB / SPCB for the financial year being reported?**

Yes

- 7. Number of show cause / legal notices received from CPCB / SPCB which are pending (i.e. not resolved to satisfaction) as on end of financial year.**

None

Principle 7 : Policy Advocacy

- 1. Is your Company a member of any trade and chamber or association? If Yes, Name only those major ones that your business deals with:**

Yes, The Company is member of trade and industry chambers viz.

- (a) Confederation of Indian Industry
- (b) ASSOCHAM
- (c) Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry
- (d) Indian Paint Association
- (e) Indo-German Chamber of Commerce

2. **Have you advocated / lobbied through above associations for the advancement or improvement of public good? Yes/No; if yes specify the broad areas (drop box : Governance and Administration, Economic Reforms, Inclusive Development Policies, Energy security, Water, Food Security, Sustainable Business Principles, Others)**

Matters of public and industry interest are taken up from time to time through the above chambers and associations.

Principle 8 : Inclusive growth and equitable development

1. **Does the Company have specified programmes / initiatives / projects in pursuit of the policy related to Principle 8? If yes details thereof.**

The programmes and initiatives undertaken by the Company for inclusive growth and equitable development include:

- Development / maintenance of roads and drinking water facilities,
- Promoting healthcare including preventing healthcare,
- Cleanliness drives to improve sanitation,
- Promoting education,
- Promoting environment protection, planting trees etc.

The details of specific CSR activities are given in CSR Report, being a part of Annual Report

2. **Are the programmes / projects undertaken through in-house team / own foundation / external NGO / government structures / any other organization?**

The CSR Activities have been carried out by the Company directly and/or through implementing agencies / NGOs etc.

3. **Have you done any impact assessment of your initiative?**

Efforts are made to make a general assessment of impact of some of the initiatives. The feedback is positive.

4. **What is your company's direct contribution to community development projects - Amount in INR and the details of the projects undertaken.**

The Company's contribution to community development project is through CSR activities. During financial year 2019-20, the Company spent Rs. 82.87 Lacs on such projects / activities. The details of the same are given in Annexure 'C' to the Board's Report.

5. **Have you taken steps to ensure that this community development initiative is successfully adopted by the community? Please explain in 50 words, or so.**

The Company works directly and through implementing agencies to ensure proper and meaningful adoption of these initiatives among the target community to ensure that target communities will get maximum benefits from these CSR activities.

Principle 9 : Customer value

1. **What percentage of customer complaints / consumer cases are pending as on the end of financial year.**

No customer complaints are pending as on the end of the financial year.

2. **Does the Company display product information on the product label, over and above what is mandated as per local laws? Yes / No / N.A. / Remarks (additional information)**

Not Applicable

3. **Is there any case filed by any stakeholder against the Company regarding unfair trade practices, irresponsible advertising and/or anti-competitive behaviour during the last five years and pending as on end of financial year. If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.**

None

4. **Did your Company carry out any consumer survey / consumer satisfaction trends?**

Customer satisfaction surveys are conducted by major Divisions for their key customers.

EVENTS & EXHIBITIONS



SF CHINA EXHIBITION



AUTO EXPO EXHIBITION - DELHI



TECHNOLOGY FAIR - BANGLADESH



FASTENER FAIR - MUMBAI



SSPC PAINTS EXHIBITION - MUMBAI



OIL & GAS EXHIBITION - MUMBAI



AEROMEG EXHIBITION - BENGALURU



NACE EXHIBITION - NAVI MUMBAI

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF GRAUER & WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

1. Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of **Grauer & Weil (India) Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at March 31, 2020, and its profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

2. Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

3. Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 34 R in the Notes to the standalone Ind AS financial statements which describes the impact of the outbreak of Corona virus (COVID-19) on the business operations of the Company. In view of the highly uncertain economic environment, a definitive assessment of the impact on the subsequent periods is highly dependent upon circumstances as they evolve. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

4. Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Our Response
I	<p>Evaluation of Provisions and Contingent Liabilities w.r.t. litigations and claims</p> <p>The Company has uncertain positions including matters under dispute which involves significant judgement to determine the possible outcome of the disputes</p>	<p>We performed the following substantive procedures:</p> <p>Testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls around the recognition and measurement of provisions and re-assessment of development of contingent liabilities.</p> <p>We have assessed the value of significant provisions and contingent liabilities in light of the nature of the exposures, applicable regulations and related correspondence with the authorities.</p> <p>Evaluating judgements made by the Company by comparing the estimates of prior year to the actual outcome.</p> <p>Assessing the Company's disclosures in the financial statements in respect of provisions and contingent liabilities.</p>

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Our Response
2	<p>Defined benefit obligation</p> <p>The valuation of the retirement benefit schemes in the Company is determined with reference to various actuarial assumptions including discount rate, future salary increases, rate of inflation, mortality rates and attrition rates. Due to the size of these schemes, small changes in these assumptions can have a material impact on the estimated defined benefit obligation</p>	<p>We have examined the key controls over the process involving member data, formulation of assumptions and the financial reporting process in arriving at the provision for retirement benefits. We tested the controls for determining the actuarial assumptions and the approval of those assumptions by senior management. We found these key controls were designed, implemented and operated effectively, and therefore determined that we could place reliance on these key controls for the purposes of our audit.</p> <p>We tested the employee data used in calculating the obligation and where material, we also considered the treatment of curtailments, settlements, past service costs, re-measurements, benefits paid, and any other amendments made to obligations during the year. From the evidence obtained, we found the data and assumptions used by management in the actuarial valuations for retirement benefit obligations to be appropriate.</p>

5. Information Other than the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report, Report on Corporate Governance and Business Responsibility Report, but does not include the standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

6. Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

7. Auditor's Responsibility for the audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SA's, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern. Refer Note 34 R to the standalone Ind AS financial statements which describes the impact of the outbreak of Corona virus (COVID-19) on the business operations of the Company. In view of the highly uncertain economic environment, a definitive assessment of the impact on the subsequent periods is highly dependent upon circumstances as they evolve.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone Ind AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

8. Other Matters

Due to the COVID-19 related lock-down we were not able to participate in the physical verification of inventory that was carried out by the management subsequent to the year end. Consequently we have performed alternate procedures to audit the existence of inventory as per the guidance provided in SA 501 "Audit Evidence – Specific Considerations for Selected Items" and have obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to issue our unmodified opinion on these standalone Ind AS financial statements. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

9. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Ind AS prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone Ind AS financial statements – Refer Note 34 A to the Standalone Ind AS financial statements;
 - ii. The Company has long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were no material foreseeable losses; and
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No.101174W)

Kiron Mallapur

Partner
Membership No.036336
UDIN: 20036336AAAAJ3987

Place: Mumbai
Date: July 29, 2020

“ANNEXURE A” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GRAUER & WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED

- i) In respect of its Fixed Assets:
- The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Fixed Assets;
 - As explained to us, the assets have been physically verified by the management in accordance with a phased programme of verification, which in our opinion is reasonable, considering the size and the nature of its business. The frequency of verification is reasonable and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such physical verification.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- ii) The inventory, excluding goods-in-transit, has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification. In view of the Covid-19 related lock-down, management has carried out physical verification of inventory subsequent to the year end. Refer “Other Matters” para above
- iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured during the year to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly the clauses 3(iii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company. However in respect of a loan given to an associate company in an earlier year, the receipt of interest is regular. There is no stipulation regarding repayment of principal amount.
- iv) The Company has not granted any loan, neither made any investments, nor given any guarantee or security, during the year, covered by the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act. However the company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, advance to subsidiaries / associates and investments made therein.
- v) The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Provisions of Section 73 to 76 of the Act, and the rules framed thereunder from the public.
- vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148 (1) of the Act, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained.
- vii) a) The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees’ State Insurance, Income Tax, Service Tax, Goods and Services tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with appropriate authorities, where applicable. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such statutory dues which have remained outstanding as at March 31, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- b) According to the records of the Company, the dues outstanding of Income-Tax, Value Added Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise and Value Added Tax on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Particulars	Period to which the amount related	Forum where the dispute is pending	Amount (Rs. In Lacs)
Income Tax	2004-05	Income Tax Appellant Tribunal	9.68
	2011-12	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	14.58
Excise Duty	2014-15 to 2017-18	Commissioner of Excise & Customs (Appeals), Chandigarh	38.18
	2011-12 to 2015-16	CESTAT, Ahmedabad	267.38
	2015-16 to 2017-18		
	2006-07 to 2011-12		
Service Tax	2006-07 to 2011-12	Additional Commissioner – Excise and Service tax, Vapi	37.58
	2003-04 to 2006-07	CESTAT, Mumbai	70.88
	2010-2011 to 2017-18	CESTAT, Mumbai	76.48
	2015-16 & 2016-17	Deputy Commissioner, CGST, Thane	30.33
Sales Tax	1998-99	Deputy Commissioner (Appeal), Jaipur	11.07
	2013-14	Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax (Appeal)	194.12

- viii) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings to banks. The Company does not have any borrowings by way of debentures.
- ix) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of Initial public offer or further Public offer (Including debt instruments). Moneys raised by way of Term Loan were applied for the purpose for which those are raised.



Grauer & Weil (India) Limited

- x) On the basis of our examination and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or any material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the management.
- xi) The managerial remuneration has been paid in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and accordingly provisions of clause (xii) of Para 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii) On the basis of our examination and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that all the transaction with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, and the details have been disclosed in the Financial statements in Note 33(O) as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year and accordingly provisions of clause (xiv) of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly provisions of clause (xv) of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, provisions of clause (xvi) of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

Kiron Mallapur

Partner

Membership No.036336

UDIN: 20036336AAAAJ3987

Place: Mumbai

Date: July 29, 2020

“ANNEXURE B” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GRAUER & WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements of **Grauer & Weil (India) Limited** (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements

A Company’s internal financial control with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company’s internal financial control with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No.101174W)

Kiron Mallapur

Partner
Membership No.036336
UDIN: 20036336AAAAJ3987
Place: Mumbai
Date: July 29, 2020

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2020

Rupees in Lacs

	Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2	22,135.51	23,016.47
Capital work-in-progress		131.94	308.00
Right of use assets	3	1,829.35	-
Other intangible assets	4	103.66	113.48
Financial assets			
Investments	5	259.16	257.38
Loans	6	45.08	42.98
Other financial assets	7	1,404.51	1,484.31
Income tax assets (net)	8	263.63	266.11
Other non-current assets	9	175.49	175.00
		26,348.33	25,663.73
Current assets			
Inventories	10	10,768.20	9,240.39
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	11	11,360.60	11,135.87
Cash and cash equivalents	12A	3,328.90	3,861.01
Other balances with banks	12B	10,580.92	6,393.00
Other financial assets	7	143.49	171.88
Other current assets	9	1,738.37	1,664.57
		37,920.48	32,466.72
Total assets		64,268.81	58,130.45
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	SOCE	2,267.06	2,267.06
Other equity	SOCE	42,293.50	37,875.97
		44,560.56	40,143.03
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	13	20.06	63.45
Lease liabilities		218.76	-
Other financial liabilities	14	1,272.69	1,351.39
Provisions	15	2,059.94	1,783.72
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	16	1,232.33	1,727.78
		4,803.78	4,926.34
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	13	1,859.86	1,972.14
Lease liabilities		126.19	-
Trade payables			
Due to micro and small enterprises	18	791.20	686.18
Due to other than micro and small enterprises	18	7,366.69	5,299.72
Other financial liabilities	14	2,957.39	2,890.84
Other current liabilities	17	1,181.66	1,692.18
Provisions	15	213.49	201.54
Current tax liabilities (net)	19	407.99	318.48
		14,904.47	13,061.08
Total equity and liabilities		19,708.25	17,987.42
		64,268.81	58,130.45
Significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates and judgements	1		
Explanatory information and other additional notes	2-34		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per report of even date attached

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

KIRON MALLAPUR

Partner

Membership No. 036336

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

UMESHKUMAR MORE

Chairman

DIN: 00112662

NIRAJKUMAR MORE

Managing Director

DIN: 00113191

VINOD HARITWAL

CEO & Director

DIN: 00112862

GURINDER SINGH GULATI

CFO & President Commercial

Membership No. 090728

CHINTAN K. GANDHI

Company Secretary

Membership No. 21369

Mumbai: July 29, 2020

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Rupees in Lacs

	Note	2019-20	2018-19
INCOME			
Revenue from operations	20	61,724.32	59,915.02
Other income	21	1,167.98	1,153.09
Total income		62,892.30	61,068.11
EXPENSES			
Cost of materials consumed	22	32,573.17	31,724.46
Purchase of stock-in-trade	23	533.19	357.48
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	24	(1,818.43)	(104.48)
Employee benefits expense	25	7,316.10	6,707.65
Finance costs	26	260.18	79.30
Depreciation and amortisation expense	27	1,894.72	1,545.79
Other expenses	28	13,456.49	10,742.83
Total expenses		54,215.42	51,053.03
Profit before exceptional items and tax		8,676.88	10,015.08
Exceptional items (Refer note 30)		859.42	(618.78)
Profit before tax		9,536.30	9,396.30
Tax expense	29		
Current tax		2,392.00	2,988.00
Deferred tax		(435.13)	37.13
		1,956.87	3,025.13
Profit after tax		7,579.43	6,371.17
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss			
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	29	(146.94)	(5.80)
Income tax on remeasurement of defined benefit plan		36.98	2.03
Total other comprehensive income		(109.96)	(3.77)
Total comprehensive income for the year		7,469.47	6,367.40
Earnings per equity share (in rupees)	34P		
Basic		3.34	2.81
Diluted		3.34	2.81
Significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates and judgements	I		
Explanatory information and other additional notes	2-34		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

UMESHKUMAR MORE

Chairman

DIN: 00112662

NIRAJKUMAR MORE

Managing Director

DIN: 00113191

KIRON MALLAPUR

Partner

Membership No. 036336

VINOD HARITWAL

CEO & Director

DIN: 00112862

GURINDER SINGH GULATI

CFO & President Commercial

Membership No. 090728

CHINTAN K. GANDHI

Company Secretary

Membership No. 21369

Mumbai: July 29, 2020

Annual Report 2019 - 2020

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before exceptional items & tax	8,676.88	10,015.08
Exceptional Item (Refer note 30)	859.42	(618.78)
Profit before tax	9,536.30	9,396.30
Adjustment for :		
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	1,894.72	1,545.79
Bad debts written off	161.32	235.58
Allowance for doubtful debt	23.43	-
Sundry balances written back	(67.76)	(92.70)
Finance costs	260.18	79.30
Loss/(gain) on property, plant & equipment sold/discarded (net)	5.04	(15.30)
Loss by Fire	-	618.78
Net loss/(gain) arising on fair value change	(44.00)	25.48
Net unrealised foreign exchange loss/(gain)	(32.40)	45.12
Interest income	(760.74)	(678.36)
Dividend income	(0.44)	(0.40)
Operating profit before working capital changes	10,975.65	11,159.59
Adjustments for changes in working capital		
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	(365.97)	(2,558.04)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(1,527.81)	(2,892.17)
(Increase)/decrease in non current asset	106.65	(40.63)
(Increase)/decrease in current financial asset	(73.80)	(661.19)
(Increase)/decrease in other current asset	28.39	(14.13)
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	2,175.47	442.07
Increase/(decrease) in other non current liabilities	(209.80)	(261.65)
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	(238.49)	1,279.29
Increase/(decrease) in non current provisions	181.62	171.56
Increase/(decrease) in current provisions	11.55	25.14
Cash generated from operations	11,063.46	6,649.84
Less: Direct taxes paid	(2,300.01)	(3,380.99)
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	8,763.45	3,268.85
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payment towards purchase of property, plant & equipment	(2,253.47)	(4,507.15)
Proceeds from sale of Property, plant & equipment	68.87	34.85
Deposits/balance with banks with maturity more than 3 months	(4,222.53)	2,541.50
Interest received and dividend received	761.18	617.08
Net cash flow from investing activities (B)	(5,645.95)	(1,313.72)

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Lease liability payment	(193.46)	-
Net proceeds/(repayment) of hire purchase credits	(75.81)	(31.47)
Proceeds/(repayment) of working capital facilities	(112.28)	1,425.14
Interest paid	(266.65)	11.54
Dividend and corporate dividend tax	(3,001.41)	(1,629.63)
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	(3,649.61)	(224.42)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(532.11)	1,730.71
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year (Refer Note 12A)	3,861.01	2,130.30
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 12A)	3,861.01	1,927.78
Current investments	-	202.52
Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year (Refer Note 12A)	3,328.90	3,861.01
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 12A)	3,328.90	3,861.01
	3,328.90	3,861.01

Note:

1. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect Method.
2. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Opening balance	2,111.41	717.74
Cash inflow/(outflow) of non current borrowings	(43.39)	(30.08)
Cash inflow/(outflow) of current borrowings	(144.70)	1,423.75
Closing balance	1,923.32	2,111.41

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

KIRON MALLAPUR

Partner
Membership No. 036336

Mumbai: July 29, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

UMESHKUMAR MORE

Chairman
DIN: 00112662

VINOD HARITWAL

CEO & Director
DIN: 00112862

CHINTAN K. GANDHI

Company Secretary
Membership No. 21369

NIRAJKUMAR MORE

Managing Director
DIN: 00113191

GURINDER SINGH GULATI

CFO & President Commercial
Membership No. 090728

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Rupees in Lacs

EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised share capital	500,000,000	5,000.00	500,000,000	5,000.00
Issued share capital	226,705,750	2,267.06	226,705,750	2,267.06
Subscribed share capital	226,705,750	2,267.06	226,705,750	2,267.06
Fully paid-up share capital	226,705,750	2,267.06	226,705,750	2,267.06
Balance at the beginning of the year	226,705,750	2,267.06	226,705,750	2,267.06
Changes in equity share capital during the year:				
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting year	226,705,750	2,267.06	226,705,750	2,267.06

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to each class of shares including restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital.

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Re. 1 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

Shares in the company held by each shareholder holding more than five per cent shares	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
Mr. Umeshkumar More	22,805,999	10.06%	22,805,999	10.06%
Mr. Nirajkumar More	17,852,106	7.87%	17,852,106	7.87%
Mrs. Premalata More	12,724,455	5.61%	12,724,455	5.61%
M/s. Growel Projects LLP	12,558,000	5.54%	12,558,000	5.54%
M/s. Poona Bottling Company Private Limited	42,866,573	18.91%	42,500,050	18.75%
M/s. Ridhi Sidhi Limited	32,359,000	14.27%	32,359,000	14.27%

Rupees in Lacs

OTHER EQUITY	Reserves and Surplus		Other Comprehensive Income	TOTAL
	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	
Balance as at April 01, 2018	32,667.53	742.16	(261.29)	33,148.40
Profit for the year ending March 31, 2019	-	6,371.17	-	6,371.17
Other comprehensive income for the year ending March 31, 2019	-	-	(3.77)	(3.77)
Total comprehensive income for the year ending March 31, 2019	-	6,371.17	(3.77)	6,367.40
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Dividends and dividend distribution tax				
- Final Dividend FY 2017-18 (Rs. 0.60 per share) {FY 2016-17 Rs. 0.40 per share}	-	(1,360.23)	-	(1,360.23)
- Dividend distribution tax	-	(279.60)	-	(279.60)
Transfer to general reserves	4,500.00	(4,500.00)	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2019	37,167.53	973.50	(265.06)	37,875.97

OTHER EQUITY	Reserves and Surplus		Other Comprehensive Income	TOTAL
	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	
Profit for the year ending March 31, 2020	-	7,579.43	-	7,579.43
Less: Charge on account of transitional adjustment on lease Ind AS 116 (net off deferred tax Rs. 23.34 Lacs)	(45.58)	-	-	(45.58)
Other comprehensive income for the year ending March 31, 2020	-	-	(109.96)	(109.96)
Total comprehensive income for year ending March 31, 2020	(45.58)	7,579.43	(109.96)	7,423.89
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Dividends and dividend distribution tax				-
- Final Dividend FY 2018-19 (Rs. 0.60 per share) {FY 2017-18 Rs. 0.60 per share}	-	(1,360.23)	-	(1,360.23)
- Interim Dividend FY 2019-20 (Rs. 0.50 per share)	-	(1,133.53)	-	(1,133.53)
- Dividend distribution tax	-	(512.60)	-	(512.60)
Transfer to general reserve	5,000.00	(5,000.00)	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	42,121.95	546.57	(375.02)	42,293.50

Nature and purpose of each component of equity	Nature and Purpose
i. General reserve	General reserve represents accumulated profits and is created by transfer of profits from retained earnings and it is not an item of other comprehensive income and the same shall not be subsequently reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss.
ii. Retained earnings	Retained earnings are the profit that the Company has earned till date less any transfer to general reserve and dividends.
iii. Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Gains/losses arising on remeasurements of defined benefit plans are recognised in the other comprehensive income as per Ind AS-19 and shall not be reclassified to the Statement of Profit or Loss in the subsequent years.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per report of even date attached

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

UMESHKUMAR MORE

Chairman
DIN: 00112662

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CFO & President Commercial
Membership No. 090728

CHINTAN K. GANDHI

Company Secretary
Membership No. 21369

Mumbai: July 29, 2020

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

A) General Information:

Grauer & Weil (India) Limited (the "Company") is a Public Limited Company incorporated in India having its registered office at Growel Corporate, Akurli Road, Kandivli (East), Mumbai 400 101. The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing and selling of Surface Finishings besides Engineering and Shoppertainment business. The Company presently has its manufacturing facilities in Dadra, Vapi (Gujarat), Barotiwala (Himachal Pradesh) and Samba (Jammu & Kashmir) and Engineering division at Khed (Pune District) and a Mall at Kandivli (Mumbai).

B) Basis of preparation of financial statements:

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out in para C below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

i) Statement of compliance:

These Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and subsequent amendments thereto.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2020 are authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company at the meeting held on July 29, 2020.

ii) Basis of preparation and presentation:

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis considering the applicable provisions of Companies Act 2013, except for the following material items that have been measured at fair value as required by the relevant Ind AS. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services at the time of initial recognition.

- Certain financial assets/liabilities measured at fair value (*Refer Note 33 - Fair Values and Hierarchy*)
- Employees Defined Benefit Plan as per actuarial valuation
- Any other item as specifically stated in the accounting policy.

The Company reclassifies comparable amounts unless impracticable and whenever the Company changes the presentation or classification of items in financial statements materially. No such material reclassification has been made during the year.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is the functional currency of the Company and the currency of the primary economic environment in which Company operates. Figures have been rounded off to rupees Lacs unless otherwise stated.

iii) Major Sources of Estimation Uncertainty :

In the application of accounting policies which are described in Para C below, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, income and expenses, contingent liabilities and the accompanying disclosures that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant and are prudent and reasonable. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future period.

The few critical estimations and judgments made in applying accounting policies are:

- Property, Plant and Equipment(PPE);

The Company reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. During the current financial year, the management determined that there were no changes to the useful lives and residual values of the property, plant and equipment. Factors such as changes in the expected level of usage, technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and residual values of these assets. Consequently the future depreciation charge could be revised and may have an impact on the profit of future years.

- Inventories:

Inventory obsolescence is based on assessment of the future uses. In all cases, inventory is carried at the lower of historical cost and net realisable value.

- Lease:

Lease accounting after evaluating the right to use the underlying assets, substance of the transactions including legally enforceable arrangements and other significant terms and conditions of the arrangement to conclude whether the arrangements meet the criteria under Ind AS 116.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

- Impairment of non-financial assets:

For calculating the recoverable amount of non-financial assets, the Company is required to estimate the value-in-use of the asset or the Cash Generating Unit and the fair value less cost of disposal. For calculating value-in-use the Company is required to estimate the cash flows to be generated from using the asset. The fair value of an asset is estimated using a valuation technique where observable prices are not available. Further the discount rate used in value-in-use calculations includes an estimate of risk assessment specific to the asset.

- Impairment of financial assets:

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

- Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligations are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rate. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

- Fair value measurement of financial instruments:

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

- Income tax and Deferred tax assets :

Significant judgements are involved in estimating budgeted profits for the purpose of paying advance tax, determining the provision for income taxes, including amounts expected to be paid/reversed for uncertain tax positions.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the losses can be utilised. Accordingly the Company exercises judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

- Covid 19 pandemic :

The Company has evaluated impact of the Covid 19 pandemic on its business operations and financial position and based on its review of current indicators of future economic conditions, there is no significant impact on its financial statements as at March 31, 2020. However, the impact assessment of COVID-19 is a continuing process given the uncertainties associated with its nature and duration and accordingly the impact may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements. The Company will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

C) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

I) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE):

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses if any, except for freehold land which is not depreciated. Cost includes purchase price (after deducting trade discount / rebate) import duties, non-refundable taxes, cost of replacing the component parts, borrowing costs and other directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition in the manner intended by the management.

Spares parts procured along with the Plant and Equipment or subsequently which meets the definition and recognition criteria of PPE considering the concept of materiality are capitalized and added to the carrying amount of such items. The carrying amount of those spare parts that are replaced is derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon disposal. Other machinery spares are treated as 'stores and spares' forming part of the inventory. If the cost of the replaced part is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part was when the item was acquired.

Management has assessed applicability of Ind AS 40 - Investment Property to the Mall property. In assessing such applicability, management has considered the ownership of assets, terms of license agreements, various services provided to the licensees, etc. Based on such assessment, the management has considered the Mall property as owner occupied property and hence classified as Property, Plant and Equipment.

Expenditure on acquisition of PPE for Research and Development (R&D) is included in PPE and depreciation thereon is provided as applicable.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

An item of PPE is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

The depreciable amount of an asset is determined after deducting its residual value. Where the residual value of an asset increases to an amount equal to or greater than the asset's carrying amount, no depreciation charge is recognised till the asset's residual value decreases below the asset's carrying amount. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e., when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner. Depreciation of an asset ceases at the earlier of the date that the asset is classified as held for sale in accordance with Ind AS 105 and the date that the asset is derecognised. Depreciation on all assets is provided on straight line basis.

Description of the Asset	Estimated useful life
Tangible:	
Land – Leasehold	Primary period of lease
Building	
– Factory	30 Years
– Other than factory buildings	60 Years
Plant and Equipment	10 to 20 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years
Computer Servers	6 Years
Computers	3 Years
Laboratory Equipment	10 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years
Vehicles Four Wheelers	8 Years
Vehicles Two Wheelers	10 Years
Intangible:	
Software (up to previous year)	5 Years
Software (from current year)	3 Years

Further, the Company has identified and determined separate useful life for each major component of fixed assets, if they are materially different from that of the remaining assets, for providing depreciation in compliance with Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on fixed assets added/disposed off during the year is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the date of addition/disposal.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

2) Intangible assets:

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Software (not being an integral part of the related hardware) acquired for internal use are treated as intangible assets.

An item of intangible asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any profit or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

3) CWIP:

CWIP are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment are capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Advances given to acquire property, plant and equipment are recorded as non-current assets and subsequently transferred to CWIP on acquisition of related assets.

4) Impairment of tangible (PPE) and intangible assets:

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE and other intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

belongs. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. The resulting impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or CGU in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

5) Inventories:

Raw materials, packing materials and stores and spares are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. However, materials held for use in production of inventories are not written down below cost, if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost of raw materials, packing materials and stores and spares is determined on daily moving weighted average cost basis.

Work in progress and finished goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated cost of completion and estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

6) Leases:

The Company has adopted Ind AS 116-Leases effective April 1, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The Company has applied the standard to its leases with the cumulative impact recognised on the date of initial application (April 1, 2019). Accordingly, previous period information has not been restated.

Where the Company is a lessee-

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- the contract conveys the right to use an identified asset;
- the Company has the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the Company has the right to direct the use of the identified asset.

At the date of commencement of a lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU assets") and a corresponding lease liability for all leases, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Lease liability is measured by discounting the lease payments using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The ROU assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives and restoration costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. ROU assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life or the lease whichever is shorter. Impairment of ROU assets is in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for impairment of tangible and intangible assets.

Where the Company is a lessor-

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Management has assessed applicability of Ind AS 116 – Leases, to the Mall property. In assessing such applicability, management has considered the ownership of assets, terms of license agreements, various services provided to the licensees, etc. Since the licensee does not have the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset or does not have complete right to direct the use of the asset, the Management is of the view that Ind AS 116 – Leases is not applicable to the Mall property

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

7) Government grants:

Government grants/subsidy are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants/subsidy will be received.

Grants/subsidy related to income are recognized as income over the periods necessary to match them with the costs for which they are intended to compensate on a systematic basis. Government grants/subsidy that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of providing immediate financial support with no future related costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they become receivable. Grants/subsidy related to income are presented under other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss except for grants/subsidy received in the form of rebate or exemption which are deducted in reporting the related expense. Grant/subsidy receivable against a specific fixed asset is deducted from the cost of the relevant fixed asset.

8) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognised when there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable (i.e. more likely than not) that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Such provisions are determined based on management estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a standalone asset only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognised and measured as provisions. An onerous contract is considered to exist when a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from it.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of management / independent experts. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

Contingent Assets are not recognized, however, disclosed in financial statement when inflow of economic benefits is probable.

9) Foreign Currency Transactions:

The financial statements of Company are presented in Indian Rupees, which is also the functional currency. In preparing the financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are reported at the exchange rate ruling on the date of transaction. Exchange difference on monetary items are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

10) Share Capital and Securities Premium:

Ordinary shares are classified as equity, incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction net of tax from the proceeds. Par value of the equity share is recorded as share capital and the amount received in excess of the par value is classified as securities premium.

11) Dividend Distribution to equity shareholders:

The Company recognizes a liability to make cash distributions to equity holders when the distribution is authorized and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. A distribution is authorized when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognized directly in other equity along with any tax thereon.

12) Cash Flows and Cash and cash equivalents:

Statement of cash flows is prepared in accordance with the indirect method prescribed in the relevant Ind AS. For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, cheques and drafts on hand, deposits held with Banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

13) Revenue recognition:

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of goods comprising Surface Finishings. The revenue of Engineering division is from design, fabrication and manufacture of surface coating equipment and plant. In respect of Mall revenue is derived from Business Conducting/License Fees.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies related to revenue recognition:

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Revenue from contract with customers is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for turnover/product/prompt payment discounts to customer as specified in the contract with the customers. When the level of discount varies with increase in levels of revenue transactions, the Company recognises the liability based on its estimate of the customer's future purchases. If it is probable that the criteria for the discount will not be met, or if the amount thereof cannot be estimated reliably, then discount is not recognised until the payment is probable and the amount can be estimated reliably. The Company recognises changes in the estimated amount of obligations for discounts in the period in which the change occurs. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

Use of significant judgements in revenue recognition.

- Judgement is also required to determine the transaction price for the contract. The transaction price could be either a fixed amount of consideration or variable consideration with elements such as turnover/product/prompt payment discounts. Any consideration payable to the customer is adjusted to the transaction price, unless it is a payment for a distinct product or service from the customer. The estimated amount of variable consideration is adjusted in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur and is reassessed at the end of each reporting period.
- The Company exercises judgement in determining whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Company considers indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who controls the asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment for performance to date and alternate use of such product or service, transfer of significant risks and rewards to the customer, acceptance of delivery by the customer, etc.

i. Sale of Goods:

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized, at a point in time when control is transferred to customer, as per the terms of the contracts and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of goods. It excludes value added tax/sales tax, Goods and Services tax. It is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates.

ii. Engineering Division:

Equipment manufactured by the Engineering Division for use by other divisions is included in the Sales at transfer price and are capitalised by other division.

iii. Income from Business Conducting/Licence Fees:

Income arising out of Business Conducting/License Fees is accounted at contracted rates, keeping in view, the collectability of the resulting receivables is reasonably assured and is disclosed net of indirect taxes, if any.

iv. Revenue from Amenities provided:

Revenue from amenities provided is recognized at value of service and is disclosed net of indirect taxes, if any. Recoveries made against common area maintenance expenses are netted of against expenses.

v. Job Contract Receipts:

The Company follows the "Percentage of Completion Method" of accounting for all contracts. The revenue from the execution of contracts is recognized proportionately with the degree of completion achieved under each contract, matching revenue with expenses incurred and is accounted over a period of time.

vi. Rendering of Services:

Revenue from rendering of services is recognized as per the terms of the contract with customers when related services are performed and when the outcome of the transactions involving rendering of services can be estimated reliably.

vii. Dividend Income:

Dividend Income is accounted for when the right to receive the same is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

viii. Interest Income:

Interest Income on financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

ix. Insurance and Other Claims:

Insurance and other claims/refunds, due to uncertainty in realisation are accounted for on acceptance/actual receipt basis.

14) Borrowing costs:

Borrowing cost includes interest, commitment charges, brokerage, underwriting costs, discounts / premiums, financing charges, exchange difference to the extent they are regarded as interest costs and all ancillary / incidental costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowing.

Borrowing costs which are directly attributable to acquisition / construction of qualifying assets that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalized as a part of cost pertaining to those assets. All other borrowing costs are recognised as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

15) Employee benefits:

i. Short term Employee Benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, performance incentives etc., are recognized during the period in which the employee renders related services and are measured at undiscounted amount expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

ii. Long term Employee Benefits:

The cost of providing long term employee benefit such as earned leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period. The expected costs of the benefit is accrued over the period of employment using the same methodology as used for defined benefits post employment plans. Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss in which they arise except those included in cost of assets as permitted. The benefit is valued annually by an independent actuary.

iii. Post Employment Benefits:

The Company provides the following post employment benefits:

- i) Defined benefit plans such as gratuity; and
- ii) Defined contributions plans such as provident fund.

iv. Defined benefits Plans:

The cost of providing benefits on account of gratuity are determined using the projected unit credit method on the basis of actuarial valuation made at the end of each balance sheet date, which recognises each period of service as given rise to additional unit of employees benefit entitlement and measuring each unit separately to build up the final obligation. The yearly expenses on account of these benefits are provided in the books of accounts.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss except those included in cost of assets as permitted.

Re-measurements comprising of actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and change in actuarial assumptions, the effect of change in assets ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan asset (excluding net interest as defined above) are recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) except those included in cost of assets as permitted in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods.

Service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements) is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss except those included in cost of assets as permitted in the period in which they occur.

v. Defined Contribution Plans:

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans, viz., Provident Fund for eligible employees, and Superannuation benefits are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution.

16) Taxes on income:

Income tax expense represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

a) Current tax:

Current tax includes provision for Income Tax computed under special provision (i.e., Minimum alternate tax) or normal provision of Income Tax Act. Tax on Income for the current period is determined on the basis of estimated taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax laws and based on the expected outcome of assessments/appeals.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

b) Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unabsorbed losses and unabsorbed depreciation to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, unabsorbed losses and unabsorbed depreciation can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

17) Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit from continuing operations and total profit, both attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For calculating diluted earnings per share the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

18) Current versus non-current classification:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/non-current classification.

a) An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

b) A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle,
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

c) Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents.

19) Fair value measurement:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of asset and liability if market participants would take those into consideration. Fair value for measurement and / or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined in on such basis except for inventories, leases and value in use of non- financial assets. Normally at initial recognition, the transaction price is the best evidence of fair value.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All financial assets and financial liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

Financial assets and Financial liabilities that are recognized at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

20) Segment reporting:

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) of the Company. The CODM is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments of the Company.

21) Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The Company recognizes a financial asset or financial liability in its balance sheet only when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

a) Financial assets:

A financial asset inter-alia includes any asset that is cash, equity instrument of another entity or contractual obligation to receive cash or another financial asset or to exchange financial asset or financial liability under condition that are potentially favourable to the Company.

Investments in subsidiaries:

Investments in equity shares of subsidiaries are carried at cost less impairment. Impairment is provided for on the basis explained in Para C (3) above.

Financial assets other than investment in subsidiaries:

Financial assets of the Company comprise trade receivable, cash and cash equivalents, Bank balances, Investments in equity shares of companies other than in subsidiaries, investment other than equity shares, loans/advances to employee/related parties/others, security deposit, claims recoverable etc.

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Statement of Profit and Loss. Where transaction price is not the measure of fair value and fair value is determined using a valuation method that uses data from observable market, the difference between transaction price and fair value is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss and in other cases spread over life of the financial instrument using effective interest method.

Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Financial assets measured at amortized cost:-

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. These financial assets are amortized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in finance costs.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI (FVTOCI):-

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. At initial recognition, an irrevocable election is made (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments other than held for trading purpose at FVTOCI. Fair value changes are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses and reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the income statement. On derecognition of the financial asset other than equity instruments, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified to income statements.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):-

Any financial asset that does not meet the criteria for classification as at amortized cost or as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, is classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Further, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss also include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are fair valued at each reporting date with all the changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition:

The Company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit loss (ECL) model on the following:

- Financial assets that are measured at amortised cost.
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI).

ECL is measured through a loss allowance on a following basis:

- The 12 month expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instruments that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date)
- Full life time expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of financial instruments)

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment on trade receivables or contract assets resulting from normal business transactions. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. However, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, from the date of initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is provided. For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company assesses the credit risk characteristics on instrument-by-instrument basis.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.

Impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the year is recognized as expense/income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

b) Financial liabilities:

The Company's financial liabilities include loans and borrowings including book overdraft, trade payable, accrued expenses and other payables.

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities at initial recognition are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the fair value at initial recognition is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss depending upon the level of fair value.

Subsequent measurement:

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends upon the classification as described below:-

- Financial Liabilities classified as Amortised Cost
- Financial Liabilities that are not held for trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the Effective Interest Rate. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of assets is included as Finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial Liabilities at Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL):-

- FVTPL includes financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Financial liabilities have not been designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL.

Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged / cancelled / expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and Financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

c) Derivatives

Derivative instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged and the type of hedge relationship designated. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument and is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).

Cash flow hedges shall be reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss. If hedge of a forecast transaction results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, then the gain or loss that are accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve is recognised in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the asset or liability (this is also referred to as "Basis Adjustment").

22) Recent accounting pronouncements:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification issued prior to March 31, 2020 which would have been applicable from April 1, 2020.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 2: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Rupees in Lacs

Nature of fixed assets	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION					NET BLOCK	
	As at April 01, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Reclassified on account of adoption of Ind AS 116	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	Provided for the year	Deductions adjustments	Reclassified on account of adoption of Ind AS 116	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Tangible assets											
Land											
a) Freehold	3,214.87	-	-	-	3,214.87	-	-	-	-	3,214.87	3,214.87
b) Leasehold	1,672.74	-	-	1,645.45	27.29	68.00	0.55	-	66.34	25.08	1,604.74
Buildings	13,218.72	683.02	-	-	13,901.74	1,472.06	548.99	-	-	2,021.05	11,746.66
Plant and machinery	6,146.23	1,289.25	64.24	-	7,371.24	1,615.38	665.44	1.74	-	2,279.08	4,530.85
Laboratory equipment	143.36	23.67	0.67	-	166.36	47.60	15.40	0.22	-	103.58	95.76
R and D equipment	1,069.49	203.86	6.53	-	1,266.82	274.27	106.13	-	-	886.42	795.22
Furniture and fixtures	770.12	50.25	0.27	-	820.10	395.44	137.02	0.03	-	287.67	374.68
Vehicles	855.73	9.50	3.42	-	861.81	337.06	94.12	0.47	-	431.10	518.67
Office equipment	224.96	125.70	1.24	-	349.42	89.94	45.54	-	-	213.94	135.02
Total	27,316.22	2,385.25	76.37	1,645.45	27,979.65	4,299.75	1,613.19	2.46	66.34	22,135.51	23,016.47

Nature of fixed assets	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK		
	As at April 01, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	Provided for the year	Deductions adjustments	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Tangible Assets											
Land											
a) Freehold	1,484.79	1,730.08	-	-	3,214.87	-	-	-	-	3,214.87	1,484.79
b) Leasehold	1,672.74	-	-	-	1,672.74	36.63	31.37	-	-	1,604.74	1,636.11
Buildings	12,115.68	1,124.05	1.60	19.41	13,218.72	977.35	494.74	0.03	-	1,472.06	11,138.33
Plant and machinery	5,263.35	988.95	2.03	104.04	6,146.23	1,036.61	581.48	2.71	-	1,615.38	4,226.74
Laboratory equipment	117.66	25.70	-	-	143.36	33.15	14.45	-	-	47.60	84.51
R and D equipment	997.66	71.99	0.16	-	1,069.49	177.21	97.06	-	-	795.22	820.45
Furniture and fixtures	740.25	31.03	0.13	1.03	770.12	262.58	132.94	0.08	-	395.44	477.67
Vehicles	797.91	73.37	15.55	-	855.73	218.05	119.01	-	-	337.06	579.86
Office equipment	160.12	65.66	0.09	0.73	224.96	60.35	29.74	0.15	-	89.94	99.77
Total	23,350.16	4,110.83	19.56	125.21	27,316.22	2,801.93	1,500.79	2.97	-	4,299.75	20,548.23

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 3: RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

Rupees in Lacs

Nature of fixed assets	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION					NET BLOCK	
	As at April 01, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	Provided for the year	Deductions adjustments	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Leasehold land	1,645.45	36.37	-	-	1,681.82	66.34	31.83	-	-	98.17	1,583.65
Buildings	-	387.61	37.82	-	349.79	-	141.91	37.82	-	104.09	245.70
Vehicles	-	53.69	53.69	-	-	-	53.69	53.69	-	-	-
Total	1,645.45	477.67	91.51	-	2,031.61	66.34	227.43	91.51	-	202.26	1,829.35

Refer Note 34 Q

NOTE 4: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Rupees in Lacs

Nature of fixed assets	GROSS BLOCK					DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION					NET BLOCK	
	As at April 01, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	Provided for the year	Deductions adjustments	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Computer software	240.13	44.28	-	-	284.41	126.65	54.10	-	-	180.75	113.48	
Total	240.13	44.28	-	-	284.41	126.65	54.10	-	-	180.75	113.48	

Nature of fixed assets	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK	
	As at April 01, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2019	Provided for the year	Deductions adjustments	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Computer software	151.74	88.39	-	-	240.13	45.00	-	-	126.65	70.09
Total	151.74	88.39	-	-	240.13	45.00	-	-	126.65	70.09

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 5: INVESTMENTS

NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	Nos.	Rupees in Lacs	Nos.	Rupees in Lacs
A) Quoted (Other than Trade) (Carried at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss) In fully paid-up Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each				
Sunflag Iron & Steel Company Limited	2,000	0.48	2,000	0.97
Ginni Filaments Limited	900	0.05	900	0.12
In fully paid-up Equity Shares of Rs. 2 each				
Punjab National Bank	1,175	0.38	1,175	1.15
B) Unquoted (Trade) In Associates (carried at cost)				
Grauer & Weil Engineering Private Limited (Fully paid up Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each)	149,980	-	149,980	-
Growel Sidasa Industries Private Limited (Fully paid up Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each)	1,288,300	-	1,288,300	-
Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited (Fully paid up Equity shares of THB 100 each)	58,800	83.83	58,800	83.83
In Subsidiaries (carried at cost)				
Grauer & Weil (Shanghai) Limited (Fully Paid up)	2,328,460	-	2,328,460	-
Grauer & Weil (UK) Limited (Fully paid up Equity shares of Sterling Pound of 1 each)	1	-	1	-
Growel Chemicals Co. Limited (Equity shares of THB 100 each)	100,000	164.72	100,000	164.72
Other Investments (carried at cost)				
The Saraswat Co-operative Bank Limited (Fully paid up Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each)	5,000	0.50	5,000	0.50
C) Unquoted (Other than Trade) Other Investments (carried at cost) In fully paid-up Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each				
Poona Bottling Company Private Limited (Fully paid-up Equity shares of Rs. 100/- each)	91,960	3.90	91,960	3.90
(Carried at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss) In fully paid-up Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each				
Shree Vaishnavi Dyeing & Printing Limited	1,500	-	1,500	-
Arihant Threads Limited	2,100	-	2,100	-
Rasik Plast Limited	13,500	-	13,500	-
Surlux Health Centres Limited	1,000	-	1,000	-
Shivalik Solid Waste Management Limited	20,000	5.11	20,000	2.00
Crystal Software Solutions Limited	8,600	-	8,600	-
Indo-French Bio-tech Enterprises Limited	89,800	-	89,800	-
National Savings Certificates		0.19		0.19
		259.16		257.38
	Cost Rs.	Market value Rs.	Cost Rs.	Market value Rs.
Aggregate market value of quoted investments		0.91		2.24
Aggregate book value of unquoted investments	258.25		255.14	

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 6: LOANS

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured - considered good				
Loans and advances to related parties (Refer Note 34 O)	45.08	42.98	-	-
Other advances	-	-	-	-
	45.08	42.98	-	-

NOTE 7: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured - considered good				
Interest receivable				
From related parties (Refer note 34 O)	-	-	0.90	11.13
From others	-	-	6.65	3.52
Others	-	-	135.94	157.23
Security deposits	261.01	354.47	-	-
Term deposits with maturity for more than 12 months	1,088.83	1054.22	-	-
Term deposits held as margin money against bank guarantees	54.67	75.62	-	-
	1,404.51	1484.31	143.49	171.88

NOTE 8: INCOME TAX ASSETS (NET)

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Advance income tax (Net of provisions)	263.63	266.11	-	-
	263.63	266.11	-	-

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 9: OTHER ASSETS

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Capital advances	169.79	169.70	64.93	62.33
Advances other than capital advances				
Advances to employees	5.70	5.30	50.80	34.55
Advances to suppliers	-	-	399.24	579.71
Prepaid expenses	-	-	28.54	80.06
Balances with government authorities				
VAT receivable	-	-	74.64	162.23
CENVAT credit receivable	-	-	2.24	3.44
Service tax credit receivable	-	-	8.50	3.58
Goods and services tax	-	-	1,109.48	738.67
	175.49	175.00	1,738.37	1,664.57

NOTE 10: INVENTORIES

Rupees in Lacs

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
At lower of cost and net realisable value		
Raw materials	4,630.79	4,763.43
Raw materials-in-transit	712.29	937.62
	5,343.08	5,701.05
Work-in-progress	1,386.74	1,127.10
Finished goods	3,687.02	2,146.52
Finished goods - traded goods	57.79	39.50
	3,744.81	2,186.02
Stores and spares	293.57	226.22
	10,768.20	9,240.39

NOTE 11: TRADE RECEIVABLES

Rupees in Lacs

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Secured considered good	608.29	628.23
Unsecured considered good	10,752.31	10,507.64
	11,360.60	11,135.87
Trade receivables - credit impaired	23.43	-
Less: Impairment provision for expected credit loss	(23.43)	-
	11,360.60	11,135.87

Note:

- 1) The Company has used practical expedient for computing expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables wherever necessary, taking into account historical credit loss experience adjusted for forward looking estimates.
- 2) For receivables from related parties (Refer Note 34 O)

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 12: CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(A) Cash & cash equivalents				
Balances with banks				
In current accounts	-	-	2,732.65	3,389.06
In EEFC accounts	-	-	574.40	455.83
Cash on hand	-	-	21.85	16.12
	-	-	3,328.90	3,861.01
(B) Other balances with banks				
Unpaid dividend accounts	-	-	74.12	69.17
Term deposits with maturity for more than 3 months but less than 12 months	-	-	10,506.80	6,323.83
Term deposits with maturity for more than 12 months	1,088.83	1,054.22	-	-
	1,088.83	1,054.22	10,580.92	6,393.00
Amount included under the head 'Other Financial Assets' (Refer Note 7)	(1,088.83)	(1,054.22)	-	-
	-	-	10,580.92	6,393.00

NOTE 13: BORROWINGS

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Secured				
Hire purchase credits	20.06	63.45	43.40	75.82
Loans repayable on demand from banks	-	-	1,312.86	1,425.14
Unsecured				
Loans and advances from related parties (Refer Note 34 O)	-	-	547.00	547.00
	20.06	63.45	1,903.26	2,047.96
Amounts disclosed under the head 'Other Financial Liabilities' (Refer Note 14)	-	-	(43.40)	(75.82)
	20.06	63.45	1,859.86	1,972.14

Nature of security and terms of repayment:

Hire purchase credits are for purchase of cars. These facilities are secured by first charge on respective car against which the specific facility has been taken from the bank. The loan amount is repayable in equitable monthly installments with interest rates ranging from 7.76% p.a. to 9.50% p.a. (PY 7.76% p.a. to 10.25% p.a.) as applicable and are expected to be fully repaid as per the respective repayment schedules and shall get fully repaid between April 2020 to March 2022.

The working capital facilities are secured by hypothecation of all stocks, moveable assets and book debts by way of first charge on pari-passu basis and are further collaterally secured by second pari-passu charge on the block assets of Shopping mall at Kandivli, Mumbai as per respective banking arrangement. The working capital facility is repayable on demand and carries interest rate ranging from 8.05% p.a. to 9.15% p.a. (PY 8.80% p.a. to 9.50% p.a.).

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 14: OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Current maturities of long term debt (Refer Note 13)	-	-	43.40	75.82
Unpaid dividend*	-	-	74.12	69.17
Others				
Deposits from licensees and dealers	1,272.69	1,351.39	590.70	351.77
Security deposit from employees	-	-	90.50	79.76
Payable towards capital expenditure	-	-	48.91	116.20
Payable to employees	-	-	83.24	84.29
Expenses payable	-	-	2,024.03	2,070.63
Others	-	-	2.49	43.20
	1,272.69	1,351.39	2,957.39	2,890.84

*There is no amount due and outstanding to be credited to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

NOTE 15: PROVISIONS

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Provision for employee benefits				
Leave benefits	-	53.46	2.19	5.59
Gratuity	2,059.94	1,730.26	211.30	195.95
	2,059.94	1,783.72	213.49	201.54

NOTE 16: DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
The breakup of Deferred tax liabilities arising on account of timing difference in:				
- Depreciation	1,930.08	2,578.43	-	-
- Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments	(497.20)	(710.34)	-	-
- Income tax on Ind AS adjustments	(200.55)	(140.31)	-	-
	1,232.33	1,727.78	-	-

NOTE 17: OTHER LIABILITIES

Rupees in Lacs

	Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Contractual Liabilities	563.42	711.24
Deferred income	98.61	236.50
Statutory dues payable towards:		
Central sales tax & VAT	5.66	60.71
PF, ESIC etc	58.52	48.88
Service Tax	213.85	213.85
TDS	99.76	101.64
Goods and services tax	141.84	319.36
	1,181.66	1,692.18

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 18: TRADE PAYABLES

Rupees in Lacs

	Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Total outstanding dues to Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises (Refer Note 34 I)	791.20	686.18
Total outstanding dues of other creditors	7,366.69	5,299.72
	8,157.89	5,985.90

NOTE 19: CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES (NET)

Rupees in Lacs

	Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Provision for Income tax (Net of advance tax)	407.99	318.48
	407.99	318.48

NOTE 20: REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Revenue from contract with customers		
Sale of products	62,879.64	61,167.73
Less: Trade discount	5,535.68	5,319.71
	57,343.96	55,848.02
Business conducting fees/Licence fees and related income	3,412.79	3,271.79
Other operating revenues		
Erection & commissioning charges	447.13	119.62
Testing analysis charges	12.40	11.84
License fees	35.00	-
Insurance subsidy received	-	1.38
IGST refund / Budgetary support	161.02	320.10
Scrap sales	194.04	173.58
Sundry balances written back	67.76	92.70
Others	50.22	75.99
	967.57	795.21
Revenue from operations	61,724.32	59,915.02

The management determines that the segment information reported is sufficient to meet the disclosure objective with respect to disaggregation of revenue under Ind AS 115 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Hence, no separate disclosure of disaggregate revenues are reported. (Refer note 34 N)

The contractual liabilities primarily relate to advance consideration received from customers for which revenue is recognised when the performance obligation is over.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Rupees in Lacs	
	2019-20	2018-19
Contractual liabilities		
Opening balance as on April 01	711.24	404.65
Add: Fresh advances from customers	1,085.57	7,374.76
Less: Advance adjusted against invoices	(1,233.39)	(7,068.17)
Closing balance as on March 31	563.42	711.24

NOTE 21: OTHER INCOME

	Rupees in Lacs	
	2019-20	2018-19
Interest income	760.74	678.36
Dividend income on non current investments	0.44	0.40
Net gain on sale of fixed assets	-	15.30
Net gain on foreign currency transactions and translation	241.86	153.49
Bad debts written off earlier now recovered	19.95	-
Insurance claim	7.37	5.92
Lease income	2.52	2.35
Export duty drawback	82.77	79.46
Miscellaneous receipts	52.33	217.81
	1,167.98	1,153.09

NOTE 22: COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED

	Rupees in Lacs	
	2019-20	2018-19
Opening stock	4,763.43	3,172.82
Add: Purchases	32,440.53	33,315.07
	37,203.96	36,487.89
Less: Closing stock	4,630.79	4,763.43
	32,573.17	31,724.46

NOTE 23: PURCHASE OF STOCK IN TRADE

	Rupees in Lacs	
	2019-20	2018-19
Traded goods	533.19	357.48

NOTE 24: CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, STOCK-IN-TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS

	Rupees in Lacs	
	2019-20	2018-19
Closing Stock		
Traded goods	57.79	39.50
Work-in-progress	1,386.74	1,127.10
Finished goods	3,687.02	2,146.52
	5,131.55	3,313.12
Opening Stock		
Traded goods	39.50	38.61
Work-in-progress	1,127.10	1,179.54
Finished goods	2,146.52	1,990.49
	3,313.12	3,208.64
Net (increase)/decrease in opening and closing stock	(1,818.43)	(104.48)

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 25: EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Salaries, wages, bonus and allowances	6,556.71	6,036.93
Contribution to provident and other funds	269.57	228.08
Staff welfare expenses	489.82	442.64
	7,316.10	6,707.65
Employee benefits:		
(a) During the year the Company has recognised the following in the Statement of Profit and Loss:		
(i) Defined contribution plans:		
Employer's contribution to provident fund*	113.84	96.72
Employer's contribution to superannuation fund*	30.50	30.11
*included in "Contribution to provident and other funds"		
(ii) Defined benefit plans:		
	Gratuity *Partly Funded / Unfunded	Gratuity *Partly Funded / Unfunded
Current service cost	137.85	119.14
Interest cost	153.14	138.79
Expected return on plan assets	(3.28)	(3.08)
Actuarial (gain)/loss	146.94	5.80
Net cost	434.65	260.65
(b) Reconciliation of benefit obligations and plan assets for the year:		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	2,316.33	1,968.35
Fair value of plan assets	(45.09)	(42.14)
Net asset/(liability) as at March 31, 2020 recognised in the balance sheet	2,271.24	1,926.21
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities-(gain)/loss	(2.80)	(6.31)
Experience adjustments on plan assets-(loss)/gain	(0.33)	(0.03)
(c) Change in defined benefit obligation:		
Present value of obligation as at April 01, 2019	1,968.35	1,763.53
Current service cost	137.85	119.14
Interest cost	153.14	138.79
Actuarial (gain)/loss	146.61	5.77
Benefits paid	(89.62)	(58.88)
Present value of obligation as at March 31, 2020	2,316.33	1,968.35
(d) Change in plan assets:		
	Gratuity *Partly Funded	Gratuity *Partly Funded
Opening Fair value of plan assets on April 01, 2019	42.14	39.09
Expected return on plan assets	3.28	3.08
Actuarial Gain/(loss)	(0.33)	(0.03)
Closing Fair value of plan assets as on March 31, 2020	45.09	42.14

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	2019-20	2018-19
(e) Reconciliation of expected return and actual return on plan assets:		
Expected return on plan assets	3.28	3.08
Actuarial Gain/(loss)	(0.33)	(0.03)
Actual return on plan assets	2.95	3.05
(f) Reconciliation of opening and closing net liability / (asset) recognized in the balance sheet:	Gratuity *Partly Funded / Unfunded	Gratuity *Partly Funded / Unfunded
Opening net liability as on April 01, 2019	1,926.21	1,724.43
Expenses as recognized in the Statement of Profit and loss	434.65	260.66
Benefits paid	(89.62)	(58.88)
Net liability/(asset)	2,271.24	1,926.21
Sensitivity analysis:-		
Projected benefit obligation on current assumptions	2,316.33	1,968.35
Delta effect of + 1% change in rate of discounting	(152.23)	(126.39)
Delta effect of - 1% change in rate of discounting	178.77	144.83
Delta effect of + 1% change in rate of salary increase	177.56	145.23
Delta effect of - 1% change in rate of salary increase	(157.06)	(128.94)
Delta effect of + 1% change in rate of employee turnover	0.02	9.77
Delta effect of - 1% change in rate of employee turnover	(0.48)	(8.94)
(g) Investments under plan assets as on March 31, 2020:		
LIC group gratuity (cash accumulation) policy - 100%		
(h) The principal actuarial assumptions:		
Discount rate	6.82%	7.78%
Salary escalation rate	6.50%	6.50%
Expected rate of return on plan assets	6.82%	7.78%
The estimates of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.		

(l) Amount recognised in the current year and previous four years

Rupees in Lacs

Gratuity	As at March 31				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Defined benefit obligation	2,316.33	1,968.35	1,763.52	1,583.18	1,353.66
Fair value of plan assets	45.09	42.14	39.09	36.31	33.43
(Surplus) / deficit in the plan	2,271.24	1,926.21	1,724.43	1,546.87	1,320.23
Actuarial (gain)/loss on plan obligation	146.61	5.77	12.83	386.99	368.76
Actuarial gain/(loss) on plan assets	(0.33)	(0.03)	0.05	0.20	0.01

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 26: FINANCE COSTS

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Interest on financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	230.11	79.30
Interest on lease liability	30.07	-
	260.18	79.30

NOTE 27: DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Refer Note 2)	1,613.19	1,500.79
Depreciation of right of use assets (Refer Note 3)	227.43	-
Amortisation of intangible assets (Refer Note 4)	54.10	45.00
	1,894.72	1,545.79

NOTE 28: OTHER EXPENSES

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Stores and spares consumed	457.09	367.31
Packing materials consumed	2,204.87	2,223.61
Power and fuel	529.33	462.28
Job work charges	4,262.36	1,631.35
Drawings, designs and layout expenses	43.10	50.34
Rent	74.28	197.36
Repairs and Renewals:		
Buildings	378.62	789.29
Plant and machinery	445.68	391.45
Other assets	291.89	234.30
	1,116.19	1,415.04
Insurance	222.57	65.78
Rates and taxes	171.66	131.16
Printing and stationery	73.68	79.66
Travelling and conveyance	627.15	706.83
Communication expenses	90.95	91.05
Legal and professional charges	839.72	875.46
Auditors' remuneration:		
As auditors	5.21	4.71
For tax audit	1.39	1.29
For taxation matters	1.39	1.29
Reimbursement of expenses	0.92	0.24
	8.91	7.53
Cost auditors' remuneration:		
As auditors	1.58	1.56
Directors' fees	5.55	5.05
Loss on fixed assets sold / discarded (net)	5.04	-
Vehicle expenses	68.02	66.71
Donations and contributions	36.57	23.67
Business promotion	237.24	305.28
VAT expenses	148.62	93.26
Service tax	1.84	1.14
Freight and forwarding (net)	1,127.56	887.83
Bad debts written off	161.32	235.58
Provision for expected credit loss	23.43	-
Research and development expenses	183.58	187.50
Discount and commission	22.64	33.76
Guards and security	181.99	164.05
Common area maintenance expenses (Net)	(122.33)	(71.78)
Bank charges	65.35	82.07
Corporate social responsibility	82.87	30.51
Fees & registration	65.65	37.74
SAP Expenses	48.33	62.52
Royalty expenses	17.50	25.76
Membership & subscription	21.06	17.06
Administrative & other expenses	180.70	173.86
Miscellaneous expenses	170.52	74.94
	13,456.49	10,742.83

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 29: INCOME TAXES

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
a Income Tax recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current tax		
In respect of current year	2,392.00	2,988.00
Deferred tax		
In respect of current year	42.20	37.13
In respect of prior year	-	-
Changes in statutory tax rate	(477.33)	-
b Income Tax recognised in Other Comprehensive Income		
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(36.98)	(2.03)
	1,919.89	3,023.10
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit for the year:		
Current tax		
Profit before tax	9,536.30	9,396.30
Other comprehensive Item	(146.94)	(5.80)
	9,389.36	9,390.50
Income tax expenses	2,363.11	3,281.42
Tax effect on non- deductible expenses	29.07	52.16
Additional deduction on research and development expense		(203.99)
Effect of income that is exempted from tax	(6.99)	(253.90)
Effect of change in tax rate	(477.33)	-
Others	12.03	145.41
Tax impact in respect of capital gain on sale of investment		2.00
Tax expense as per Statement of Profit and loss	1,919.89	3,023.10
Deferred tax		
The breakup of Deferred tax:		
- Depreciation	(648.35)	95.58
- Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments	213.14	(58.46)
- Income tax on Ind AS adjustments	36.90	2.02
	(472.11)	35.10

NOTE- 30: EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

On January 1, 2019, a fire broke out in one of the production units of the Company at Vapi resulting in loss of assets comprising of inventories, building, plant & machinery and other fixed assets.

These assets were adequately insured on reinstatement basis, the book value of these assets at Rs. 618.78 Lacs on the date of claim was duly debited to the Statement of Profit and Loss and was disclosed as an Exceptional item in FY 2018-19.

During the current year i.e. FY 2019-20, the Company received Rs. 806.71 Lacs from Insurance Company as part settlement of claim and Rs. 52.71 Lacs towards scrap realisation on disposal of damaged assets and the same has been disclosed as Extraordinary Income.

The reinstatement of some of these assets is still in progress and the balance claim is expected to be finalised once the reinstatement is completed.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE- 31: CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and other equity reserves, long term funds attributable to the Equity Shareholders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximise shareholders value and keep the debt equity ratio within acceptable range. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

The Company monitors capital using adjusted net debt to equity ratio. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total debt less cash and bank balances.

	Rupees in Lacs	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Non-current long term borrowings	20.06	63.45
Loans repayable on demands from banks	1,312.86	1,425.14
Current maturity of long term debt	43.40	75.82
Gross debt	1,376.32	1,564.41
Less - Cash and cash equivalents	3,328.90	3,861.01
Less - Other bank deposits	10,506.80	6,323.83
Adjusted net debt	(12,459.38)	(8,620.43)
Total equity	44,560.56	40,143.03
Adjusted net debt to equity ratio	(0.28)	(0.22)

NOTE- 32: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to various financial risks, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management assessment and policies and processes are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company by setting appropriate limits and controls and monitoring such risks. The policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk arising from its operating (primarily trade receivables) and investing activities including deposits placed with banks.

The Company exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Credit risk is managed through close monitoring of receivables and having a strict control on allowing the credit period to customers. Additionally, the Company does not have any significant concentration of exposures to specific industry sectors or specific country risks.

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk for investments by generally investing in Fixed Deposits and only with counterparties that have a good credit rating.

Considering that significant part of Company's sales in Surface Finishings division is either with established dealer network where payments are generally in advance/cash on delivery or with direct customers wherein credit worthiness as well as credit limits, wherever possible, are closely monitored on a case to case basis by Management, Company expects a low probability of default on Trade Receivables as on March 31, 2020. Going forward Management has factored in the uncertainties for deliveries subsequent to March 31, 2020.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity Risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet the financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both, normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation.

The Company has unutilised working capital limits from banks of Rs. 8,687 Lacs as on March 31, 2020 (Rs. 7,575 Lacs as on March 31, 2019), cash and cash equivalents of Rs. 3,328.90 Lacs as on March 31, 2020 (Rs. 3,861.01 Lacs as on March 31, 2019) and in Fixed deposits of Rs. 11,595.63 Lacs as on March 31, 2020 (Rs. 7,378.05 Lacs as on March 31, 2019). Therefore, Company does not expect any material Liquidity risk.

With significant investments in Fixed deposits, Cash in hand and available borrowing lines as mentioned above, the Company does not envisage any material effect on its liquidity.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities

Rupees in Lacs

	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at March 31, 2020				
Non current borrowings	-	20.06	-	20.06
Non current financial liabilities	-	789.56	483.13	1,272.69
Current borrowings	1,859.86	-	-	1,859.86
Trade payable	8,157.89	-	-	8,157.89
Other financial liabilities	2,957.39	-	-	2,957.39
As at March 31, 2019				
Non current borrowings	-	63.45	-	63.45
Non current financial liabilities	-	770.06	581.33	1,351.39
Current borrowings	1,972.14	-	-	1,972.14
Trade payable	5,985.90	-	-	5,985.90
Other financial liabilities	2,890.84	-	-	2,890.84

For maturity profile of lease liabilities (Refer note 34Q)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risks: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk includes investments, trade payables, trade receivables and loans.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Since the Company has insignificant interest bearing borrowings, the exposure to risk of changes in market interest rates is minimal.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company generally enters into forward exchange contracts to hedge its foreign currency exposures for imports wherever required.

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary items are as follows:

Rupees in Lacs

Currency	Liabilities		Assets	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
US Dollars	335.89	516.19	887.49	1,167.35
EURO	2.41	-	44.58	146.54
GBP	-	-	-	3.48
JPY	12.40	360.16	9.28	0.04

The table below demonstrates the sensitivity to a 1% increase or decrease in the foreign currency against INR, with all other variables held constant. The sensitivity analysis is prepared on the net unhedged exposure of the Company as at the reporting date. 1% represents management's assessment of reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rate.

Rupees in Lacs

Change in rate	Liabilities		Assets	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
+1%	354.20	885.11	950.76	1,330.58
-1%	347.19	867.59	931.94	1,304.24

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded price. Other price risk arises from financial assets such as investments in equity instruments and bonds.

The company does not have significant investments in Quoted shares. Hence the 10% price sensitivity upward /downward will not have any material impact on the profitability of the company.

NOTE- 33: FAIR VALUES AND HIERARCHY

Financial instruments – Fair values

A. Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels are presented below .

Rupees in Lacs

March 31, 2020	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
Financial assets								
Investments	0.91	-	258.25	259.16	-	0.91	258.25	259.16
Loans - (Non current)	-	-	45.08	45.08	-	-	45.08	45.08
Others financial assets (Non current)	-	-	1,404.51	1,404.51	-	-	1,404.51	1,404.51
Trade receivables	-	-	11,360.60	11,360.60	-	-	11,360.60	11,360.60
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	3,328.90	3,328.90	-	-	3,328.90	3,328.90
Bank balances	-	-	10,580.92	10,580.92	-	-	10,580.92	10,580.92
Others financial assets (Current)	-	-	143.49	143.49	-	-	143.49	143.49
	0.91	-	27,121.75	27,122.66	-	0.91	27,121.75	27,122.66
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings - (Non current)	-	-	20.06	20.06	-	-	20.06	20.06
Lease liabilities	-	-	218.76	218.76	-	-	218.76	218.76
Other financial Liabilities (Non current)	-	-	1,272.69	1,272.69	-	-	1,272.69	1,272.69
Borrowings - (Current)	-	-	1,859.86	1,859.86	-	-	1,859.86	1,859.86
Lease liabilities	-	-	126.19	126.19	-	-	126.19	126.19
Trade payables	-	-	8,157.89	8,157.89	-	-	8,157.89	8,157.89
Other financial Liabilities (Current)	-	-	2,957.39	2,957.39	-	-	2,957.39	2,957.39
	-	-	14,612.84	14,612.84	-	-	14,612.84	14,612.84

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Rupees in Lacs

March 31, 2019	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
Financial assets								
Investments	2.24	-	255.14	257.38	-	2.24	255.14	257.38
Loans - (Non current)	-	-	42.98	42.98	-	-	42.98	42.98
Others financial assets (Non current)	-	-	1,484.31	1,484.31	-	-	1,484.31	1,484.31
Trade receivables	-	-	11,135.87	11,135.87	-	-	11,135.87	11,135.87
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	3,861.01	3,861.01	-	-	3,861.01	3,861.01
Bank balances	-	-	6,393.00	6,393.00	-	-	6,393.00	6,393.00
Others financial assets (Current)	-	-	171.88	171.88	-	-	171.88	171.88
	2.24	-	23,344.19	23,346.43	-	2.24	23,344.19	23,346.43
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings - (Non current)	-	-	63.45	63.45	-	-	63.45	63.45
Other financial liabilities (Non current)	-	-	1,351.39	1,351.39	-	-	1,351.39	1,351.39
Borrowings - (Current)	-	-	1,972.14	1,972.14	-	-	1,972.14	1,972.14
Trade payables	-	-	5,985.90	5,985.90	-	-	5,985.90	5,985.90
Other financial liabilities (Current)	-	-	2,890.84	2,890.84	-	-	2,890.84	2,890.84
	-	-	12,263.72	12,263.72	-	-	12,263.72	12,263.72

B. Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used:

Financial instruments measured at fair value

Type	Valuation technique
Forward contracts for foreign exchange contracts	Forward pricing : The fair value is determined using quoted forward exchange rates at the reporting date and present value calculations based on high credit quality yield curves in the respective currencies.
Non current financial assets / liabilities measured at amortised cost	Discounted cash flow technique : The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using an appropriate discounting rate.

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE- 34: EXPLANATORY INFORMATION AND OTHER ADDITIONAL NOTES

A. Contingent liabilities not provided for:

Rupees in Lacs

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Disputed matters in appeal / contested in respect of:		
- Income Tax	24.26	24.26
- Excise Duty/ Service Tax (Rs. 91.02 Lacs paid PY.Rs. 38.77 Lacs Paid)	611.85	620.96
- VAT (Rs. 31.20 Lacs Paid PY Rs.66.48 Lacs paid)	236.39	492.72
Bank guarantees	1,281.29	966.30

It is not possible for the Company to estimate the timing of cash flows, if any, in respect of above pending matters.

B. Capital and other commitment:

Rupees in Lacs

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital Account and not provided for (net of advances)	502.14	531.71

C. Trade receivables include:

Rupees in Lacs

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Debts due from Companies in which directors are interested		
Grauer & Weil Engineering Private Limited	5.68	5.63
Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited	-	24.37
Growel Chemicals Co. Limited	245.22	255.91

D. Loans and advances include:

Rupees in Lacs

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
a) Loans to an Associate Company		
Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited - (including interest of Rs. 0.89 Lacs, Previous year Rs. 11.13 Lacs)	45.97	52.17
b) Advances due from a Subsidiary Company - On account of expenses		
Grauer & Weil (UK) Limited	-	1.93

E. Disclosure pursuant to Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

Loan to an Associate Company:

	Amount Outstanding	Maximum Balance during the year	Shares held by the Loanee Company	
			No. of Shares held at the year end	Maximum No. of Shares held during the year
	Rupees in Lacs			
Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited	45.08	45.08	Nil	Nil
	(41.04)	(41.04)	(Nil)	(Nil)

Notes:

- The above loan advanced prior to April 1, 2014 for the purpose of working capital carries an interest @ 8% p.a. (PY @ 8% p.a.)
- Refer Note 5 for investments.
- Previous year figures are in brackets.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

- F.** In the opinion of the Board, the current assets, loans and advances are approximately of the value stated if realised in the ordinary course of the business.
- G.** Research & Development activities during the year at its R&D Centre at Kandivli and at its Paint Division at Chembur:

Rupees in Lacs

Nos.	Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
i)	Salaries, Wages, Bonus & Allowances	741.62	684.32
ii)	Chemicals consumed	126.52	138.08
iii)	Travelling & Conveyance	49.80	58.22
iv)	Repairs & Maintenance	11.83	25.84
v)	Other expenses	18.73	12.30
	Total	948.50	918.76
	Less : Testing & analysis charges	(12.40)	(11.82)
	Total	936.10	906.94

Notes:

- Depreciation includes **Rs.106.12 Lacs** (P.Y. Rs.97.06 Lacs) in respect of fixed assets used for research & development.
- Capital expenditure on research & development during the year is **Rs.203.86 Lacs** (P.Y. Rs.71.99 Lacs).
- The Company has received the approval of In-house Research & Development facility at R&D centre, Kandivli, Mumbai & B. D. Patil Marg, Chembur, Mumbai granted by Government of India, Ministry of Science & Technology, Department of Scientific & Industrial Research vide their Letter No. TU/IV-RD/113/2016 dated 14th September, 2016 for the period April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2020. The recognition for these facilities has been further extended by Government of India, Ministry of Science & Technology, Department of Scientific & Industrial Research vide their Letter No. TU/IV-RD/113/2020 dated April 1, 2020 for a further period 3 years upto March 31, 2023.
- The Research & Development expenditure incurred during the year at other locations of the Company not included in above is as follows:

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Revenue expenditure	44.41	65.50
Capital expenditure	23.66	25.70

* Including expenditure incurred in setting up and operations of new R&D lab at Dadra

- H.** The Company enters into forward exchange contracts being derivative instruments, which are not intended for trading or speculative purposes, but for hedge purposes, to establish the amount of reporting currency required or available at the date of settlement.

i. Outstanding position in respect of forward exchange contracts:

Purpose	No. of Contracts	US Dollar	JPY	Equivalent INR
		Amount in Lacs		
Forward contracts in respect of foreign currency payables	13 (23)	7.09 (7.34)	42.63 (534.37)	553.07 (876.35)

ii. Un-hedged foreign currency exposure:

Particulars	JPY	USD	EURO	GBP	BDT	Equivalent INR
	Amount in Lacs					
Receivable	17.73 (0.06)	3.21 (17.10)	0.36 (1.92)	0.58 (0.04)	0.01 (0.01)	354.01 (1,317.41)
Payable	-	12.06	-	-	-	715.14
	-	-	(0.05)	-	-	(3.64)

Previous year figures are in brackets.

- Mark to Market Profit on Forward cover as on March 31, 2020 is **Rs. 13.95 Lacs** (P.Y. Loss of Rs. 28.07 Lacs)

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

I. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006

The information given below and that given in Note 18: Trade Payables regarding Micro and Small enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Rupees in Lacs

Nos.	Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
i)	Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED	791.20	686.18
ii)	Interest accrued and due to suppliers under MSMED on above amount, unpaid	1.98	1.17
iii)	Payments made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond the appointed date during the year	1,410.45	1,160.50
iv)	Interest paid to suppliers under the MSMED	-	-
v)	Interest due and payable towards suppliers under MSMED Act towards payments already made	17.57	13.82
vi)	Amount of cumulative interest accrued and unpaid as at the year-end	87.01	67.47

J. Details of Contracts in progress

Rupees in Lacs

	Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
a)	Contract receipt for work done	3,288.17	807.46
b)	Contract costs for work done	3,105.78	629.92
c)	Amount of retention	136.76	109.67
d)	Amount due from customers for contract billing	402.80	74.95
e)	Amount due to sub contractors for contract billing	907.66	292.32

K. Donations to a political party

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Donations to a political party	11.00	0.45

L. The Company has investment in Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited of **Rs. 83.83 Lacs** (P.Y. Rs. 83.83 Lacs). Pursuant to the effective steps taken by Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited, its net worth for two successive years i.e. 2018 & 2019 has been reported positive.

M. Corporate Social Responsibility

Rupees in Lacs

			2019-20
Average Net Profit for last three years			8,578.23
			(7069.72)
Gross amount required to be spent during the year			171.56
			(141.39)
Amount spent during the year on:	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
(i) Construction/ Acquisition of an asset	-	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	82.87	-	82.87
	(30.51)	-	(30.51)

Previous year figures are in brackets.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

N. Segment reporting

The following tables present revenue and profit/(loss) information regarding business/ geographical segments for the year ended March 31, 2020 and certain assets and liabilities information regarding business and geographical segments as at March 31, 2020

a) Primary Segment information

Rupees in Lacs

	Surface Finishings	Engineering	Shoppertainment	Total
Segment revenue				
Income from operations	53,413.23 (52,118.89)	4,897.63 (4,528.71)	3,394.07 (3,267.44)	61,704.93 (59,915.04)
Less : Inter segment revenue	-	-	-	-
Add : Other income	252.69 (301.98)	40.37 (13.86)	45.10 (166.87)	338.16 (482.71)
Add : Unallocable				849.21 (670.36)
Total Revenue	53,665.92 (52,420.87)	4,938.00 (4,542.57)	3,439.17 (3,434.31)	62,892.30 (61,068.11)
Segment Results	9,648.41 (9,842.02)	139.55 (251.07)	2,357.40 (2,398.13)	12,145.36 (12,491.22)
Less : Finance cost				260.18 (79.30)
Less : Other unallocable expenditure net of unallocable Income				2,348.88 (3,015.62)
Profit Before Tax				9,536.30 (9,396.30)
Less: Provision for current and deferred tax				1,956.87 (3,025.13)
Profit After Tax				7,579.43 (6,371.17)
Segment Assets	33,651.84 (30,823.71)	2,531.60 (2,557.96)	9,595.52 (10,163.04)	45,778.96 (43,544.71)
Unallocated corporate assets				18,489.85 (14,585.74)
Total Assets				64,268.81 (58,130.45)
Segment Liabilities	10,780.60 (8,281.80)	1,852.06 (2,058.54)	2,191.82 (2,085.16)	14,824.48 (12,425.50)
Unallocated corporate liabilities				49,444.33 (45,704.95)
Total Liabilities				64,268.81 (58,130.45)
Capital expenditure	1,562.75 (1,447.99)	71.51 (22.68)	173.31 (189.02)	
Depreciation	973.86 (761.12)	82.03 (35.67)	687.46 (662.44)	

b) Secondary segment information

Rupees in Lacs

	Domestic	Foreign	Total
Revenue	57,781.87 (55,845.77)	5,110.43 (5,222.34)	62,892.30 (61,068.11)
Total Assets	63,155.22 (57,472.40)	1,113.59 (658.05)	64,268.81 (58,130.45)

Previous year figures are in brackets.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

O. Related party disclosures

a) List of related parties

Subsidiaries

Grauer & Weil (Shanghai) Limited
Grauer & Weil (UK) Limited
Growel Chemicals Co. Limited

Associates

Grauer & Weil Engineering Private limited (erstwhile Growel Goema (I) Private Limited)
Growel Sidasa Industries Private Limited
Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited

Key Management Personnel, their relatives and enterprises where significant influence exists, with whom the Company had transactions during the year

Key Management Personnel

Mr. Umeshkumar More	Chairman
Mr. Nirajkumar More	Managing Director
Mr. Rohitkumar More	Whole Time Director
Mr. Vinod Haritwal	CEO & Whole Time Director
Mr. Suresh Pareek	Independent Director
Mr. Yogesh Samat (Up to 24/03/2020)	Independent Director
Mr. Yogesh Samat (From 25/03/2020 to 30/03/2020)	COO & Director
Mr. Tarun Kumar Govil	Independent Director
Mrs. Aarti Shah	Independent Director
Mr. Jagdish Kadam (Upto 13/11/2018)	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Gurinder Singh Gulati (From 14/11/2018)	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Chintan K. Gandhi	Company Secretary

Enterprises of Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Bubna More and Company LLP
Digikore Design Private Limited
Digikore Studios Private Limited
Growel Corporate Management Limited
Growel Projects LLP
Growel Softech Private Limited
Poona Bottling Company Private Limited
Radhakishan Nandlal LLP
Ridhi Sidhi Limited
Waluj Beverages LLP
Nirajkumar Umeshkumar More (HUF)

Relatives of Key Management Personnel

Mr. Rameshkumar More	Father of Mr. Rohitkumar More
Mrs. Premrata More	Wife of Mr. Umeshkumar More
Mrs. Pallavi More	Wife of Mr. Nirajkumar More
Mrs. Manisha Dujodwala	Daughter of Mr. Umeshkumar More
Mrs. Shivani Rajgarhia	Daughter of Mr. Umeshkumar More
Mrs. Dinal Gandhi	Wife of Mr. Chintan K. Gandhi
Mr. Aman More	Son of Mr. Nirajkumar More
Mr. Yash More	Son of Mr. Nirajkumar More
Nirajkumar More (HUF)	Mr. Nirajkumar More (Karta)

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

b) Related Party Transactions (Excluding Reimbursements)

Rupees in Lacs

Particulars	Subsidiary		Associates		Enterprise of KMP		KMP		Relatives of KMP		Total	
	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19
Directors Sitting fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.55	5.05	-	-	5.55	5.05
Commission to Directors	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.20	16.20	-	-	16.20	16.20
Interest Received	-	-	11.13	3.34	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.13	3.34
Interest paid	-	-	-	-	45.42	45.30	9.42	9.40	-	-	54.84	54.70
Rent Paid	-	-	-	-	14.40	14.10	34.38	29.10	24.12	21.00	72.90	64.20
Rent/ Hire Charges Received	-	-	-	-	2.52	2.77	-	-	-	-	2.52	2.77
Sales	255.46	333.79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	255.46	333.79
Services paid	-	-	-	-	52.33	44.06	-	-	-	-	52.33	44.06
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	978.80	534.93	466.78	254.37	294.23	159.38	1,739.81	948.68
Managerial remuneration#	-	-	-	-	-	-	505.28	506.54	-	-	505.28	506.54
Salary	-	-	-	-	-	-	81.05	68.01	93.78	97.80	174.83	165.80
Bad debts written off	-	9.81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.81
Professional fees paid	-	-	-	-	-	2.75	-	4.85	3.30	4.10	3.30	11.70
Outstanding loans given	-	-	45.97	52.17	-	-	-	-	-	-	45.97	52.17
Advances receivable	-	1.93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.93
Creditors	-	-	-	-	14.65	12.14	4.75	-	-	-	19.40	12.14
Debtors	245.22	255.91	5.68	30.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	250.90	285.92
Unsecured loan taken	-	-	-	-	453.00	453.00	94.00	94.00	-	-	547.00	547.00

Note:

- The detailed disclosure of the investments in Subsidiaries / Associates and Joint Ventures is given in Note No 5 forming part of the Balance Sheet.
- The Company has during the year written off bad debts/advances amounting to **Rs. 1.93 Lacs** (Previous year Rs. 9.81 Lacs) with respect to subsidiaries.
- ** includes interest of **Rs. 0.89 Lacs** (previous year Rs. 11.13 Lacs)
- #Managerial Remuneration does not include provision for gratuity which is determined for the Company as a whole.

P. Earnings Per Share

Particulars		2019-20	2018-19
Profit for the year	(Rupees in Lacs)	7,579.43	6,371.17
Weighted average number of Equity Shares	(Nos. in Lacs)	2,267.06	2,267.06
(Face Value Re. 1 per share)			
Basic Earnings per share	(Rupees)	3.34	2.81
Diluted Earnings per share	(Rupees)	3.34	2.81

- Q. The adoption of Ind AS 116 has resulted in recognition of 'Right of Use' asset of Rs. 311.62 Lacs, and a lease liability of Rs.372.36 Lacs. The cumulative effect of applying the standard, amounting to Rs. 60.74 Lacs was debited to retained earnings, net of taxes amounting to Rs. 39.51 Lacs. The effect of this adoption is insignificant on the profit for the period and earnings per share. Ind AS 116 will result in an increase in cash inflows from operating activities and an increase in cash outflows from financing activities on account of lease payments.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities as at April 01, 2019 is 8% p.a.

The changes in the carrying value of right of use (ROU) assets for the year ended March 31, 2020 are disclosed in Note 3.

Rupees in Lacs

Particulars	Amount
ROU Balance as on April 01, 2019 (Reclassified on account of adoption of Ind AS 116 (Refer Note 3))	1,579.11
Additions (Refer Note 3)	477.67
Amortisation cost accrued during the year (Refer Note 3)	(227.43)
ROU Balance as on March 31, 2020	1,829.35

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Rupees in Lacs

Particulars	Amount
Lease Liabilities as on April 01, 2019	-
Additions	538.41
Interest cost accrued during the year	30.07
Payment of lease liabilities	(223.53)
Lease Liabilities as on March 31, 2020	344.95

Rupees in Lacs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020
Current Lease Liabilities	126.19
Non-current Lease Liabilities	218.76
Total Lease Liabilities	344.95

The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

Rental expense recorded for short-term leases or cancelable leases in nature was Rs. 74.28 Lacs for the year ended March 31, 2020.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as of March 31, 2020 on an undiscounted basis:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020
Not later than one year	145.70
Later than one year and not later than five years	170.28
Later than five years	1,892.01

- R.** The Company is closely monitoring the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on its business operations. Whilst reduced off-take from customers due to curtailed production volumes at their end and challenges of manpower availability are likely to have impact on its surface finishing's business segment for some time to come, significantly curtailed mall operations with only a few take-away food counters operating from it along with some sections of a multi-retail chain store are significantly impacting Company's shoppertainment business segment.

The Company however, believes that the impact of COVID-19 is likely to be short term in nature. With its multi-locational operations spread across multiple business segments and other proactive steps taken by Company, no medium to long term risk is anticipated by Company in its ability to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due impacting going concern.

The situation created by Covid-19 continues to hold some uncertainties for the future and in view of the highly uncertain economic environment, a definitive assessment of the impact on the subsequent period is highly dependent upon circumstances as they evolve.

- S.** Previous Years figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever required.

Signatures to Notes 1 to 34 which form an integral part of these financial statements

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

KIRON MALLAPUR

Partner
Membership No. 036336

Mumbai: July 29, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

UMESHKUMAR MORE

Chairman
DIN: 00112662

VINOD HARITWAL

CEO & Director
DIN: 00112862

CHINTAN K. GANDHI

Company Secretary
Membership No. 21369

NIRAJKUMAR MORE

Managing Director
DIN: 00113191

GURINDER SINGH GULATI

CFO & President Commercial
Membership No. 090728

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF GRAUER & WEIL (INDIA) LIMITED

Report on the Audit of Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

1. Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements of **Grauer & Weil (India) Limited** (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its Associates, which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020 and the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other Comprehensive Income), consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs (financial position) of the Group and its associates as at March 31, 2020, and its consolidated profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), the consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

2. Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group and associates in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

3. Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 33 H in the Notes to the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements which describes the impact of the outbreak of Corona virus (COVID-19) on the business operations of the Group. In view of the highly uncertain economic environment, a definitive assessment of the impact on the subsequent periods is highly dependent upon circumstances as they evolve.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

4. Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Our Response
I	<p>Evaluation of Provisions and Contingent Liabilities w.r.t. litigations and claims</p> <p>The Group has uncertain positions including matters under dispute which involves significant judgement to determine the possible outcome of the disputes</p>	<p>We performed the following substantive procedures:</p> <p>Testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls around the recognition and measurement of provisions and re-assessment of development of contingent liabilities.</p> <p>We have assessed the value of significant provisions and contingent liabilities in light of the nature of the exposures, applicable regulations and related correspondence with the authorities.</p> <p>Evaluating judgements made by the Group by comparing the estimates of prior year to the actual outcome.</p> <p>Assessing the Group's disclosures in the financial statements in respect of provisions and contingent liabilities.</p>

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Our Response
2	<p>Defined benefit obligation</p> <p>The valuation of the retirement benefit schemes in the Group is determined with reference to various actuarial assumptions including discount rate, future salary increases, rate of inflation, mortality rates and attrition rates. Due to the size of these schemes, small changes in these assumptions can have a material impact on the estimated defined benefit obligation</p>	<p>We have examined the key controls over the process involving member data, formulation of assumptions and the financial reporting process in arriving at the provision for retirement benefits. We tested the controls for determining the actuarial assumptions and the approval of those assumptions by senior management. We found these key controls were designed, implemented and operated effectively, and therefore determined that we could place reliance on these key controls for the purposes of our audit.</p> <p>We tested the employee data used in calculating the obligation and where material, we also considered the treatment of curtailments, settlements, past service costs, re-measurements, benefits paid, and any other amendments made to obligations during the year. From the evidence obtained, we found the data and assumptions used by management in the actuarial valuations for retirement benefit obligations to be appropriate.</p>

5. Information Other than the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's Board Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Management Discussion and Analysis, Report on Corporate Governance, but does not include the consolidated Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

6. Management's Responsibility and those charged with Governance for the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associates in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the Companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and its associates and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for assessing the Group's and of its associates ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or any of its associates, or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associates.

7. Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SA's, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and of its associates to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and of its associates to cease to continue as a going concern. Refer Note 33 H to the consolidated Ind AS financial statements which describes the impact of the outbreak of Corona virus (COVID-19) on the business operations of the Group. In view of the highly uncertain economic environment, a definitive assessment of the impact on the subsequent periods is highly dependent upon circumstances as they evolve.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associate to express an opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

8. Other Matters

- Due to the COVID-19 related lock-down we were not able to participate in the physical verification of inventory that was carried out by the management of the holding company subsequent to the year end. Consequently we have performed alternate procedures to audit the existence of inventory as per the guidance provided in SA 501 "Audit Evidence –Specific Considerations for Selected Items" and have obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to issue our unmodified opinion on these consolidated Ind AS financial statements. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.
- The consolidated Ind AS financial statements include the audited financial results of two subsidiaries whose financial statements/financial information reflect total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of Rs 456.98 lakhs as at December 31, 2019, total revenue (before consolidation adjustments) of Rs 521.24 lakhs and total net profit after tax (before consolidation adjustments) of Rs 8.44 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, which have been audited by their respective independent auditors. The consolidated Ind AS financial statements also include the Group's share of loss (before consolidation adjustments) of Rs 4.61 lakhs for the year ended December 31, 2019 as considered in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements in respect of an associate whose financial statements/financial information have been audited by its independent auditor. The independent auditors' reports on financial statements/financial information of these entities have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these entities is based solely on the report of such auditors and the procedures performed by us are as stated in the paragraph above.

The consolidated Ind AS financial statements include the unaudited financial results of a subsidiary whose financial statements/financial information reflect total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of Rs 7.72 lakhs as at December 31, 2019, total revenue (before consolidation adjustments) of Rs Nil and total net profit/(loss) after tax (before consolidation adjustments) of Rs Nil for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated annual financial results. The consolidated Ind AS financial statements also include the Group's share of loss (before consolidation adjustments) of Rs 0.40 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2020 as considered in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements in respect of two associates whose financial statements/financial information is unaudited.. These unaudited financial statements/financial information have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated annual financial results in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these entities is based solely on such annual financial statements/financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, these financial statements/financial information is not material to the Group.

The subsidiaries and an associate are located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries. The Holding Company's Management have converted the financial statements of these entities to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's Management.

Our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial results is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance of the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements/financial information certified by the Management

9. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law maintained by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries included in the Group and its associates including relevant records relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the certification of the Management.
- c) The consolidated Balance Sheet, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and on the basis of representations made by the respective Board of Directors of the associates, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) This report does not contain a separate report on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group under clause (i) of sub section 3 of section 143 of the Act as there are no subsidiaries incorporated in India.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Holding Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The consolidated Ind AS financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated Ind AS financial position of the Group and its associates – Refer Note 33 E to the consolidated financial statements;
 - ii. The Group has long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were no material foreseeable losses; and
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company. There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the associate companies incorporated in India.

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

Kiron Mallapur

Partner
Membership No.036336
UDIN: 20036336AAAAJ3987

Place: Mumbai
Date: July 29, 2020

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2020

Rupees in Lacs

	Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2	22,159.02	23,024.26
Capital work-in-progress		131.94	308.19
Right of use assets	3	1,829.35	-
Other intangible assets	4	103.66	113.48
Financial assets			
Investments	5	32.55	119.04
Loans	6	45.08	42.98
Other financial assets	7	1,409.43	1,489.48
Income tax assets (net)	8	263.63	266.11
Other non-current assets	9	175.02	175.00
		26,149.68	25,538.54
Current assets			
Inventories	10	10,840.08	9,302.50
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	11	11,394.70	11,181.40
Cash and cash equivalents	12A	3,345.08	3,868.48
Other balances with banks	12B	10,580.92	6,393.00
Loans	6	-	-
Other financial assets	7	145.26	171.93
Other current assets	9	1,738.37	1,664.57
		38,044.41	32,581.88
Total assets		64,194.09	58,120.42
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	SOCE	2,267.06	2,267.06
Other equity	SOCE	42,213.49	37,857.55
		44,480.55	40,124.61
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	13	20.06	63.45
Lease liabilities		218.76	-
Other financial liabilities	14	1,272.69	1,351.39
Provisions	15	2,059.94	1,783.72
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	16	1,232.33	1,727.78
		4,803.78	4,926.34
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	13	1,859.86	1,972.14
Lease liabilities		126.19	-
Trade payables			
Due to micro and small enterprises	18	791.20	686.18
Due to other than micro and small enterprises	18	7,364.12	5,307.07
Other financial liabilities	14	2,965.25	2,891.88
Other current liabilities	17	1,181.66	1,692.18
Provisions	15	213.49	201.54
Current tax liabilities (net)	19	407.99	318.48
		14,909.76	13,069.47
Total equity and liabilities		19,713.54	17,995.81
Significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates and judgements	I	64,194.09	58,120.42
Explanatory information and other additional notes	2-33		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

UMESHKUMAR MORE

Chairman

DIN: 00112662

NIRAJKUMAR MORE

Managing Director

DIN: 00113191

KIRON MALLAPUR

Partner

Membership No. 036336

VINOD HARITWAL

CEO & Director

DIN: 00112862

GURINDER SINGH GULATI

CFO & President Commercial

Membership No. 090728

CHINTAN K. GANDHI

Company Secretary

Membership No. 21369

Mumbai: July 29, 2020

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Rupees in Lacs

	Note	2019-20	2018-19
INCOME			
Revenue from operations	20	61,940.28	60,108.10
Other income	21	1,186.68	1,156.20
Total income		63,126.96	61,264.30
EXPENSES			
Cost of materials consumed	22	32,573.17	31,724.46
Purchase of stock-in-trade	23	609.76	395.56
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	24	(1,828.20)	(113.21)
Employee benefits expense	25	7,427.40	6,802.17
Finance costs	26	260.87	79.63
Depreciation and amortisation	27	1,900.98	1,548.57
Other expenses	28	13,501.45	10,796.00
Total expenses		54,445.43	51,233.18
Profit before exceptional items and tax		8,681.53	10,031.12
Exceptional items (Refer note 29)		859.42	(618.78)
Profit before tax		9,540.95	9,412.34
Tax expense			
Current tax		2,392.00	2,988.00
Deferred tax		(435.13)	37.13
		1,956.87	3,025.13
Profit after tax		7,584.08	6,387.21
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss			
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan		(146.94)	(5.80)
Income tax on remeasurement of defined benefit plan		36.98	2.03
Total other comprehensive income		(109.96)	(3.77)
Total comprehensive income for the year		7,474.12	6,383.44
Earnings per equity share (in rupees)			
Basic		3.35	2.82
Diluted		3.35	2.82
Significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates and judgements	I		
Explanatory information and other additional notes	2-33		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

UMESHKUMAR MORE

Chairman
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Membership No. 090728

CHINTAN K. GANDHI

Company Secretary
Membership No. 21369

Mumbai: July 29, 2020

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before exceptional item & tax	8,681.53	10,031.12
Exceptional Item (Refer note 29)	859.42	(618.78)
Profit before tax	9,540.95	9,412.34
Adjustment for :		
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	1,900.98	1,548.57
Bad debts written off	161.32	238.01
Allowance for doubtful debt	23.43	-
Sundry balances written back	(67.76)	(92.70)
Finance costs	260.87	79.63
Loss by Fire	-	618.78
Loss/(gain) on fixed assets sold/discarded (net)	5.04	(15.30)
Net unrealised foreign exchange loss/(gain)	(98.55)	75.87
Net loss/(gain) arising on fair value change	44.46	(0.92)
Interest income	(760.74)	(678.38)
Dividend income	(0.44)	(0.40)
Operating profit before working capital changes	11,009.56	11,185.50
Adjustments for changes in working capital		
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	(354.48)	(2,637.41)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(1,537.58)	(2,860.84)
(Increase)/decrease in non current asset	106.49	(41.43)
(Increase)/decrease in current financial asset	(73.80)	(653.16)
(Increase)/decrease in other current asset	26.67	(14.19)
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	2,164.58	437.32
Increase/(decrease) in other non current liabilities	(209.80)	(261.65)
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	(230.56)	1,280.93
Increase/(decrease) in non current provisions	182.07	171.56
Increase/(decrease) in current provisions	11.50	25.14
Cash generated from operations	11,094.65	6,631.77
Less: Direct taxes paid	(2,300.01)	(3,380.99)
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	8,794.64	3,250.78
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payment towards purchase of fixed assets	(2,275.26)	(4,507.65)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	68.87	34.85
Deposits/balance with banks with maturity more than 3 months	(4,222.53)	2,541.50
Interest received and dividend received	761.18	617.08
Net cash flow from investing activities (B)	(5,667.74)	(1,314.22)

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Lease Liability Payment	(193.46)	-
Net proceeds/(repayment) of hire purchase credits	(75.81)	(31.47)
Proceeds/(repayment) of working capital facilities	(112.28)	1,425.14
Interest paid	(267.34)	11.21
Dividend and corporate dividend tax	(3,001.41)	(1,629.63)
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	(3,650.30)	(224.75)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(523.40)	1,711.81
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year (Refer Note 12A)	3,868.48	2,156.67
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 12A)	3,868.48	1,954.15
Current investments	-	202.52
Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year (Refer Note 12A)	3,345.08	3,868.48
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 12A)	3,345.08	3,868.48
	3,345.08	3,868.48

Note:

- The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect Method.
- Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Opening balance	2,111.41	717.74
Cash inflow/(outflow) of non current borrowings	(43.39)	(30.08)
Cash inflow/(outflow) of current borrowings	(144.70)	1,423.75
Closing balance	1,923.32	2,111.41

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

KIRON MALLAPUR

Partner
Membership No. 036336

Mumbai: July 29, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

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CFO & President Commercial
Membership No. 090728

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Rupees in Lacs

EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised share capital	500,000,000	5,000.00	500,000,000	5,000.00
Issued share capital	226,705,750	2,267.06	226,705,750	2,267.06
Subscribed share capital	226,705,750	2,267.06	226,705,750	2,267.06
Fully paid-up share capital	226,705,750	2,267.06	226,705,750	2,267.06
Balance at the beginning of the year	226,705,750	2,267.06	226,705,750	2,267.06
Changes in equity share capital during the year:				
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting year	226,705,750	2,267.06	226,705,750	2,267.06

Rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to each class of shares including restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital.

The Holding Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Re. 1 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

Shares in the Holding Company held by each shareholder holding more than five per cent shares	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
Mr. Umeshkumar More	22,805,999	10.06%	22,805,999	10.06%
Mr. Nirajkumar More	17,852,106	7.87%	17,852,106	7.87%
Mrs. Premlata More	12,724,455	5.61%	12,724,455	5.61%
M/s Growel Projects Limited	12,558,000	5.54%	12,558,000	5.54%
M/s Poona Bottling Company Private Limited	42,866,573	18.91%	42,500,050	18.75%
M/s Ridhi Sidhi Limited	32,359,000	14.27%	32,359,000	14.27%

Rupees in Lacs

OTHER EQUITY	Reserves and Surplus				Other Comprehensive Income(OCI)	TOTAL
	General Reserve	Capital Reserve	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	
Balance as at April 01, 2018	32,506.15	91.38	(348.30)	1,094.89	(261.29)	33,082.83
Profit for the year ending March 31, 2019	-	-	-	6,387.21	-	6,387.21
Adjustment in carrying value	30.48	-	-	-	-	30.48
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	0.63	-	-	0.63
Other comprehensive income for the year ending March 31, 2019	-	-	-	-	(3.77)	(3.77)
Total comprehensive income for the year ending March 31, 2019	32,536.63	91.38	(347.67)	7,482.10	(265.06)	39,497.38
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:						
Dividends and dividend distribution tax						
- Final Dividend FY 2017-18 (Rs. 0.60 per share) {FY 2016-17 Rs. 0.40 per share}	-	-	-	(1,360.23)	-	(1,360.23)
- Dividend distribution tax	-	-	-	(279.60)	-	(279.60)
Transfer to general reserve	4,500.00	-	-	(4,500.00)	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2019	37,036.63	91.38	(347.67)	1,342.27	(265.06)	37,857.55

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Rupees in Lacs

OTHER EQUITY	Reserves and Surplus				Other Comprehensive Income(OCI)	TOTAL
	General Reserve	Capital Reserve	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	
Profit for year ending March 31, 2020	-	-	-	7,584.08	-	7,584.08
Adjustment in carrying value	(89.34)	-	-	-	-	(89.34)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	23.10	-	-	23.10
Less: Charge on account of transitional adjustment on lease Ind AS 116 (net off deferred tax Rs. 23.34 Lacs)	(45.58)	-	-	-	-	(45.58)
Other comprehensive income for the year ending March 31, 2020	-	-	-	-	(109.96)	(109.96)
Total comprehensive income for the year ending March 31, 2020	36,901.71	91.38	(324.57)	8,926.35	(375.02)	45,219.85
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:						
Dividends and dividend distribution tax						
- Final Dividend FY 2018-19 (Rs. 0.60 per share) {FY 2017-18 Rs. 0.60 per share}	-	-	-	(1,360.23)	-	(1,360.23)
- Interim Dividend FY 2019-20 (Rs. 0.50 per share)	-	-	-	(1,133.53)	-	(1,133.53)
- Dividend distribution tax	-	-	-	(512.60)	-	(512.60)
Transfer to general reserve	5,000.00	-	-	(5,000.00)	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	41,901.71	91.38	(324.57)	919.99	(375.02)	42,213.49

Nature and Purpose of each component of equity	Nature and Purpose
i. General reserve	General reserve represents accumulated profits and is created by transfer of profits from retained earnings and it is not an item of other comprehensive income and the same shall not be subsequently reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss.
ii. Retained earnings	Retained earnings are the profit that the Group has earned till date less any transfer to general reserve and dividends.
iii. Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Gains/losses arising on remeasurements of defined benefit plans are recognised in the other comprehensive income as per Ind AS-19 and shall not be reclassified to the Statement of Profit or Loss in the subsequent years.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

KIRON MALLAPUR

Partner
Membership No. 036336

Mumbai: July 29, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

UMESHKUMAR MORE

Chairman
DIN: 00112662

VINOD HARITWAL

CEO & Director
DIN: 00112862

CHINTAN K. GANDHI

Company Secretary
Membership No. 21369

NIRAJKUMAR MORE

Managing Director
DIN: 00113191

GURINDER SINGH GULATI

CFO & President Commercial
Membership No. 090728

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

A) General Information:

Grauer & Weil (India) Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (together to as 'the Group') and its associates are engaged in the business of manufacturing and selling of Surface Finishings besides Engineering and Shoppertainment business. The Group has its business operations mainly in India, Europe and the Far East. The Holding Company is a Public limited Company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at Growel Corporate, Akurli Road, Kandivli (East), Mumbai 400 101. The Group presently has its manufacturing facilities in Dadra, Vapi (Gujarat), Barotiwala (Himachal Pradesh) and Samba (Jammu & Kashmir) and Engineering division at Khed (Pune District) and a Mall at Kandivli (Mumbai).

B) Basis of preparation of Consolidated financial statements:

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out in para C below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

i) Statement of compliance:

These Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and subsequent amendments thereto.

The Consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended March 31, 2020 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated July 29, 2020.

ii) Basis of preparation and presentation:

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis considering the applicable provisions of Companies Act 2013, except for the following material items that have been measured at fair value as required by the relevant Ind AS. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services at the time of initial recognition.

- a) Certain financial assets/liabilities measured at fair value (*Refer Note 32 - Fair Values and Hierarchy*)
- b) Employees Defined Benefit Plan as per actuarial valuation
- c) Any other item as specifically stated in the accounting policy.

The Group reclassifies comparable amounts unless impracticable and whenever the Group changes the presentation or classification of items in financial statements materially. No such material reclassification has been made during the year.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is the functional currency of the Holding Company and the currency of the primary economic environment in which Group operates. Figures have been rounded off to rupees Lacs unless otherwise stated.

iii) Basis and principle of consolidation:

The financial statements of the group and its associates have been prepared in compliance with Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and those of foreign subsidiaries and a foreign associate have been prepared in compliance with the local laws and applicable Accounting Standards. Necessary adjustments for material differences in the accounting policies, if any, have been made in the consolidated financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:-

a) Investment in subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of that entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

The Group combines the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries line by line adding together the items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities within the Group are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

b) Investments in associates:

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. Investment in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting after initially being recognised at cost

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post acquisition profits or losses of the investee in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Group's share of Other Comprehensive Income of the Investee in Other Comprehensive Income. Dividends received or receivable from associates are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an equity accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its Associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. The carrying amount of equity accounted investments are tested for impairment.

c) Foreign subsidiaries:

Revenue items have been consolidated at the average rate of foreign exchange prevailing during the year. The assets and liabilities, both monetary and non-monetary, of the non-integral foreign operations are translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising on monetary and non-monetary items that in substance forms part of the Group's net investments in non-integral foreign operations are accumulated in the Foreign Currency Translation Reserve.

d) Information on subsidiaries / associate companies:

The following subsidiaries are considered in the consolidated financial statements:

Sr. No.	Particulars	% Shares held as at March 31, 2020	% Shares held as at March 31, 2019	Country of Incorporation
i	Grauer & Weil (Shanghai) Limited	100%	100%	China
ii	Grauer & Weil (UK) Limited	100%	100%	England
iii	Growel Chemicals Co. Limited	100%	100%	Thailand

The Financial Statements of the subsidiary companies viz Grauer & Weil (Shanghai) Limited and Growel Chemicals Co. Limited used in the consolidation are drawn up to December 31, 2019 and that of Grauer & Weil (UK) Limited upto June 30, 2019 respectively.

The following associate companies are considered in the consolidated financial statements:

Sr. No.	Particulars	% Shares held as at March 31, 2020	% Shares held as at March 31, 2019	Country of Incorporation
i	Grauer & Weil Engineering Private Limited	29.99%	29.99%	India
ii	Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited	48.99%	48.99%	Thailand
iii	Growel Sidasa Industries Private Limited	49.80%	49.80%	India

iv) Major sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of accounting policies which are described in Para C below, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, income and expenses, contingent liabilities and the accompanying disclosures that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant and are prudent and reasonable. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future period.

The few critical estimations and judgments made in applying accounting policies are:

- Inventories:

Inventory obsolescence is based on assessment of the future uses. In all cases, inventory is carried at the lower of historical cost and net realisable value.

- Lease:

Lease accounting after evaluating the right to use the underlying assets, substance of the transactions including legally enforceable arrangements and other significant terms and conditions of the arrangement to conclude whether the arrangements meet the criteria under Ind AS 116.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

- Impairment of non-financial assets:

For calculating the recoverable amount of non-financial assets, the Group is required to estimate the value-in-use of the asset or the Cash Generating Unit and the fair value less cost of disposal. For calculating value-in-use the Group is required to estimate the cash flows to be generated from using the asset. The fair value of an asset is estimated using a valuation technique where observable prices are not available. Further the discount rate used in value-in-use calculations includes an estimate of risk assessment specific to the asset.

- Impairment of financial assets:

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

- Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligations are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rate. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

- Fair value measurement of financial instruments:

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

- Income tax and Deferred tax assets :

Significant judgements are involved in estimating budgeted profits for the purpose of paying advance tax, determining the provision for income taxes, including amounts expected to be paid/reversed for uncertain tax positions.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the losses can be utilised. Accordingly the Group exercises judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

- Covid 19 pandemic :

The Group has evaluated impact of the Covid 19 pandemic on its business operations and financial position and based on its review of current indicators of future economic conditions, there is no significant impact on its financial statements as at March 31, 2020. However, the impact assessment of COVID-19 is a continuing process given the uncertainties associated with its nature and duration and accordingly the impact may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements. The Group will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

C) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

I) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE):

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses if any, except for freehold land which is not depreciated. Cost includes purchase price (after deducting trade discount / rebate) import duties, non-refundable taxes, cost of replacing the component parts, borrowing costs and other directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition in the manner intended by the management.

Spares parts procured along with the Plant and Equipment or subsequently which meets the definition and recognition criteria of PPE considering the concept of materiality are capitalized and added to the carrying amount of such items. The carrying amount of those spare parts that are replaced is derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon disposal. Other machinery spares are treated as 'stores and spares' forming part of the inventory. If the cost of the replaced part is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part was when the item was acquired.

Management has assessed applicability of Ind AS 40 - Investment Property to the Mall property. In assessing such applicability, management has considered the ownership of assets, terms of license agreements, various services provided to the licensees, etc. Based on such assessment, the management has considered the Mall property as owner occupied property and hence classified as Property, Plant and Equipment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Expenditure on acquisition of PPE for Research and Development (R&D) is included in PPE and depreciation thereon is provided as applicable.

An item of PPE is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

The depreciable amount of an asset is determined after deducting its residual value. Where the residual value of an asset increases to an amount equal to or greater than the asset's carrying amount, no depreciation charge is recognised till the asset's residual value decreases below the asset's carrying amount. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e., when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner. Depreciation of an asset ceases at the earlier of the date that the asset is classified as held for sale in accordance with Ind AS 105 and the date that the asset is derecognised. Depreciation on all assets is provided on straight line basis.

Description of the Asset	Estimated useful life
Tangible:	
Land – Leasehold	Primary period of lease
Building	
– Factory	30 Years
– Other than factory buildings	60 Years
Plant and Equipment	10 to 20 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years
Computer Servers	6 Years
Computers	3 Years
Laboratory Equipment	10 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years
Vehicles Four Wheelers	8 Years
Vehicles Two Wheelers	10 Years
Intangible:	
Software (up to previous year)	5 Years
Software (from current year)	3 Years

Further, the Group has identified and determined separate useful life for each major component of fixed assets, if they are materially different from that of the remaining assets, for providing depreciation in compliance with Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on fixed assets added/disposed off during the year is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the date of addition/disposal.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

2) Intangible assets:

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Software (not being an integral part of the related hardware) acquired for internal use are treated as intangible assets.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any profit or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

3) CWIP:

CWIP are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment are capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with these will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Advances given to acquire property, plant and equipment are recorded as non-current assets and subsequently transferred to CWIP on acquisition of related assets.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

4) Impairment of tangible (PPE) and intangible assets:

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE and other intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. The resulting impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or CGU in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

5) Inventories:

Raw materials, packing materials and stores and spares are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. However, materials held for use in production of inventories are not written down below cost, if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost of raw materials, packing materials and stores and spares is determined on daily moving weighted average cost basis.

Work in progress and finished goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated cost of completion and estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

6) Leases:

The Group has adopted Ind AS 116-Leases effective April 1, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The Group has applied the standard to its leases with the cumulative impact recognised on the date of initial application (April 1, 2019). Accordingly, previous period information has not been restated.

Where the Group is a lessee-

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether:

- the contract conveys the right to use an identified asset;
- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the Group has the right to direct the use of the identified asset.

At the date of commencement of a lease, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU assets") and a corresponding lease liability for all leases, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For short-term and low value leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Lease liability is measured by discounting the lease payments using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to statement of profit and loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The ROU assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives and restoration costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. ROU assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life or the lease whichever is shorter. Impairment of ROU assets is in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for impairment of tangible and intangible assets.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Where the Group is a lessor-

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in the statement of profit and loss on a straight- line basis over the lease term.

Management has assessed applicability of Ind AS 116 – Leases, to the Mall property. In assessing such applicability, management has considered the ownership of assets, terms of license agreements, various services provided to the licensees, etc. Since the licensee does not have the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset or does not have complete right to direct the use of the asset, the Management is of the view that Ind AS 116 – Leases is not applicable to the Mall property

7) Government grants:

Government grants/subsidy are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants/subsidy will be received.

Grants/subsidy related to income are recognized as income over the periods necessary to match them with the costs for which they are intended to compensate on a systematic basis. Government grants/subsidy that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of providing immediate financial support with no future related costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they become receivable. Grants/subsidy related to income are presented under other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss except for grants/subsidy received in the form of rebate or exemption which are deducted in reporting the related expense. Grant/subsidy receivable against a specific fixed asset is deducted from the cost of the relevant fixed asset.

8) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets:

Provisions are recognised when there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable (i.e. more likely than not) that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Such provisions are determined based on management estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a standalone asset only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognised and measured as provisions. An onerous contract is considered to exist when a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from it.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of management / independent experts. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

Contingent Assets are not recognized, however, disclosed in financial statement when inflow of economic benefits is probable.

9) Foreign currency transactions:

The financial statements of Group are presented in Indian Rupees, which is also the functional currency. In preparing the financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are reported at the exchange rate ruling on the date of transaction. Exchange difference on monetary items are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

10) Share capital and securities premium:

Ordinary shares are classified as equity, incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction net of tax from the proceeds. Par value of the equity share is recorded as share capital and the amount received in excess of the par value is classified as securities premium.

11) Dividend distribution to equity shareholders:

The Group recognizes a liability to make cash distributions to equity holders when the distribution is authorized and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Group. A distribution is authorized when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognized directly in other equity along with any tax thereon.

12) Cash flows and cash and cash equivalents:

Statement of cash flows is prepared in accordance with the indirect method prescribed in the relevant Ind AS. For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, cheques and drafts on hand, deposits held with Banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

13) Revenue recognition:

The Group derives revenues primarily from sale of goods comprising Surface Finishings. The revenue of Engineering division is from design, fabrication and manufacture of surface coating equipment and plant. In respect of Mall revenue is derived from Business Conducting/License Fees.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies related to revenue recognition:

Revenue from contract with customers is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Group expects to receive in exchange for those products or services. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for turnover/product/prompt payment discounts to customer as specified in the contract with the customers. When the level of discount varies with increase in levels of revenue transactions, the Group recognises the liability based on its estimate of the customer's future purchases. If it is probable that the criteria for the discount will not be met, or if the amount thereof cannot be estimated reliably, then discount is not recognised until the payment is probable and the amount can be estimated reliably. The Group recognises changes in the estimated amount of obligations for discounts in the period in which the change occurs. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

Use of significant judgements in revenue recognition.

- Judgement is also required to determine the transaction price for the contract. The transaction price could be either a fixed amount of consideration or variable consideration with elements such as turnover/product/prompt payment discounts. Any consideration payable to the customer is adjusted to the transaction price, unless it is a payment for a distinct product or service from the customer. The estimated amount of variable consideration is adjusted in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur and is reassessed at the end of each reporting period.
- The Group exercises judgement in determining whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Group considers indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who controls the asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment for performance to date and alternate use of such product or service, transfer of significant risks and rewards to the customer, acceptance of delivery by the customer, etc.

i. Sale of Goods:

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized, when all significant risks and rewards are transferred to the buyer, as per the terms of the contracts and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of goods. It excludes value added tax/sales tax, Goods and Services tax. It is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates.

ii. Engineering Division:

Equipment manufactured by the Engineering Division for use by other divisions is included in the Sales at transfer price and are capitalised by other division.

iii. Income from Business Conducting/Licence Fees:

Income arising out of Business Conducting/License Fees is accounted at contracted rates, keeping in view, the collectability of the resulting receivables is reasonably assured and is disclosed net of indirect taxes, if any.

iv. Revenue from Amenities provided:

Revenue from amenities provided is recognized at value of service and is disclosed net of indirect taxes, if any. Recoveries made against common area maintenance expenses are netted of against relevant expenses.

v. Job Contract Receipts:

The Group follows the "Percentage of Completion Method" of accounting for all contracts. The revenue from the execution of contracts is recognized proportionately with the degree of completion achieved under each contract, matching revenue with expenses incurred and is accounted over a period of time.

vi. Rendering of Services:

Revenue from rendering of services is recognized as per the terms of the contract with customers when related services are performed and when the outcome of the transactions involving rendering of services can be estimated reliably.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

vii. Dividend Income:

Dividend Income is accounted for when the right to receive the same is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

viii. Interest Income:

Interest Income on financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

ix. Insurance and Other Claims:

Insurance and other claims/refunds, due to uncertainty in realisation are accounted for on acceptance/actual receipt basis.

14) Borrowing costs:

Borrowing cost includes interest, commitment charges, brokerage, underwriting costs, discounts / premiums, financing charges, exchange difference to the extent they are regarded as interest costs and all ancillary / incidental costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowing.

Borrowing costs which are directly attributable to acquisition / construction of qualifying assets that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalized as a part of cost pertaining to those assets. All other borrowing costs are recognised as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

15) Employee benefits:

i. Short term Employee Benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, performance incentives etc., are recognized during the period in which the employee renders related services and are measured at undiscounted amount expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

ii. Long term Employee Benefits:

The cost of providing long term employee benefit such as earned leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period. The expected costs of the benefit is accrued over the period of employment using the same methodology as used for defined benefits post employment plans. Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss in which they arise except those included in cost of assets as permitted. The benefit is valued annually by an independent actuary.

iii. Post Employment Benefits:

The Group provides the following post employment benefits:

- i) Defined benefit plans such as gratuity; and
- ii) Defined contributions plans such as provident fund.

iv. Defined benefits Plans:

The cost of providing benefits on account of gratuity are determined using the projected unit credit method on the basis of actuarial valuation made at the end of each balance sheet date, which recognises each period of service as given rise to additional unit of employees benefit entitlement and measuring each unit separately to build up the final obligation. The yearly expenses on account of these benefits are provided in the books of accounts.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss except those included in cost of assets as permitted.

Re-measurements comprising of actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and change in actuarial assumptions, the effect of change in assets ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan asset (excluding net interest as defined above) are recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) except those included in cost of assets as permitted in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods.

Service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements) is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss except those included in cost of assets as permitted in the period in which they occur.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

v. Defined Contribution Plans:

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans, viz., Provident Fund for eligible employees, and Superannuation benefits are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution.

16) Taxes on income:

Income tax expense represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

a) Current tax:

Current tax includes provision for Income Tax computed under Special provision (i.e., Minimum alternate tax) or normal provision of Income Tax Act. Tax on Income for the current period is determined on the basis on estimated taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax laws and based on the expected outcome of assessments/appeals.

b) Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unabsorbed losses and unabsorbed depreciation to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, unabsorbed losses and unabsorbed depreciation can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

17) Earnings per Share:

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit from continuing operations and total profit, both attributable to equity shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For calculating diluted earnings per share the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

18) Current versus non-current classification:

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/non-current classification.

a) An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

b) A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle,
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

c) Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

19) Fair value measurement:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of asset and liability if market participants would take those into consideration. Fair value for measurement and / or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined in on such basis except for inventories, leases and value in use of non- financial assets. Normally at initial recognition, the transaction price is the best evidence of fair value.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All financial assets and financial liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

Financial assets and Financial liabilities that are recognized at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

20) Segment reporting:

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) of the Group. The CODM is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments of the Group.

21) Financial instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The Group recognizes a financial asset or financial liability in its balance sheet only when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

a) Financial Assets:

A financial asset inter-alia includes any asset that is cash, equity instrument of another entity or contractual obligation to receive cash or another financial asset or to exchange financial asset or financial liability under condition that are potentially favorable to the Group.

Investments in subsidiaries:

Investments in equity shares of subsidiaries are carried at cost less impairment. Impairment is provided for on the basis explained in Para C (3) above.

Financial assets other than investment in subsidiaries:

Financial assets of the Group comprise trade receivable, cash and cash equivalents, Bank balances, Investments in equity shares of companies other than in subsidiaries, investment other than equity shares, loans/advances to employee/related parties/others, security deposit, claims recoverable etc.

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Statement of Profit and Loss. Where transaction price is not the measure of fair value

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

and fair value is determined using a valuation method that uses data from observable market, the difference between transaction price and fair value is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss and in other cases spread over life of the financial instrument using effective interest method.

Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets measured at amortized cost:-

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. These financial assets are amortized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in finance costs.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI (FVTOCI):-

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. At initial recognition, an irrevocable election is made (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments other than held for trading purpose at FVTOCI. Fair value changes are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Group recognizes interest income, impairment losses and reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the income statement. On derecognition of the financial asset other than equity instruments, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified to income statements.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):-

Any financial asset that does not meet the criteria for classification as at amortized cost or as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, is classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Further, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss also include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are fair valued at each reporting date with all the changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition:

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Group assesses impairment based on expected credit loss (ECL) model on the following:

- Financial assets that are measured at amortised cost.
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI).

ECL is measured through a loss allowance on a following basis:

- The 12 month expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instruments that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date)
- Full life time expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of financial instruments)

The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment on trade receivables or contract assets resulting from normal business transactions. The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. However, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, from the date of initial recognition.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets, the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is provided. For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Group assesses the credit risk characteristics on instrument-by-instrument basis.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.

Impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the year is recognized as expense/income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

b) Financial Liabilities:

The Group's financial liabilities include loans and borrowings including book overdraft, trade payable, accrued expenses and other payables.

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities at initial recognition are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the fair value at initial recognition is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss depending upon the level of fair value.

Subsequent measurement:

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends upon the classification as described below:-

- Financial Liabilities classified as Amortised Cost
- Financial Liabilities that are not held for trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the Effective Interest Rate. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of assets is included as Finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial Liabilities at Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL):-

- FVTPL includes financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Financial liabilities have not been designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL.

Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged / cancelled / expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and Financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

c) Derivatives

Derivative instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged and the type of hedge relationship designated. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument and is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). Cash flow hedges shall be reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss. If hedge of a forecast transaction results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, then the gain or loss that are accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve is recognised in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the asset or liability (this is also referred to as "Basis Adjustment").

22) Recent accounting pronouncements:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification issued prior to March 31, 2020 which would have been applicable from April 1, 2020.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 2: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Rupees in Lacs

Nature of fixed assets	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK		
	As at April 01, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Reclassified on account of adoption of Ind AS 116	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	Provided for the year	Deductions adjustments	Reclassified on account of adoption of Ind AS 116	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Tangible assets											
Land											
a) Freehold	3,214.86	-	-	-	3,214.86	-	-	-	-	3,214.86	3,214.86
b) Leasehold	1,672.75	-	-	1,645.45	27.30	68.00	0.55	-	66.34	25.09	1,604.75
Buildings	13,218.74	683.02	-	-	13,901.76	1,472.07	548.99	-	-	2,021.06	11,746.67
Plant and machinery	6,148.50	1,289.25	64.24	-	7,373.51	1,616.44	666.01	1.74	-	2,280.71	4,532.06
Laboratory equipment	148.10	32.00	0.67	-	179.43	49.39	17.69	0.22	-	66.86	98.71
R and D equipment	1,069.52	203.86	6.53	-	1,266.85	274.27	106.13	-	-	380.40	795.25
Furniture and fixtures	771.74	50.25	0.27	-	821.72	396.06	137.40	0.03	-	533.43	375.68
Vehicles	855.44	22.81	3.42	-	874.83	337.06	96.07	0.47	-	432.66	518.38
Office equipment	229.68	126.04	1.24	-	354.48	91.78	46.61	-	-	138.39	137.90
Total	27,329.33	2,407.23	76.37	1,645.45	28,014.74	4,305.07	1,619.45	2.46	66.34	5,855.72	23,024.26

Nature of fixed assets	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK		
	As at April 01, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	Provided for the year	Deductions adjustments	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Tangible Assets											
Land											
a) Freehold	1,484.78	1,730.08	-	-	3,214.86	-	-	-	-	3,214.86	1,484.78
b) Leasehold	1,672.75	-	-	-	1,672.75	36.63	31.37	-	-	1,604.75	1,636.12
Buildings	12,115.70	1,124.05	1.60	19.41	13,218.74	977.36	494.74	0.03	-	1,472.07	11,138.34
Plant and machinery	5,265.62	988.95	2.03	104.04	6,148.50	1,037.16	581.99	2.71	-	1,616.44	4,228.46
Laboratory equipment	122.40	25.70	-	-	148.10	33.93	15.46	-	-	49.39	88.47
R and D equipment	997.69	71.99	0.16	-	1,069.52	177.21	97.06	-	-	274.27	820.48
Furniture and fixtures	741.59	31.31	0.13	1.03	771.74	262.89	133.25	0.08	-	396.06	478.70
Vehicles	797.62	73.37	15.55	-	855.44	218.05	119.01	-	-	337.06	579.57
Office equipment	164.84	65.66	0.09	0.73	229.68	61.24	30.69	0.15	-	91.78	103.60
Total	23,362.99	4,111.11	19.56	125.21	27,329.33	2,804.47	1,503.57	2.97	-	4,305.07	20,558.52

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 3: RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

Rupees in Lacs

Nature of fixed assets	GROSS BLOCK					DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION					NET BLOCK	
	As at April 01, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	Provided for the year	Deductions adjustments	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Leasehold land	1,645.45	36.37	-	-	1,681.82	66.34	31.83	-	-	98.17	1,583.65	-
Buildings	-	387.61	37.82	-	349.79	-	141.91	37.82	-	104.09	245.70	-
Vehicles	-	53.69	53.69	-	-	-	53.69	53.69	-	-	-	-
Total	1,645.45	477.67	91.51	-	2,031.61	66.34	227.43	91.51	-	202.26	1,829.35	-

NOTE 4: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Rupees in Lacs

Nature of fixed assets	GROSS BLOCK					DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK	
	As at April 01, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	Provided for the year	Deductions adjustments	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Computer software	240.13	44.28	-	-	284.41	126.65	54.10	-	-	180.75	113.48
Total	240.13	44.28	-	-	284.41	126.65	54.10	-	-	180.75	113.48

	GROSS BLOCK					DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION					NET BLOCK	
	As at April 01, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	Provided for the year	Deductions adjustments	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	
Nature of fixed assets												
Computer software	151.74	88.39	-	-	240.13	81.65	45.00	-	-	126.65	70.09	
Total	151.74	88.39	-	-	240.13	81.65	45.00	-	-	126.65	70.09	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**NOTE 5: INVESTMENTS**

NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	Nos.	Rupees in Lacs	Nos.	Rupees in Lacs
A) Quoted (Other than Trade) (Carried at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss) In fully paid-up Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each				
Sunflag Iron & Steel Company Limited	2,000	0.48	2,000	0.97
Ginni Filaments Limited	900	0.05	900	0.12
In fully paid-up Equity Shares of Rs. 2 each				
Punjab National Bank	1,175	0.38	1,175	1.15
B) Unquoted (Trade) Other Investments (carried at cost)				
The Saraswat Co-operative Bank Limited (Fully paid up Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each)	5,000	0.50	5,000	0.50
C) Unquoted (Other than Trade) Other Investments (carried at cost) In fully paid-up Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each				
Poona Bottling Company Private Limited (Fully paid-up Equity shares of Rs. 100/- each)	91,960	3.90	91,960	3.90
(Carried at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss) In fully paid-up Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each				
Shree Vaishnavi Dyeing & Printing Limited	1,500	-	1,500	-
Arihant Threads Limited	2,100	-	2,100	-
Rasik Plast Limited	13,500	-	13,500	-
Surlux Health Centres Limited	1,000	-	1,000	-
Shivalik Solid Waste Management Limited	20,000	5.11	20,000	2.00
Crystal Software Solutions Limited	8,600	-	8,600	-
Indo-French Bio-tech Enterprises Limited	89,800	-	89,800	-
National Savings Certificates		0.19		0.19
Associates				
Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited		21.94		110.21
		32.55		119.04
	Cost	Market value	Cost	Market value
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Aggregate market value of quoted investments		0.91		2.24
Aggregate book value of unquoted investments	31.64		116.80	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 6: LOANS

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured - considered good				
Loans and advances to related parties	45.08	42.98	-	-
	45.08	42.98	-	-

NOTE 7: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured - considered good				
Interest receivable				
From related parties	-	-	0.90	11.13
From others	-	-	6.65	3.52
Others	-	-	137.71	157.28
Security deposits	265.93	359.64	-	-
Term deposits with maturity for more than 12 months	1,088.83	1,054.22	-	-
Term deposits held as margin money against bank guarantees	54.67	75.62	-	-
	1,409.43	1,489.48	145.26	171.93

NOTE 8: INCOME TAX ASSETS (NET)

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Advance income tax (Net of provisions)	263.63	266.11	-	-
	263.63	266.11	-	-

NOTE 9: OTHER ASSETS

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Capital advances	169.79	169.70	64.93	62.33
Advances other than capital advances				
Advances to employees	5.23	5.30	50.70	34.55
Advances to suppliers	-	-	399.24	579.71
Prepaid expenses	-	-	28.54	80.06
Balances with government authorities				
VAT receivable	-	-	74.64	162.23
CENVAT credit receivable	-	-	2.24	3.44
Service tax credit receivable	-	-	8.50	3.58
Goods and services tax	-	-	1,109.58	738.67
	175.02	175.00	1,738.37	1,664.57

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**NOTE 10: INVENTORIES**

Rupees in Lacs

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
At lower of cost and net realisable value		
Raw materials	4,630.79	4,763.43
Raw materials-in-transit	712.29	937.62
	5,343.08	5,701.05
Work-in-progress	1,386.74	1,127.10
Finished goods	3,687.02	2,146.52
Finished goods - traded goods	129.67	101.61
	3,816.69	2,248.13
Stores and spares	293.57	226.22
	10,840.08	9,302.50

NOTE 11: TRADE RECEIVABLES

Rupees in Lacs

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Secured considered good	608.29	628.23
Unsecured considered good	10,786.41	10,553.17
	11,394.70	11,181.40
Trade receivables - credit impaired	23.43	
Less: Impairment provision for expected credit loss	(23.43)	
	11,394.70	11,181.40

Note: The Group has used practical expedient for computing expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables wherever necessary, taking into account historical credit loss experience adjusted for forward looking estimates.

NOTE 12: CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(A) Cash & cash equivalents				
Balances with banks				
In current accounts	-	-	2,740.26	3,395.83
In EEFC accounts	-	-	574.40	455.83
Cash on hand	-	-	30.42	16.82
	-	-	3,345.08	3,868.48
(B) Other balances with banks				
Unpaid dividend accounts	-	-	74.12	69.17
Term deposits with maturity for more than 3 months but less than 12 months	-	-	10,506.80	6,323.83
Term deposits with maturity for more than 12 months	1,088.83	1,054.22	-	-
	1,088.83	1,054.22	10,580.92	6,393.00
Amount included under the head 'Other Financial Assets' (Refer Note 7)	(1,088.83)	(1,054.22)	-	-
	-	-	10,580.92	6,393.00

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 13: BORROWINGS

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Secured				
Hire purchase credits	20.06	63.45	43.40	75.82
Loans repayable on demand from banks	-	-	1,312.86	1,425.14
Unsecured				
Loans and advances from related parties	-	-	547.00	547.00
	20.06	63.45	1,903.26	2,047.96
Amounts disclosed under the head 'Other financial liabilities' (Refer Note 14)	-	-	(43.40)	(75.82)
	20.06	63.45	1,859.86	1,972.14

Nature of security and terms of repayment:

Hire purchase credits are for purchase of cars. These facilities are secured by first charge on respective car against which the specific facility has been taken from the bank. The loan amount is repayable in equitable monthly installments with interest rates ranging from 7.76% p.a. to 9.50% p.a. (PY 7.76% p.a. to 10.25% p.a.) as applicable and are expected to be fully repaid as per the respective repayment schedules and shall get fully repaid between April 2020 to March 2022.

The working capital facilities are secured by hypothecation of all stocks, moveable assets and book debts by way of first charge on pari-passu basis and are further collaterally secured by second pari-passu charge on the block assets of Shopping mall at Kandivli, Mumbai as per respective banking arrangement. The working capital facility is repayable on demand and carries interest rate ranging from 8.05% p.a. to 9.15% p.a. (PY 8.80% p.a. to 9.50% p.a.).

NOTE 14: OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Current maturities of long term debt (Refer Note 13)	-	-	43.40	75.82
Unpaid dividend*	-	-	74.12	69.17
Others				
Deposits from licensees and dealers	1,272.69	1,351.39	590.70	351.77
Security deposit from employees	-	-	90.50	79.76
Payable towards capital expenditure	-	-	48.91	116.20
Payable to employees	-	-	83.24	84.29
Expenses payable	-	-	2,031.89	2,071.89
Others	-	-	2.49	42.98
	1,272.69	1,351.39	2,965.25	2,891.88

*There is no amount due and outstanding to be credited to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

NOTE 15: PROVISIONS

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Provision for employee benefits				
Leave benefits	-	53.46	2.19	5.59
Gratuity	2,059.94	1,730.26	211.30	195.95
	2,059.94	1,783.72	213.49	201.54

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**NOTE 16: DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)**

Rupees in Lacs

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
The breakup of Deferred tax liabilities arising on account of timing difference in:				
- Depreciation	1,930.08	2,578.43		
- Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments	(497.20)	(710.34)		
- Income tax on Ind AS adjustments	(200.55)	(140.31)		
	1,232.33	1,727.78	-	-

NOTE 17: OTHER LIABILITIES

Rupees in Lacs

	Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Contractual Liabilities	563.42	711.24
Deferred income	98.61	236.50
Statutory payables:		
Central sales tax & VAT	5.66	60.71
PF, ESIC etc	58.52	48.88
Service Tax	213.85	213.85
TDS	99.76	101.64
Goods and services tax	141.84	319.36
	1,181.66	1,692.18

NOTE 18: TRADE PAYABLES

Rupees in Lacs

	Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Total outstanding dues to Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	791.20	686.18
Total outstanding dues of other creditors	7,364.12	5,307.07
	8,155.32	5,993.25

NOTE 19: CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES (NET)

Rupees in Lacs

	Current	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Provision for Income tax (Net of advance tax)	407.99	318.48
	407.99	318.48

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 20: REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Revenue from contract with customers		
Sale of products	63,095.60	61,360.81
Less: Trade discount	5,535.68	5,319.71
	57,559.92	56,041.10
Business conducting fees/Licence fees and related income	3,412.79	3,271.79
Other operating revenues		
Erection & commissioning charges	447.13	119.62
Testing analysis charges	12.40	11.84
License fees	35.00	-
Insurance subsidy received	-	1.38
IGST refund / Budgetary support	161.02	320.10
Scrap sales	194.04	173.58
Sundry balances written back	67.76	92.70
Others	50.22	75.99
	967.57	795.21
Revenue from operations	61,940.28	60,108.10

The management determines that the segment information reported is sufficient to meet the disclosure objective with respect to disaggregation of revenue under Ind AS 115 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Hence, no separate disclosure of disaggregate revenues are reported. (Refer note 33G)

The contractual liabilities primarily relate to advance consideration received from customers for which revenue is recognised when the performance obligation is over.

	2019-20	2018-19
Contractual liabilities		
Opening balance as on April 01	711.24	404.65
Add: Fresh advances from customers	1,085.57	7,374.76
Less: Advance adjusted against invoices	(1,233.39)	(7,068.17)
Closing balance as on March 31	563.42	711.24

NOTE 21: OTHER INCOME

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Interest income	760.74	678.38
Dividend income on non current investments	0.44	0.40
Net gain on sale of fixed assets	-	15.30
Net gain on foreign currency transactions and translation	241.86	156.58
Bad debts written off earlier now recovered	19.95	-
Insurance claim	7.37	5.92
Lease income	2.52	2.35
Export duty drawback	82.77	79.46
Miscellaneous receipts	71.03	217.81
	1,186.68	1,156.20

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**NOTE 22: COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED**

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Opening stock	4,763.43	3,172.82
Add: Purchases	32,440.53	33,315.07
	37,203.96	36,487.89
Less: Closing stock	4,630.79	4,763.43
	32,573.17	31,724.46

NOTE 23: PURCHASE OF STOCK IN TRADE

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Traded goods	609.76	395.56

NOTE 24: CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, STOCK-IN-TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Closing Stock		
Traded goods	129.67	101.61
Work-in-progress	1,386.74	1,127.10
Finished goods	3,687.02	2,146.52
	5,203.43	3,375.23
Opening Stock		
Traded goods	101.61	91.99
Work-in-progress	1,127.10	1,179.54
Finished goods	2,146.52	1,990.49
	3,375.23	3,262.02
Net (increase)/decrease in opening and closing stock	(1,828.20)	(113.21)

NOTE 25: EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Salaries, wages, bonus and allowances	6,662.13	6,128.10
Contribution to provident and other funds	270.99	229.86
Staff welfare expenses	494.28	444.21
	7,427.40	6,802.17

NOTE 26: FINANCE COSTS

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Interest on financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	230.80	79.63
Interest on lease liability	30.07	-
	260.87	79.63

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 27: DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Refer Note 2)	1,619.45	1,503.57
Depreciation of right of use assets (Refer Note 3)	227.43	-
Amortisation of intangible assets (Refer Note 4)	54.10	45.00
	1,900.98	1,548.57

NOTE 28: OTHER EXPENSES

Rupees in Lacs

	2019-20	2018-19
Stores and spares consumed	457.09	367.31
Packing materials consumed	2,204.87	2,223.61
Power and fuel	531.53	464.19
Job work charges	4,262.36	1,631.35
Drawings, designs and layout expenses	43.10	51.53
Rent	90.21	211.75
Repairs and renewals:		
Buildings	378.62	789.29
Plant and machinery	445.68	391.45
Other assets	292.66	235.07
	1,116.96	1,415.81
Insurance	225.35	65.84
Rates and taxes	172.00	131.50
Printing and stationery	75.02	80.74
Travelling and conveyance	630.27	709.79
Communication expenses	92.07	92.29
Legal and professional charges	840.30	875.95
Auditors' remuneration:		
As auditors	5.83	5.27
For tax audit	1.39	1.29
For taxation matters	1.39	1.29
Reimbursement of expenses	0.92	0.24
	9.53	8.09
Cost auditors' remuneration:		
As auditors	1.58	1.56
Directors' fees	5.55	5.05
Loss on fixed assets sold / discarded (net)	5.04	-
Vehicle expenses	68.02	66.71
Donations and contributions	36.57	23.67
Business promotion	245.00	309.34
VAT expenses	148.62	93.26
Service tax	1.84	1.14
Freight and forwarding (net)	1,127.56	887.83
Bad debts written off	161.32	238.01
Provision for expected credit loss	23.43	-
Research and development expenses	183.58	187.50
Discount and commission	22.64	33.76
Guards and security	181.99	164.05
Common area maintenance expenses (Net)	(122.33)	(71.78)
Bank charges	65.35	82.07
Corporate social responsibility	82.87	30.51
Fees & Registration	65.65	37.74
SAP Expenses	48.33	62.52
Royalty expenses	17.50	25.76
Membership & subscription	21.06	17.06
Administrative & other expenses	180.70	173.86
Miscellaneous expenses	178.92	96.63
	13,501.45	10,796.00

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE- 29: EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

On January 1, 2019, a fire broke out in one of the production units of the Holding Company at Vapi resulting in loss of assets comprising of inventories, building, plant & machinery and other fixed assets.

These assets were adequately insured on reinstatement basis, the book value of these assets at Rs. 618.78 Lacs on the date of claim was duly debited to the Statement of Profit and Loss and same was disclosed as an Exceptional item in FY 2018-19.

During the current year i.e. FY 2019-20, the Holding Company received Rs. 806.71 Lacs from Insurance Company as part settlement of claim and Rs. 52.71 Lacs towards scrap realisation on disposal of damaged assets and the same has been disclosed as Extraordinary Income.

The reinstatement of some of these assets is still in progress and the balance claim is expected to be finalised once the reinstatement is completed.

NOTE- 30: CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued capital and other equity reserves, long term funds attributable to the Equity Shareholders of the Group. The primary objective of the Group's Capital Management is to maximise shareholders value and keep the debt equity ratio within acceptable range. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

The Group monitors capital using adjusted net debt to equity ratio. For this purpose, Group's adjusted net debt and its equity position is as follows.

	Rupees in Lacs	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31 2019
Non-current long term borrowings	20.06	63.45
Loans repayable on demands from banks	1,312.86	1,425.14
Current maturity of long term debt	43.40	75.82
Gross debt	1,376.32	1,564.41
Less - Cash and cash equivalents	3,345.08	3,868.48
Less - Other bank deposits	10,506.80	6,323.83
Adjusted net debt	(12,475.56)	(8,627.90)
Total equity	44,480.55	40,124.61
Adjusted net debt to equity ratio	(0.28)	(0.22)

NOTE- 31: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to various financial risks, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's risk management assessment and policies and processes are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group by setting appropriate limits and controls and monitoring such risks. The policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk arising from its operating (primarily trade receivables) and investing activities including deposits placed with banks.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Credit risk is managed through close monitoring of receivables and having a strict control on allowing the credit period to customers. Additionally, the Company does not have any significant concentration of exposures to specific industry sectors or specific country risks.

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk for investments by generally investing in Fixed Deposits and only with counterparties that have a good credit rating.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the customer, including the default risk of the industry and country in which the customer operates, also has an influence on credit risk assessment.

Considering that significant part of Group's sales in Surface Finishings division is either with established dealer network where payments are generally in advance/cash on delivery or with direct customers wherein credit worthiness as well as credit limits, wherever possible, are closely monitored on a case to case basis by Management, Group expects a low probability of default on Trade receivables as on March 31, 2020. Going forward Management has factored in the uncertainties for deliveries subsequent to March 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity Risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet the financial obligations as they become due. The Group manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both, normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Group's reputation.

The Group has unutilised working capital limits from banks of Rs. 8,687 Lacs as on March 31, 2020 (Rs. 7,575 Lacs as on March 31, 2019), cash and cash equivalents of Rs. 3,345.08 Lacs as on March 31, 2020 (Rs. 3,868.47 Lacs as on March 31, 2019) and in Fixed deposits of Rs. 11,595.63 Lacs as on March 31, 2020 (Rs. 7,378.05 Lacs as on March 31, 2019). Therefore, Group does not expect any material Liquidity risk.

With significant investments in Fixed deposits, Cash in hand and available borrowing lines as mentioned above, the Group does not envisage any material effect on its liquidity.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities

	Rupees in Lacs			
	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at March 31, 2020				
Non current borrowings	-	20.06	-	20.06
Non current financial liabilities	-	789.56	483.13	1,272.69
Current Borrowings	1,859.86	-	-	1,859.86
Trade payable	8,155.32	-	-	8,155.32
Other financial liabilities	2,965.25	-	-	2,965.25
As at March 31, 2019				
Non current borrowings	-	63.45	-	63.45
Non current financial liabilities	-	770.06	581.33	1,351.39
Current borrowings	1,972.14	-	-	1,972.14
Trade payable	5,993.25	-	-	5,993.25
Other financial liabilities	2,891.88	-	-	2,891.88

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risks: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk includes investments, trade payables, trade receivables and loans.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Since the Group has insignificant interest bearing borrowings, the exposure to risk of changes in market interest rates is minimal.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group generally enters into forward exchange contracts to hedge its foreign currency exposures for imports wherever required.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary items are as follows:

	Rupees in Lacs			
Currency	Liabilities		Assets	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
US Dollars	335.89	516.19	629.17	1,167.35
EURO	2.41	-	44.58	146.54
GBP	-	-	-	3.48
JPY	12.40	360.16	9.28	0.04

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

The table below demonstrates the sensitivity to a 1% increase or decrease in the Foreign Currency against INR, with all other variables held constant. The sensitivity analysis is prepared on the net unhedged exposure of the Group as at the reporting date. 1% represents management's assessment of reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rate.

Rupees in Lacs

Change in rate	Liabilities		Assets	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
+ 1%	354.20	885.11	689.86	1,330.58
- 1%	347.19	867.59	676.20	1,304.24

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded price. Other price risk arises from financial assets such as investments in equity instruments and bonds.

The Group does not have significant investments in Quoted shares. Hence the 10% price sensitivity upward/downward will not have any material impact on the profitability of the Group.

NOTE- 32: FAIR VALUES AND HIERARCHY

Financial instruments – Fair values

A. Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels are presented below .

Rupees in Lacs

March 31, 2020	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
Financial assets								
Investments	0.91	-	31.64	32.55	-	0.91	31.64	32.55
Loans - (Non current)	-	-	45.08	45.08	-	-	45.08	45.08
Others financial assets (Non current)	-	-	1,409.43	1,409.43	-	-	1,409.43	1,409.43
Trade receivables	-	-	11,394.70	11,394.70	-	-	11,394.70	11,394.70
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	3,345.08	3,345.08	-	-	3,345.08	3,345.08
Other balances with banks	-	-	10,580.92	10,580.92	-	-	10,580.92	10,580.92
Others financial assets (Current)	-	-	145.26	145.26	-	-	145.26	145.26
	0.91	-	26,952.11	26,953.02	-	0.91	26,952.11	26,953.02
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings - (Non current)	-	-	20.06	20.06	-	-	20.06	20.06
Lease liabilities-(Non current)	-	-	218.76	218.76	-	-	218.76	218.76
Other financial liabilities (Non current)	-	-	1,272.69	1,272.69	-	-	1,272.69	1,272.69
Borrowings - (Current)	-	-	1,859.86	1,859.86	-	-	1,859.86	1,859.86
Trade payables	-	-	8,155.32	8,155.32	-	-	8,155.32	8,155.32
Lease liabilities - (Current)	-	-	126.19	126.19	-	-	126.19	126.19
Other financial liabilities (Current)	-	-	2,965.25	2,965.25	-	-	2,965.25	2,965.25
	-	-	14,618.13	14,618.13	-	-	14,618.13	14,618.13

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Rupees in Lacs

March 31, 2019	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
Financial assets								
Investments	2.24	-	116.80	119.04	-	2.24	116.80	119.04
Loans - (Non current)	-	-	42.98	42.98	-	-	42.98	42.98
Others financial assets (Non current)	-	-	1,489.48	1,489.48	-	-	1,489.48	1,489.48
Trade receivables	-	-	11,181.40	11,181.40	-	-	11,181.40	11,181.40
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	3,868.48	3,868.48	-	-	3,868.48	3,868.48
Other balances with banks	-	-	6,393.00	6,393.00	-	-	6,393.00	6,393.00
Others financial assets (Current)	-	-	171.93	171.93	-	-	171.93	171.93
	2.24	-	23,264.07	23,266.31	-	2.24	23,264.07	23,266.31
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings - (Non current)	-	-	63.45	63.45	-	-	63.45	63.45
Other financial liabilities (Non current)	-	-	1,351.39	1,351.39	-	-	1,351.39	1,351.39
Borrowings - (Current)	-	-	1,972.14	1,972.14	-	-	1,972.14	1,972.14
Trade payables	-	-	5,993.25	5,993.25	-	-	5,993.25	5,993.25
Other financial liabilities (Current)	-	-	2,891.88	2,891.88	-	-	2,891.88	2,891.88
	-	-	12,272.11	12,272.11	-	-	12,272.11	12,272.11

B. Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used:

Financial instruments measured at fair value

Type	Valuation technique
Forward contracts for foreign exchange contracts	Forward pricing : The fair value is determined using quoted forward exchange rates at the reporting date and present value calculations based on high credit quality yield curves in the respective currencies.
Non current financial assets / liabilities measured at amortised cost	Discounted cash flow technique : The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using an appropriate discounting rate.

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE 33: EXPLANATORY INFORMATION & OTHER ADDITIONAL NOTES

- A.** The Notes to these Consolidated Financial Statements are disclosed to the extent necessary for presenting a true and fair view of the Consolidated Financial Statements. The Group has given disclosures in the Notes to the extent it is relevant for Consolidated Financial Statements in line with the General Circular No. 39/2014 dated 14th October 2014.
- B.** Disclosures related to related party transactions, employee benefits, capital commitments, Lease payments research and development activities, dues from MSMED, donation to political parties, contract in progress, Corporate social responsibility, forward contracts and unhedged foreign currency exposure are same as disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements of the Holding Company, except for elimination of related party transactions with Subsidiary Companies.
- C.** The Holding Company has investment in Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited of Rs. 83.83 Lacs (P.Y. Rs. 83.83 Lacs). Pursuant to the effective steps taken by Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Limited, its net worth for two successive years i.e. 2018 & 2019 has been reported positive.

D. Earnings Per Share

Particulars		2019-2020	2018-2019
Profit for the year	(Rupees in Lacs)	7,584.08	6,387.21
Weighted average number of Equity Shares	(Nos. in Lacs)	2,267.06	2,267.06
(Face Value Re. 1 per share)			
Basic Earnings per share	(Rupees)	3.35	2.82
Diluted Earnings per share	(Rupees)	3.35	2.82

E. Contingent Liabilities not provided for:

Rupees in Lacs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Disputed matters in appeal / contested in respect of:		
- Income Tax	24.26	24.26
- Excise Duty/ Service Tax (Rs. 91.02 Lacs paid P.Y. Rs. 38.77 Lacs Paid)	611.85	620.96
- VAT (Rs. 31.20 Lacs Paid P.Y Rs.66.48 Lacs paid)	236.39	492.72
Bank Guarantees	1,281.29	966.30

It is not possible for the company to estimate the timing of cash flows, if any, in respect of above pending matters.

F. Additional information as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013 of enterprises consolidated as subsidiaries/associates

Name of the Entity	Net assets, i.e., total assets minus total liabilities			Share in profit or (loss)						Share in other comprehensive income (OCI)						Share in total comprehensive income (TCI)		
	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019		2019-20			2018-19			2019-20			2018-19			2018-19	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Rupees in Lacs	As % of consolidated net assets	Rupees in Lacs	As % of consolidated net assets	Rupees in Lacs	As % of consolidated net assets	As % of consolidated net assets	Rupees in Lacs	As % of consolidated net assets	Rupees in Lacs	As % of consolidated net assets	Rupees in Lacs	As % of consolidated net assets	Rupees in Lacs	As % of consolidated net assets	Rupees in Lacs	Rupees in Lacs
Parent																		
Grauer & Weil (I) Limited	99.5%	44,561.08	99.6%	40,143.03	99.9%	7,579.95	99.6%	6,371.17	100.0%	(109.96)	99.9%	7,469.99	99.6%	6,367.40				
Subsidiaries																		
Foreign																		
Grauer & Weil (Shanghai) Limited	0.0%	7.72	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-		0.0%	-	-
Growel Chemicals Co. Limited	0.4%	194.33	0.4%	167.13	0.1%	8.44	0.4%	24.34	0.0%	-	0.0%	8.44	0.4%	24.34		0.4%	24.34	
Grauer & Weil (UK) Limited	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-		0.0%	-	-
Subtotal	100.0%	44,763.13	100.0%	40,310.16	100.0%	7,588.39	100.0%	6,395.51	100.0%	(109.96)	100.0%	7,478.43	100.0%	6,391.74		100.0%	6,391.74	
Associates																		
Indian																		
Growel Sidasa Industries Private Limited		0.17		-		-		-		-		-		-				-
Grauer & Weil Engineering Private Limited		-		-		-		-		-		-		-				-
Foreign																		
Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Co. Ltd.		21.77		26.39		-		50.22		-		-		50.22				
Adjustments arising out of consolidation		(304.52)		(211.94)		(4.31)		(58.52)		-		(4.31)		(58.52)				(58.52)
		44,480.55		40,124.61		7,584.08		6,387.21		(109.96)		7,474.12		6,383.44				

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

G. Segment reporting

The following tables present revenue and profit/(loss) information regarding business/ geographical segments for the year ended March 31, 2020 and certain assets and liabilities information regarding business and geographical segments as at March 31, 2020.

a. Primary segment information

Rupees in Lacs

	Surface Finishings	Engineering	Shoppertainment	Total
Segment revenue				
Income from operations	53,629.18	4,897.63	3,394.07	61,920.88
	(52,311.95)	(4,528.71)	(3,267.44)	(60,108.10)
Add : Other income	271.40	40.37	45.10	356.87
	(305.11)	(13.86)	(166.87)	(485.84)
Add : Unallocable income				849.21
				(670.36)
Total Revenue	53,900.58	4,938.00	3,439.17	63,126.96
	(52,617.06)	(4,542.57)	(3,434.31)	(61,264.30)
Segment Results	9,653.75	139.55	2,357.40	12,150.70
	(9,858.00)	(251.07)	(2,398.13)	(12,507.20)
Less : Finance cost				260.87
				(79.63)
Less : Other unallocable expenditure net of unallocable Income				2,348.88
				(3,015.23)
Profit Before Tax				9,540.95
				(9,412.34)
Less: Provision for current and deferred tax				1,956.87
				(3,025.13)
Profit after tax				7,584.08
				(6,387.21)
Segment assets	33,577.12	2,531.60	9,595.52	45,704.24
	(30,813.44)	(2,557.96)	(10,163.04)	(43,534.44)
Unallocated corporate assets				18,489.85
				(14,585.98)
Total assets				64,194.09
				(58,120.42)
Segment liabilities	10,705.88	1,852.06	2,191.82	14,749.76
	(8,271.54)	(2,058.54)	(2,085.16)	(12,415.24)
Unallocated corporate liabilities				49,444.33
				(45,705.18)
Total liabilities				64,194.09
				(58,120.42)
Capital expenditure	1,562.75	71.51	173.31	
	(1,447.99)	(22.68)	(189.02)	
Depreciation	980.12	82.03	687.46	
	(761.12)	(35.67)	(662.44)	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

b. Secondary segment information

Rupees in Lacs

	Domestic	Foreign	Total
Revenue	58,016.53	5,110.43	63,126.96
	(56,041.96)	(5,222.34)	(61,264.30)
Total Assets	63,080.50	1,113.59	64,194.09
	(57,462.37)	(658.05)	(58,120.42)

Previous year figures are in brackets.

- H.** The Group is closely monitoring the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on its business operations. Whilst reduced off-take from customers due to curtailed production volumes at their end and challenges of manpower availability are likely to have impact on its surface finishing's business segment for some time to come, significantly curtailed mall operations with only a few take-away food counters operating from it along with some sections of a multi-retail chain store are significantly impacting Group's shoppertainment business segment.

The Group however, believes that the impact of COVID-19 is likely to be short term in nature. With its multi-locational operations spread across multiple business segments and other proactive steps taken by Group, no medium to long term risks is anticipated by Group in its ability to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due impacting going concern.

The situation created by Covid-19 continues to hold some uncertainties for the future and in view of the highly uncertain economic environment, a definitive assessment of the impact on the subsequent period is highly dependent upon circumstances as they evolve.

- I.** Previous Years figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever required.

Signatures to Notes I to 33 which form an integral part of these financial statements

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For SCA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 101174W)

KIRON MALLAPUR

Partner

Membership No. 036336

Mumbai: July 29, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

UMESHKUMAR MORE

Chairman

DIN: 00112662

VINOD HARITWAL

CEO & Director

DIN: 00112862

CHINTAN K. GANDHI

Company Secretary

Membership No. 21369

NIRAJKUMAR MORE

Managing Director

DIN: 00113191

GURINDER SINGH GULATI

CFO & President Commercial

Membership No. 090728

FORM AOC-I

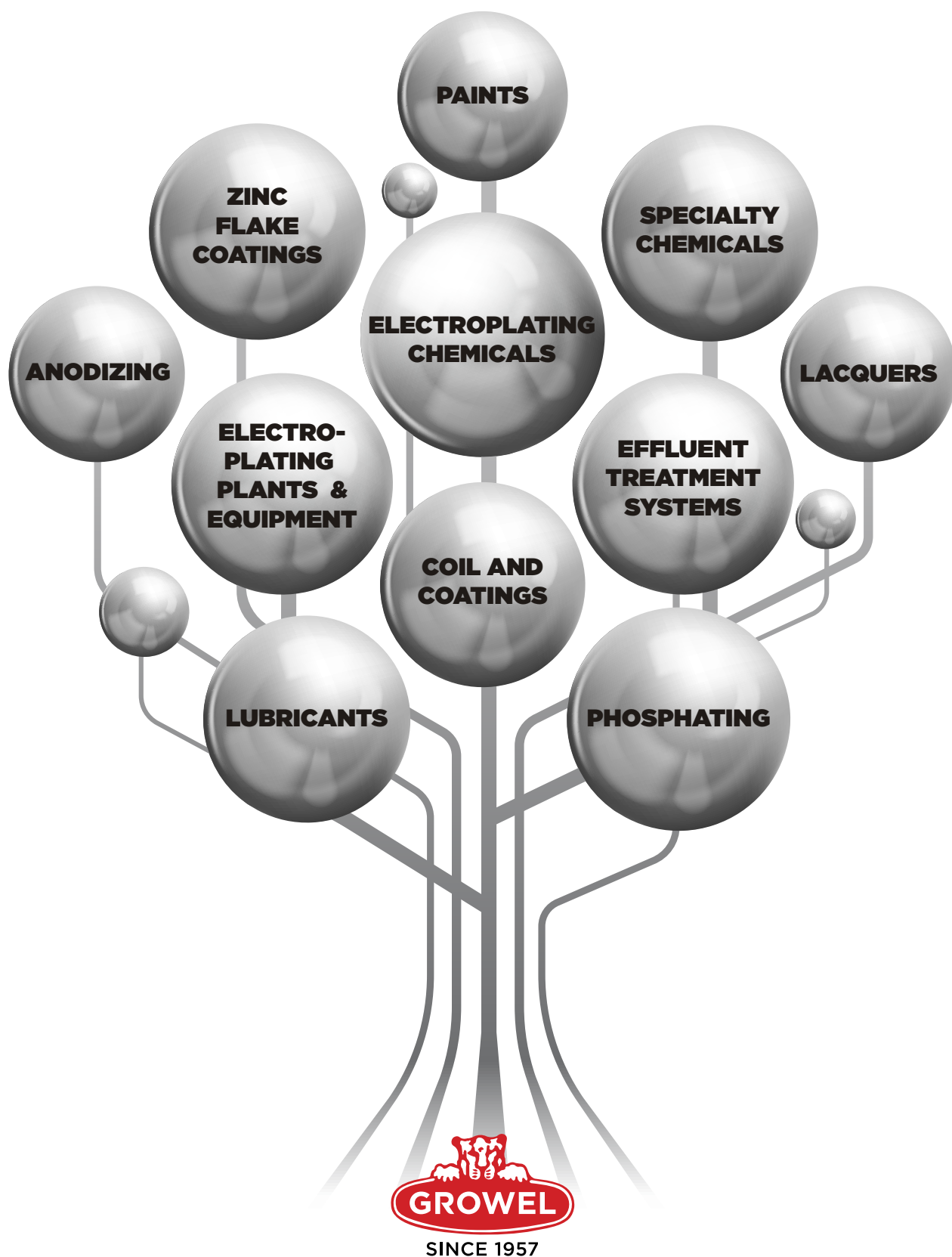
(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)
Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries & associate companies

Rupees in Lacs

Part "A": Subsidiaries				
Sr. No.	Name of the subsidiary company	1	2	3
		Grauer & Weil (Shanghai) Limited	Growel Chemicals Co. Limited	Grauer & Weil (UK) Limited
		(Wholly owned subsidiary)		
1	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	Jan - Dec 2019	Jan - Dec 2019	July - June 2019
2	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	CNY (Renminbi)	THB (Thai Baht)	GBP
		1 CNY = 10.2396 INR	1 THB = 2.4011 INR	1 GBP = 87.5457 INR
3	Share capital	350.30	210.70	-
4	Reserves & surplus	(342.58)	(16.37)	-
5	Total assets	7.72	456.99	-
6	Total Liabilities	-	262.66	-
7	Investments	-	-	-
8	Turnover	-	521.54	-
9	Profit before taxation	-	8.44	-
10	Provision for taxation	-	-	-
11	Profit after taxation	-	8.44	-
12	Proposed Dividend	-	-	-
13	% of shareholding	100%	100%	100%
1	Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations	Grauer & Weil (UK) Limited		
2	Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year	None		

Rupees in Lacs

Part "B": Associates			
Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies			
Name of associates	Growel Goema (India) Private Limited	Grauer & Weil (Thailand) Limited	Growel Sidasa Industries Private Limited
1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31.03.2019	31.12.2019	31.03.2019
2. Shares of Associate held by the company on the year end (No. of shares)	1,49,980	58,800	12,88,300
Amount of Investment in Associates	15.00	83.83	128.83
Extend of Holding %	29.99%	48.99%	49.80%
3. Description of how there is significant influence	By virtue of 29.99% shareholding	By virtue of 48.99% shareholding	By virtue of 49.80% shareholding
4. Reason why the associate is not consolidated	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
5. Networth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	(27.59)	(51.07)	(128.29)
6. Profit / Loss for the year	(0.18)	(9.41)	(0.29)
i. Considered in Consolidation	-	-	-
i. Not Considered in Consolidation	(0.18)	(9.41)	(0.29)
1	Names of associates which are yet to commence operations	None	
2	Names of associates which have been liquidated or sold during the year	None	



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