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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of:

KAMTRESS AUTOMATION SYSTEMS PRIVATE LIMITED, Bengaluru

CIN: U74140KA1989PTC010324 Year Ended: 31st March, 2024

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Standalone financial statements of KAMTRESS AUTOMATION SYSTEMS PRIVATE LIMITED, Bengaluru ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian accounting standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- (a) in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at $31^{\rm st}$ March, 2024 and
- (b) in the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the Profit for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Director's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Board's Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, The auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013 on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in attenda control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As Required by The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, is as per annexure to the report
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit
 - (b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books
 - (c) the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the statement of changes inequity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account
 - (d) in our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act
 - (f) In our opinion, according to the information, explanation given to us The provision of section 197 of the Act and the rules made thereunder are not applicable to the company as it is a private limited Company,
 - (g) As the Company is a Small Company and pursuant to Notification reference no. G.S.R 583 (E) dated 13th June, 2017 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, reporting on internal financial control over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls are not applicable to such small company and
 - (h) With respect of the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would materially impact its financial position.

- ii. The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of Its knowledge and belief. no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities. including foreign entities ('Intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ('Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
 - b) The management has represented, that to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
 - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ('Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries, and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (iv)(a) and (iv)(b) contain any material misstatement, and

v. The company has not proposed or declared any dividend during the year

VENKATESH BABU

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANDUN

M NO. 209944

PLACE: BANGALORE DATE: 23.05.2024

UDIN: 24209944BKCJVA6761

Annexure to the Independent Auditors' Report of

KAMTRESS AUTOMATION SYSTEMS PRIVATE LIMITED, Bengaluru

CIN: U74140KA1989PTC010324

Year Ended: 31st March, 2024

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company

on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2024, we report that:

(i) (a) (A) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including

quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment;

(a) (B) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of

intangible assets;

(b) All the Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management

during the year and there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is

reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. No

material discrepancies were noticed on such verification;

(c) the Company is not having any immovable properties; hence this clause is not

applicable;

(d) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right of use

of assets) or intangible asset of both during the financial year;

(e) There is no any proceeding have been initiated or pending against company for holding

any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)

and rules made thereunder.

(ii) (a) In our opinion, physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable

intervals by the management and the coverage and procedure of such verification by the

management are appropriate. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

(b) During any point of time of the year, the company has not been sanctioned any new

working capital limits, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of

current assets. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (ii)(b) of paragraph 3 of the order are not

applicable to the company

- (iii) (a) In our opinion and based on the information and explanation given to us the company has granted unsecured loan (Inter Corporate Deposit) of Rs. 1,00,00,000/- to M/s. Poona Bottling Co Pvt Ltd a party covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act 2013 at interest of 6% p.a.
- (b) The terms and conditions of investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not prejudicial to the interest of the company.
- (c) In respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has not been stipulated and the repayments or receipts are regular.
- (d) The amount is not overdue, on the above loan and advances; hence this clause is not applicable;
- (e) The amount is not overdue; on the above loan and advances; hence this clause is not applicable;
- (f) The company has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans (Inter Corporate Deposit) either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment. Details of the said loan or advances is as follows; (Amount in Rs. 1,00,00,000/-) Aggregate Amount during the year 100% to the total loans granted
- (iv) The company has not provided corporate guarantees within the meaning of section 185 & 186 of the Companies Act, 2013-
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amount which is deemed to be deposits from the public.
- (vi) According to the rules prescribed by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the company therefore reporting under this clause is not required.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company has been generally regular in depositing statutory dues as applicable, with the appropriate authorities except there have been certain delays in payment of ESIC & Provident Fund due to website error

maintenance. There are no statutory dues that are outstanding as of March 31, 2024, for a period of more than six months.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the records of the companies examined by us, there are no disputed dues of GST, income tax, custom duty, service tax, wealth tax, Value added tax, excise duty and cess which have not been deposited.

(viii) The company has not recorded any transactions in the books of account which have been surrendered of disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

- (ix) (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender;
- (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not been a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained
- (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no funds raised on short-term basis which have been utilised for long-term purposes.
- (e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures; hence this clause is not applicable;
- (f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (x) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, on an overall basis, the company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments);

- (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year;
- (xi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;
- (c) As auditors, we did not receive any whistle-blower complaints during the year.
- (xii) Since the company is not a Nidhi company, therefore this clause is not applicable.
- (xii) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on the our examination of the records of the company, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements, etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiii) The company is not covered by section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013, related to appointment of internal auditor of the company. Therefore, the company is not required to appoint any internal auditor. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (xiv) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us based on our examination of the record of the company, the company has not entered into any noncash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Therefore the provisions of clause 3(xv) of the order are not applicable
- (xv) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.
- (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities; hence this clause is not applicable.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of State; hence this clause is not applicable.

(d) As per the information and explanations received, the group does not have any CIC as part of the group

(xvi) The company has incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.

(xvii) There is no resignation of the previous statutory auditors during the year;

(xviii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company and financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we were in the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report. There was no any liability in the books of the company for those payable within one year from the date of balance sheet date.

(xix) There is no liability of the company under the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, relating to Corporate Social Responsibility. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (xx) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.

(xx) There is no liability of the company under the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, relating to Corporate Social Responsibility. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (xx) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.

(xxi) The company has not made investments in the subsidiary company. Therefore, the company does not require to prepare a consolidated financial statement. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company

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VENKATESH BABU P
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

M NO. 209944

PLACE: BANGALORE DATE: 23.05.2024

UDIN: 24209944BKCJVA6761

KAMTRESS AUTOMATION SYSTEMS PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U74140KA1989PTC010324

Financial Statements and Auditors' Report for the Financial Year 31st March-2024

STANDA	ALONE	S AUTOMATION SYSTEMS PVT LTD BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH-202	4
			
	Note	As at March 31, 2024	Amount in Rs. As at March 31, 2023
ASSETS		A SO HI STANKLAS DAJ ADAL	A3 III WAITER 51, 2025
Non-current assets		 	
Property, plant and equipment	2	3,785,941	3,295,845
Capital work-in-progress	3	-	5,275,045
Right of use assets	4	(0)	3,463,785
Other intangible assets	5	227,931	349,506
Financial assets			51,000
Investments	6	25,000	25,000
Loans		·····/	
Other financial assets	7	3,132,843	_
lncome tax assets (net)	8	985,547	1,387,818
Other non-current assets	9		
		8,157,261	8,521,958
Current assets			*/**
Inventories	10	26,452,013	19,746,244
Financial assets			, .
Investments	6	li -	-
Trade receivables	11	53,230,498	43,638,403
Cash and cash equivalents	12A	10,395,434	1,820,372
Bank balances other than Cash & cash		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,020,072
equivalents	12B	-	-
Loans		10,000,000	10,000,000
Other financial assets	7	3,384,706	7,474,270
Other current assets	9	2,293,076	2,447,387
		105,755,727	85,126,675
Total assets		113,912,988	93,648,633
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	COCT		
Other equity	SOCE	1,500,000	1,500,000
Other equity	SOCE	39,400,755	16,143,760
Liabilities		40,900,755	17,643,760
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	13		
Lease liabilities	15	-	-
Other financial liabilities	14	-	4,033,601
Provisions	15	3,544,179	9 404 005
Deferred lax liabilities (net)	16	11	3,421,295
Other non-current liabilities	17	546,154	594,545
	1,	4,090,333	0.040.441
Current liabilities		4,090,333	8,049,441
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	13	10.015.550	4 0 40 000
Lease liabilities	13	12,915,559	6,342,030
Trade payables		- II	-
Due to micro and small enterprises	18	F 004 4 5 5	
Due to other than micro and small ent	18	5,004,175	4,426,866
Other financial liabilities	14	36,623,147	32,411,726
Other current liabilities	17	6,717,264	4,923,155
Provisions	15	6,717,697	15,549,704
Current tax liabilities (net)	19	944,057	4,301,952
current tax madmines (net)	19		
		68,921,900	67,955,432
Fotal equity and liabilities		73,012,233	76,004,873
total equity and habitnes		113,912,988	93,648,633
Significant accounting policies	1		
Explanatory information and other notes	0.04		
explanatory information and other notes	2-34		
	1		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements. This is the balance spectral transpour report of even date

M.No. 209944

For and on behalf of the Board of

PANNKAJ DUJODWALA

Director DIN: 00546353 SIDDHARTH BUBNA

Director

DIN: 07640927

Bangalore: 23rd May 2024

VENKATESHEAIU P 09944 Vartered Accountails Membership No.: 20044 UDIN: 24209944BKSVAAKEOUN

ARIF AHMAD CFO & Operation Head PAN: AOTPA5620H



KAMTRESS AUTOMATION SYSTEMS PVT LTD STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH-2024

	Note	2023-24	Amount in Rs
INCOME	 	2023-24	2022-23
Revenue from operations	20	271,592,679	00F (00 04 0
Less: Excise Duty	20	2/1,392,6/9	205,638,018
Revenue from operations	20	271,592,679	505 (20 010
Other income	21	3,022,378	205,638,018
Total income	2-1	274,615,058	1,563,648
		2/4,013,038	207,201,665
EXPENSES		[
Cost of materials consumed	22	178,184,023	141 000 000
Purchase of stock-in-trade	23	170,104,023	141,069,936
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade	-	· ["
and work-in-progress	24	-	_
Excise duty			
Employee benefits expense	25	-	-
Finance costs	26	20,519,388	22,574,583
Depreciation and amortisation expense	26	2,901,154	2,261,413
Other expenses	28	4,298,584	4,805,806
Total expenses	4.0	45,301,029	34,518,501
- Start Oxperioes		251,204,177	205,230,238
Profit before exceptional items and tax		22 442 500	
The second street and the		23,410,880	1,971,427
Exceptional items (Refer Note 30)			
	i		-
Profit before tax		23,410,880	1,971,427
Tax expense	29		
Current tax	-		
Deferred tax		(48,393)	- FO4 F45
Total tax expense		(48,393)	594,545 594,545
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(±0,573)	394,545
Profit after tax		23,459,273	1,376,882
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of	· [_
Profit and Loss		1.	
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	İ	ļi	
Income tax on remeasurement of defined benefit plan	29		-
part part	29		, -
Total other comprehensive income			-
Total comprehensive income for the year	}	23,459,273	1,376,882
Earnings per equity share (in rupees)	745		1,070,002
Basic	34P		
Diluted	İ	156.40	. 9.18
	.	156.40	9.18
Significant accounting policies	1		
Explanatory information and other notes	2-34	l i	
		·	•

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements This is the statement of profit antigons referred to in our report of even date

M.No. 209944 VENKATESH BABU

Chartered Accountants Membership No.: 209944

Bangalore: 23rd May 2024

UDIN: 24209944BKCJVA6761

For and on behalf of the Board

PANNKAJ DUJODWALA

Director DIN: 00546353 IDDHARTH BUBNA

∯irector DIN: 07640927

Jonation o

Bangalore

ARIF AHMAD

CFO & Operation He

PAN: AOTPA5620H

EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	;		As at 31st March-2024			
				March-2024	As at March 31,	rch 31, 2023
			No. of Shares		No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised share capital			200,000	2,000,000		
Issued share capital			150,000	1,500,000		
Subscribed share capital			150,000	1,500,000	150,000	
Fully paid-up share capital Reference of the hemining of the wear			150,000	1 500 000		1 500,000
Changes in share canital due to order certors			ana/acr	-	Populari	
Issued during the year			•	•	•	•
Bought back during the year			•	•	1	•
Bonus shares issued during the period						
Share Split during the period						
Shares consolidated during the period						
Equity Employee Stock Options exercised during the period						
Shares forfeited during the period						
Shares cancelled by capital reduction during the period						
Share warrants exercised during the period						
Restated halance at the beginning of the year			150.000	1.500.000	150.000	1.500.000
Change in characteristal during the current year			,		. '	
Balance at the end of the reporting year			150,000	1,500,000	150,000	1,500,000
Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to each class of shares including restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital	s on the distribution of d	lividends and the repa	syment of capital			
It is Colligated has one class of equity states having a parvance in so, to pet state, but when the control of	naenouer a engine on the event of liquidation,	the equity shareholde	rs are eligible to receive	posed by the coast of the remaining assets o	f the Company after di	stribution of all
			As at 31st March-2024	farch-2024	As at Ma	As at March 31, 2023
Shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than five percent shares			No.	%	No	96
Poona Bottling Company Private Ltd.		į	, 000 071	0.00%		2000 2000 2000
Granet & Weil (india) Liu Robit More (Nominee)			143,233	0.00%		0.00%
Nirajkumar More (Notainee)	!		1	0.001%	1	0.001%
Disclosure of shareholding of Promoters						
		As at 31st March-2024			As at March 31, 2023	
Category & name of the shareholders	No of Shares	% of Total Shares	% change during the year	No of Shares	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
Poora Bottling Company Private Ltd.	1	0.00%	%00.0		%000.0	0.00%
Grauer & Weil (India) Ltd	149,999	%666.66		149,999	99.999%	
and formation to be a second			0.00%			0.00%
Rohit More (Nominee)	1	0.00%	0.00%		%0000	%00:0
Nirajkumar More (Nominee)	H	0.001%	%000 0	1	0.001%	0.00%
	150.000	100%		150.000	%UU↓	

	Reserves	Reserves and Surplus	Other Comprehensive Income	
OTHER EQUITY	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	TOTAL
Balance as at March 31, 2023	t i	16,143,760	1	16,143,760
Balance as at March 31, 2023	1	16,143,760	1	16,143,760
Changes in accounting policy or correction of prior period items Reseated halance as at Amil 01, 2023	1 1	092 CX E 91		16.143.760
Profit for period ending March 31, 2023	ı	107,521,00		10,143,100
Add: Stamp duty liability no longer required Other comprehensive income for the year-endino March 31, 2023	ı			1
Total comprehensive income for the year ending March 31, 2023	t			
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Dividends and dividend distribution tax				
- Final Dividend - Dividend distribution tax		ı		i
Toranton (Loom) (to Ordenseller Debased a December				ı
Transfer to general reserves	,	•		' '
Balance as at March 31, 2023	t;	16,143,760	1	16,143,760
Changes in accounting policy or correction of prior period items Restated balance as at April 01, 2023	1 1	36.143.760	1 1	16143 760
Profit for period ending 31st March-2024		23,459,273		23,459,273
Less: Criatge on account or transmonal adjustment on rease ino AS I.to Add: Transaction cost relating to amalgamation written back	1 1	•		
Other comprehensive income for period ending 31st March-2024		(202,278)	•	(202,278)
Total comprehensive income for period ending 31st March-2024	1	23,256,995	1	23,256,995
Total comprehensive income for the year	1	23,256,995	1	23,256,995
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Distinguals and distribution for				
Dynamik and an inerial abutoution fax - Final Dividend		•		,
. Dividend distribution tax		1		1
Transter to genera reserve Balance as at 31st March-2024		39.400.755	•	39 400 755
		CC /ODE/CC	•	CC /ODE/CC
Nature and purpose of each component of equity Nature and purpose				
Central resorve represents accumulated profits and is created by transfer of profits from retained earnings and it is not an item of other comprehensive income.	d by transfer of profits	s from retained earnings	, and it is not an item of	other comprehensive
ii. Retained earnings Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfer to general reserves & dividend	ed till date, less any tra	insfer to general reserve	s & dividend	
iii. Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Cains/losses arising on remeasurements of defined benefit plans are recognised in the other comprehensive income as per IND A5-19 and shall not be reclassified to the Statement of Profit or Loss in the subsequent years.	plans are recognised in nt years.	the other comprehensi	ve income as per IND A	LS-19 and shall not be
equity ESS IN		The second of		
	or and on behalf of the	e Board of Directors		
BL NW	Trans.	5		
	PANNKAJ DUJODWALA		SIDDHARTH BUBNA	
Tar.	DIN: 00546353	rice (Feb.	DIN: 07640927	
Upur: 24209944BKUJV AO/ORIGO		· · ·		
	ARIF AHMAD	inati	(5) E6	•
Bangalore: 23rd May 2024	PAN: AOTPA5620H	OIND	ster	
		William Band	Bandaloro S	
		50	P/ Sing	

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KAMTRESS AUTOMATION SYSTEMS PVT LTD STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2024

	2023-24	2022-23
	4040 343	4042-25
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before exceptional item & tax	23,410,880	1,971,427
Exceptional Item (Refer Note 30)	20,110,000	1,7/1,42/
Profit before tax	23,410,880	1 071 437
Adjustment for:	23,410,000	1,971,427
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	4 200 504	1 905 900
Bad debts written off	4,298,584	4,805,806
Allowance for doubtful debt	3,695,965	16 4,44 4
Stundry balances written back	-	-
Finance costs		-
	2,901,154	2,261,413
Loss/(gain) on property, plant & equipment sold/discarded (net)	19,599	
Provision for impairment on investment in associates	-	~
Loss/ (gain) on sale of investment	-	-
Net loss/(gain) arising on fair value change	-	-
Net unrealised foreign exchange loss/(gain)	-	
Employee benefits	996,172	916,399
Interest income	(757,582)	(757,485
Dividend income	(3,750)	(5,000
Operating profit before working capital changes	34,561,022	9,357,005
Adjustments for changes in working capital	34,001,022	9,337,003
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	(12.000.0(1)	W 2 000 122
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(13,288,061)	(13,907,638
(Increase)/ decrease in non current asset	(6,705,769)	(587,853
	402,271	827,547
(Increase)/decrease in current financial asset	956,721	(3,528,504
(Increase)/decrease in other current asset	154,311.	1,799,706
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	4,788,731	3,625,209
Increase/(decrease) in non current liabilities	122,884	432,592
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	(8,236,348)	6,776,645
Increase/(decrease) in non current provisions	(3,357,895)	(691,856
Increase/(decrease) in current provisions	- 1	-
Cash generated from operations	9,397,868	4,102,852
Less: Direct taxes paid	· · · <u>.</u>	· · ·
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	9,397,868	4,102,852
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payment towards capital expenditure		-
Payment towards purchase of property, plant & equipment	(1,222,912)	(224,431
Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment	-	-
Investment purchased	·	-
Deposits/balance with banks with maturity more than 3 months	· -	-
Proceeds from sale of investment	-	MA.
Interest and dividend received	761,332	762,485
Net cash flow from investing activities (B)	(461,580)	538,053
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Lease liability payment	(4,033,601.00)	(3,441,132
Net proceeds/(repayment) of hire purchase credits	~	-
Proceeds/(repayment) of working capital facilities	6,573,529.52	2,086,190
Loan return/(given) to related parties	-	-
Net proceeds / (repayment) of loan from related parties	-	-
Interest paid	(2,901,153.98)	(2,261,413
Dividend and corporate dividend tax	```	,,,,-
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	(361,225)	(3,616,355
		(0)010)300
Not ingroced / (doggoods) in each and a last 1 / 4 / 22 C		
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	8,575,063	1,024,550
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the period (Refer	1,820,371	795,821
Note 12A)	į l	
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 12A)	1,820,371	795,821
Current investments	_	,
Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the period	10,395,434	1,820,371
(Refer Noie 12A)	102707303	1,0,0,0,0,1
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 12A)	10,395,434	1 000 001
Current investments	10,090,404	1,820,371
Consider Mar Collingated	- 11	_

Amount in Rs. 2023-24 2022-23 CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 0 (0) The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect Method.
 Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities: 2023-24 2022-23 Opening balance 1,820,371 795,821 Cash inflow/(outflow) of non current borrowings
Cash inflow/(outflow) of current borrowings 8,936,288 4,640,906 (361,225) (3.616,355) Casi mnow/ (outnow) of Closing balance
Closing balance
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements
This is the statement of as a first because to in our report of even date

For and on I 10,395,434 1,820,371 For and on behalf of the Board o M.No. 209944 PANNKAJ DUJODWALA RTH BUBNA artered Accountai Director Director DIN: 07640927 DIN: 00546353 Bangalore ARIF AHMAD CFO & Operation Head PAN. AOTPA5620H Bangalore: 23rd May 2024

			GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECI	DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION	ISATION		NET BLOCK	LOCK
Nature of fixed assets	As at April 01,	Additions	Deductions	Other	As at 31st March-	Asar	Provided for the	Other	Deductions	As at 31st March-	As at 31st March- As at 31st March- As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2023			adjustments	2024	2023	year	adjustisents	adjustments	2024	2024	2023
Tangible assets												
Land - Freehold	ı	1		1	,	,	1	•			1	
b) Leasehold		,	1	•	1	•	•	1	1		' '	•
ildings	•	•	,	•	'	•	•	1			1	•
Plant and machinery	4,309,465	984,023	12,486	1	5,281,002	1,490,363	995,726	•	4,003	2,033,526	3.247,076	2,819,102
Laboratory equipment	ı	1	1	1	1	. "		1	. 1	•	'	
R and D equipment		•	•	1	•	,	'	,	1	•	•	1
Furniture and fixtures	133,238	77,977	•	1	211,209	18,872	19,018	•	'	37,890	173,319	114,366
hicles	229,165	•	15,204	1	213,961	104,932	52,166	•	12,204	145,194	68,767	124,233
Office equipment	471,145	160,834	4,246	ì	622,736	233,004	101,127	1	3,174	330,957	296,780	238,145
7.45-1	270 000	1 220 000	200 15			0.00			1		,	1
	0,125,010	1,444,040		-	0,000,946	1,24,1/1	120,177	•	195,61	2,547,967	3,785,941	3,295,845
			GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECL	DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION	ISATION		NET BLOCK	COCK
Nature of fixed assets	As at April 01, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Other adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As at April 01, 2022	Provided for the	Other	Deductions	As at March 31,	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
Langible assets												
Land - Freehold	1		•						-			
b) Leasehold		1	,	•	,	•				. ,		' '
Buildings	1	1	,	1	,	1	,	,	1			
Plant and machinery	4,171,672	137,793	,	1	4,399,465	847,815	642,548	•	,	1,490,363	2,819,102	3,323,857
Laboratory equipment	_		•	1	,	'	•	•			٠	•
R and D equipment	•		•	•	1		•	1	,	,	,	1
Furniture and fixtures	92,738	40,500	1	1	133,238	8,725	10,148	1	,	18,872	114,366	84,013
nicles	225,163	1	1	1	229,165	52,466	52,466	•	,	104,932	124,233	176,699
Office equipment	425,011	46,137	ı	1	471,148	114,471	118,532	,	1	233,004	238,145	310,540
Total	4.418.587	224,430			5,143,013	1,023,477	825.695		,	1.847.171	3.295.845	3.895.110

		٥	GROSS BLOCK	×			DEPREC	DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION	ISATION		NET	NET BLOCK
Nature of fixed assets	Asat	Additions	Dedrictions	Offher	As at 31st March-	As at April 61,	As at 31st March- As at April 62, Provided for the Other	Other	Deductions		As at 31st March- As at 31st March- As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2,923			adjusiments	2024	2023	vear	adjustments	adjustments	2024	2024	2023
Leasehold Jand	5				,		,				1	'
Eufdings	10,391,354	'			10,391,354	6,927,569	3,463,785	•	1	10,391,354	0	3,463,785
Motor vehicle	,	,			1	-	•		•	. '		. •
Total	10,391,354		-	-	10,391,354	695'226'9.	3,463,785		· 	10,397,354		3.463.785
(Refer Note 34R)] .						

		ی	GROSS- BLOCK	. 4			DEFRECE	DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION	TSATION		NET BLOCK	LOCK
Nature of fixed assets	As at April 01,	Additions	Deductions	Other	As at March 31,	As at April U.	As at March 31, As at April 01, Provided for the	Other	Deductions	As at March 31, As at March 31, As at March 31,	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
Leasehold land			-	enrammen/ra	507	7707	hear	acjustments		575	2023	7707
Bulldings	10,391,354	,			10,391,354	3.463.785	3.463.785	-	'	6.927.549	3.463.785	595 205 9
Motor versicle											-	-
Total	10,391,354	٠			10,391,354	3,463,785	3,463,785	1		6,927,569	3,463,785	6,927,569

NOTES, OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS	IBLE ASSETS							,				Amount in Rs.
			GROSS BLCCK				DEPRECL	DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION	ISATION		NET BLOCK	LOCK
Nature of fived assets	As at April 01, 2023	Addinons	Deácctions	Other	As at 31st March- 2024	As at 31st March As at April (1), Provided for the 2024 vear	Provided for the	Other	Deductions adjustments	As at 31st March- 2024	Deductions As at 31st March- As at 31st March- As at March 31, adjustments 2024 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Computer software	1,593,406	,	134,080		1,459,326	1,243,900	114,622		127,727	1,231,395	156/222	349,506
Total	1,593,406		134,086		1,459,326	1,243,900	114,622		127,127	1,231,395	127,931	349,506
].].				•		
			GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECLA	DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION	ISATION		NET BLOCK	EOCK
Nature of tixed assets	As at April 01, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Officer adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As at April 01, 2022	As at April 01, Provided for the 2022 year	Other	Deductions adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2022
Computer software	1,593,406			-	1,593,406	725,574	518,326	1	•	1,243,900	349,506	867,832
Total	1,593,406				1,593,406	725,574	518,326	-	-	1,243,900	349,506	867,832
		_				_						

NOTE 6: INVESTMENTS				
NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS	As at Ma	rch 31, 2024	As at Mar	ch 31, 2023
1)0 1101	Nos.	Amount in Rs.	Nos,	Amount in Rs.
A) Quoted (Other than Trade)				Tanount III Ito,
(Carried at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss)				
B) Unquoted (Trade)				
In Associates (carried at cost)				
In Carbatatan to the same	-		-	
In Subsidiaries (carried at cost)	_			
	-		-	-
Other Investments (carried at cost)				
The Saraswat Co-operative Bank Limited	2,500	25,600	2,500	25,000
(Fully paid up Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each)				
C) Unquoted (Other than Trade)	P			
(Carried at fair value through Statement of Profit and				
Loss)				
In fully paid-up Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each				
Others (carried at cost)				
(25,000		07.000
	<u>L </u>	23,000		25,000
	Cost	Market value	Cost	Market value
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Aggregate book value of unquoted investments	25,000	-	25.000	-
			25,000	
NOTE 6: INVESTMENTS				,
CURRENT INVESTMENTS	An at Man	ch 31, 2024		
	Nos.	Rupees	As at Marc	Amount in Rs.
Unquoted (Other than Trade)	1	Tapecs	1103.	Amount in Rs.
(Carried at fair value through statement of profit and loss)				
	_			
		-	-	<u>-</u>
· · ·				
				Amount in Rs.
NOTE: LOANS		arrent	Cur	
Unsecured - considered good	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Loans and advances to related parties (Refer Note 34O)		i .	40,000,000	
Other advances		· · · · · · ·	10,000,000	10,000,000
			10,000,000	10,000,000
				Amount in Rs.
NOTE 7: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	Non-C	urrent	Curi	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Unsecured - considered good				
Carried at amortised cost	'		[·	
Interest receivable			[<u> </u>	_
From related parties (Refer Note 340)	10	-	-	- -
From others Security deposits	-		[
Term deposits with maturity for more than 12 months	-	-	3,377,815	3,230,941
(Refer Note 12)	-	<u> </u>	-	-
Term deposits held as margin money against bank	1		' '	
gurantees	-	44	6,891	4,243,329
Others	3,132,843	_	_	_
	3,132,843		3,384,706	7,474,270

NOTE 8: INCOME TAX ASSETS (NET)	Non-C	Current	Cur	rent
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Advance income tax (Net of provisions)	985,547	1,387,818	-	- As at Water 31, 2025
	985,547	1,387,818		
				<u> </u>
NOTE 9: OTHER ASSETS	Non-C	Irrent	<u> </u>	Amount in Re
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	
Coult 1 1		120 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	As at Water 51, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Capital advances	-	-	_	_
Advances other than capital advances Advances to employees				
Advances to employees Advances to suppliers	-	٠	-	59,795
Prepaid expenses	- !	-	751,791	1,169,466
Rent Receivable AS 116	-	-	797,123	790,173
Term receivable A.) 120			-	-
Balances with government authorities	•		, ,	
VAT receivable			744,162	427,952
CENVAT credit receivable	-		-	_
Service tax credit receivable	-	-	-	-
Goods and service tax	-	•	-	-
. · ·			744,162	427,952
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,293,076	2,447,386
		———— <u>—</u> <u> </u>		
NOTE 10: INVENTORIES				Amount in Rs.
At lower of cost and net realisable value	-		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Raw materials			.	
Raw materials-in-transit			13,660,949	10,798,295
		. -	<u>-</u>	
			13,660,949	10,798,295
Work-in-progress			10.701.064	
•		ľ	12,791,064	8,947,949
			-	
•				
Stores and spares				
Stores and spares			26,452,013	_

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH-2024 KAMTRESS AUTOMATION SYSTEMS PVT LTD

		Amount in Rs.
NOTE 11: TRADE RECEIVABLES	As at March 31, 2024	As at M
Secured considered good	•	,
Unsecured considered good	53,230,498	43,638,403
	53,230,498	43,638,403
Txade receivables - credit impaired	•	
Less: Impairment provision for expected credit loss	•	,
	53,230,498	43,638,403
Note:		

1) The Company has used practical expedient for computing Expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables whereever necessary, taking into account historical credit loss experience adjusted for forward looking estimates and accordingly provisions are made for Expected credit loss.

2) For receivables from related parties (Refer Note 34 O)

AGEING OF TRADE RECEIVABLES				As on 31st March 2024			
Particulars	Not Due	< 6 Months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivable							
(i) Secured - Considered Good	•		1		•		
(ii) Unsecured - Considered Good (*)	33,875,354	12,312,772	4,314,761	2,363,962	363,649		53,230,498
Disputed Trade Receivables							
(i) Secured - Considered Good	1				•		•
(ii) Unsecured	•	ı	ı			,	1
Total Debtors	33,875,354	12,312,772	4,314,761	2,363,962	363,649		53,230,498
Less:- Allowance for Loss			-				
Total							53,230,498

(*) An Amount of Rs.162.18 Lacs is towards Retention as per the contractual arrangement with the customers

AGEING OF TRADE RECEIVABLES			7	As on 31st March 2023			
Particulars	Not Due	< 6 Months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivable					,		
(i) Secured - Considered Good	1	ı		ı			
(ii) Unsecured - Considered Good(*)	30,926,870	6,901,456	1,780,036	387,296		3,642,745	43,638,403
Disputed Trade Receivables							
(i) Secured - Considered Good	-			1	1		
(ii) Unsecured (**)			,			:	
Total Debtors	.30,926,870	6,901,456	1,780,036	387,296		3,642,745	43,638,403
Less:- Allowance for Loss	,						
Total							43,638,403

Note: (*) An Amount of Rs. 70.63 Lacs is towards Retention as per the contractual arrangement with the customers

NOTE 12: CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Non C	turent	T	Amount in Rs.
The second secon			Cur	rent
(4) (2) 1 (4)	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(A) Cash & cash equivalents				T
Balances with banks				1
In current accounts		1	10 200 051	1 010 400
Term deposits with maturity within 3		•	10,393,051	1,813,602
months			_	_
Cash on hand				i
Cush on hand			2,383	6,770
	-		10,395,434	1,820,372
(B) Bank balance other than Cash & cash equivalents				
Term deposits with maturity of more than			1	
3 months and less than 12 months		-	- 1	_
Term deposits with maturity of more than			i	İ
12 months		_		Į
12 monats				
				-
Amount included under the head 'Other Financial				
Assets' (Refer Note 7)	-		-	-
		. ,		

NOTES TO THE STANDAL	AMTRESS AUTOMATION ONE FINANCIAL STATE	MENTS FOR YEAR ENDE	D 31ST MARCH-2024	_
NOTE SOCE: EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL				Rug
Authorised			As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 202
2,00,000 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each			2,000,000	2,000,0
			2,000,000	2,000,0
ssued, Subscribed and Fully Paid-up				
,50,000 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each			1,500,000	1,500,0
			1,500,000	1,500,0
Reconciliation of shares outstanding as at the end of the ye				.l
	No. of Shares	rch 31, 2024 Rupees	As at Mar No. of Shares	ch 31, 2023
At the beginning of the year	150,000	1,500,000	150,000	Rupees 1,500,0
Add: Issued during the year Outstanding at the end of the year	450,000	ļ <u>.</u>	<u>-</u>	
——————————————————————————————————————	150,000	1,500,000	150,000	1,500,(
tights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares		<u> </u>		
the Company has one class of equity shares having a par value	ue of Re. 10 per share. Rach	shareholder is eligible for a	mo vata par above hald. The	The I MIT II I
roposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval	of the shareholders in the or	suite Appual Caparal Mac	the vote per snare neid. The	Final NIL dividend
quity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of th	e Company after distributi	on of all professible services	ting. As per the Companie	s Act, 2013, the holder
Iowever no such preferential amounts exist currently. The di	istribution will be in groupe	tion to the number ofit	ts in the event of liquidatio	n of the Company.
		non to the number of equity	shares held by the shareho	olders.
hareholders holding more than 5 percent of the Equity Sha	ires			
Name of the Shareholders	As at Mar	rch 31, 2024	As at Marc	ds 21 2022
	No. of Equity Shares	Percentage holding	No. of Equity Shares	Percentage holding
Poona Bottling Company Private Ltd. Grauer & Weil (India) Ltd	148 000 00	0.000%	-	. 0.00
Rohit More (Nominee)	149,999,00	99.999%	149,999,00	99.99 0.00
Nirajkumar More (Nominee)	1.00	0.001%	1.00	0.00
OTE SOCE: OTHER EQUITY				
			·	Amount in
eneral Reserve			As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 202
As per Last Account			_	_
Add: Transfer from Statement of Profit and Loss		•	<u>-</u>	
ess: Charge on account of transitional lease Ind AS 116			_ '	-
ess: Restatement of deposits given dd: Stamp duty liability no longer required			-	-
our statis fully intently to longer required			<u> </u>	
				<u> </u>
urplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss				1
As per Last Account Profit for the year			16,143,760	14,766,8
2 to the year			23,459,273 39,603,033	1,376,8 16,143,7
Less:- Appropriations			33,003,030	:0,193,7
Corporate Tax on Dividend Transfer to General Reserve			(200 020)	-
et Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss			(202,278)	16,143,7
			39,400,755	16,143,70 Amount in 1
OTE 13: BORROWINGS		urrent	Cur	
cured	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Term Loans from Banks	-	-	-	-
Hire purchase credits Loans repayable on demand from banks	-		-	-
	- 	-	12,915,559	6,342,03
nsecured				
Loans and advances from related parties (Refer Note 34 O)	٠.	-	-	-
mounts disclosed under the history and a second		-	12,915,559	6,342,03
nounts disclosed under the head 'Other Financial Liabilities' efer Note 14)	-	.	<u>-</u>	-
			12,915,559	6,342,03
			2.04.7 1.04.00	0,042,0
				-
				•

NOTE 14: OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	7./ /			Amount in R
TOTAL THE OTHER PHANCIAE LABILITIES	<u> </u>	urrent		rent
Current maturities of long term debt (Refer Note 13)	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Investor Education and Protection Fund	-	•	-	-
Unpaid dividend*	-			
onpaid dividend	! - i	-	-	_
Oil			1	
Others]	1		
Deposits from licensees and dealers	<u> </u>			_
	,,			
Security deposit from employees		.	_	_
Payable towards capital expenditure			1 []	-
Payable to employees	_	_ [465 330	- 510 000
	_		465,220	512,002
Unpaid Matured deposits	1 " 1	·	1	
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
Discount Payable	-	-	- 1	
	-	-		
Expenses payable	-	1	6,252,044	4,411,154
	- 1	-		, ,
	-	- 1		
Others		_	_	
				1
			6,717,264	1 000 155
			6,/1/,264	4,923,155
*There is no amount due and outstanding to be credited to	Investor Education and Pro	taction Fund	LL	
to be electrical to	investor Education and Fic	nection Fund.		
NOTE 15: PROVISIONS		 		<u>Amount in Rs.</u>
1,018 10,110 (1810) (3	Non-C		Cur	rent
Description for a second of the control of the cont	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Provision for employee benefits		İ		
Leave benefits	411,336	324,364	i - 1	_
Gratuity (Refer Note 25)	3,132,843	3,096,931	944,057	4,301,952
	3,544,179	3,421,295	944,057	4,301,952
····		<u></u>		
				Amount in Rs.
NOTE 16: DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)	Non-C	urrent	Cur	
<u> </u>	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Deferred tax liability		715 (t 17111C) 31, 2025	As at Water 31, 2024	As at Waren 31, 2023
- Depreciation arising on account of difference in carrying				
amount and tax base of PPE & Intangibles	_	_	179,914	190,055
	1	1	17 27314	190,000
- Ind AS adjustments	i		(925,869)	(1,015,257)
 Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments 		l	199,800	230,658
				2,0,000
Deferred tax asset			199,600	
Deferred tax asset			199,000	
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments	-	-	199,000	-
Deferred tax asset	-	<u>-</u>		-
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments	-	- - -	(546,154)	(594,545)
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments	-			(594,545)
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments	-			- - (594,545)
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments	-	- - - -		
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments	- - - Non-C	- - - -		Amount in Rs.
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments	Non-C As at March 31, 2024		(546,154) Curr	Amount in Rs.
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments		urrent As at March 31, 2023	(546,154)	Amount in Rs.
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments			(546,154) Curr As at March 31, 2024	Amount in Rs. ent As at March 31, 2023
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments NOTE 17: OTHER LIABILITIES			(546,154) Curr	Amount in Rs.
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments NOTE 17: OTHER LIABILITIES Contractual liabilities			(546,154) Curr As at March 31, 2024	Amount in Rs. ent As at March 31, 2023
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments NOTE 17: OTHER LIABILITIES Contractual liabilities Deferred income			(546,154) Cur As at March 31, 2024 4,063,681	Amount in Rs, ent As at March 31, 2023 12,205,077
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments NOTE 17: OTHER LIABILITIES Contractual liabilities Deferred income Statutory dues payable			(546,154) Curr As at March 31, 2024	Amount in Rs. ent As at March 31, 2023
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments NOTE 17: OTHER LIABILITIES Contractual liabilities Deferred income Statutory dues payable Central sales tax & VAT			Curr As at March 31, 2024 4,063,681 2,654,017	Amount in Rs. ent As at March 31, 2023 12,205,077
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments NOTE 17: OTHER LIABILITIES Contractual liabilities Deferred income Statutory dues payable Central sales tax & VAT PF, ESIC etc			(546,154) Cur As at March 31, 2024 4,063,681	Amount in Rs. ent As at March 31, 2023 12,205,077
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments NOTE 17: OTHER LIABILITIES Contractual liabilities Deferred income Statutory dues payable Central sales tax & VAT PF, ESIC etc Service tax			Curr As at March 31, 2024 4,063,681 2,654,017	Amount in Rs. ent As at March 31, 2023 12,205,077 - 3,344,627
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments NOTE 17: OTHER LIABILITIES Contractual liabilities Deferred income Statutory dues payable Central sales tax & VAT PF, ESIC etc Service tax TDS			Curr As at March 31, 2024 4,063,681 2,654,017 202,580	Amount in Rs. ent As at March 31, 2023 12,205,077 3,344,627 186,526
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments NOTE 17: OTHER LIABILITIES Contractual liabilities Deferred income Statutory dues payable Central sales tax & VAT PF, ESIC etc Service tax			(546,154) Curr As at March 31, 2024 4,063,681 2,654,017 202,580 299,911	Amount in Rs. eni As at March 31, 2023 12,205,077 3,344,627 186,526 266,389
Deferred tax asset - Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments - Ind AS adjustments NOTE 17: OTHER LIABILITIES Contractual liabilities Deferred income Statutory dues payable Central sales tax & VAT PF, ESIC etc Service tax TDS			Curr As at March 31, 2024 4,063,681 2,654,017 202,580	Amount in Rs. ent As at March 31, 2023 12,205,077 3,344,627 186,526

NOIE 18: 1KADE PAYABLES						Cur	Current Current
						As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Total outstanding dues to Micro and Small Enterprises (Refer Note 341)	Enterprises (Refer No	te 34I)				5,004,175	
Lotal ouistanding dues of other than Micro and Small Enterprises	o and Small Enterprise	es S				36,623,147 41,627,322	32,411,726 36,838,592
AGEING OF TRADE PAYABLES				As on 31st March 2624	rch 2624		
Particulars	Not Due	Less Than 6 Months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	Moze than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	5,004,175		•	ı	ı		5,004,175
(ii) Other Creditors	23,363,547	12,474,983	74,622	709,994	1		36,623,147
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME		-		1			
(iv) Disputed Dues -Others		1	1	t,			
Total	28,367,722	12,474,983	74,622	709,994			41,627,322
AGEING OF TRADE PAYABLES				As on 33st March 2023	rch 2023		
Particulars	Not Due	Less Than 6	6 months - 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Tofal
HMSM (i)		Months 7 017 035	year 169 446)			Lot
(ii) Other Creditors		23.521 656	1 205 965	1 065 585	234 696	4	1,103,461
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	1			200000	-		20,027
(iv) Disputed Dues -Others				1	1	1	
Total	•	30,538,691	1,374,411	1,065,585	234,696		33,213,383
							Amount in Rs.
NOTE 19: CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES (NET)	NET)					Current	
						As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Provision for Income tax (Net of advance tax)	(X						

		<u>Amount in Rs.</u>
NOTE 20: REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	2023-24	2022-23
Revenue from contract with customers		····
Sale & Service of products	267,596,013	194,781,253
Less: Trade discount	_	-
	267,596,013	194,781,253
Business conducting fees/licence fees and related income		
Other operating revenues		
Erection & commissioning charges	3,996,666	10,856,764
Testing analysis charges	-	-
License fees	-	_
IGST refund / Budgetary support	- 11	-
Scrap sales	_	_
Sundry balances written back	-	_
Others	-	_
	3,996,666	10,856,764
Revenue from Operations (Gross)	271,592,679	205,638,018
Less: Excise Duty		
Revenue from operations	271,592,679	205,638,018

NOTE 21: OTHER INCOME	2002.04	Amount in Rs.
	2023-24	2022-23
Interest income	757,582	757,485
Dividend income on non current investments	3,750	5,000
Trade investments]	-
Other than trade investments		
Net gain on sale of fixed assets	-	4- -
Net gain on foreign currency transactions and translation	78,814	~
Profit on sale of current investments	-	_
Bad debts written off earlier now recovered	-	*
Insurance claim	-	_
Lease income	_	_
Export duty drawback	_	_
Miscellaneous receipts	2,182,232	801,163
-	3,022,378	1,563,648
	3/622/57 0	2,000,040

NOTE 22: COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED	2023-24	2022-23
Opening stock	10,798,295	12,584,305
Add: Purchases	184,889,792	141,657,789
	195,688,087	154,242,094
Less: Closing stock	13,660,949	10,798,295
	182,027,138	143,443,799
	<u> </u>	Amount in Rs
NOTE 23: PURCHASE OF STOCK IN TRADE	2023-24	2022-23
Traded goods	-	
		Amount in Rs
NOTE 24: CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, STOCK-IN- TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS	2023-24	<u>Amount in Rs</u> 2022-23
TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS	2023-24	
	2023-24	
TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS Closing Stock	2023-24	
TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS Closing Stock Traded goods Work-in-progress		2022-23
TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS Closing Stock Traded goods Work-in-progress Opening Stock	12,791,064	2022-23 - 8,947,949
TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS Closing Stock Traded goods Work-in-progress Opening Stock Traded goods	12,791,064	2022-23 - 8,947,949
TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS Closing Stock Traded goods Work-in-progress Opening Stock	12,791,064	2022-23 - 8,947,949
TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS Closing Stock Traded goods Work-in-progress Opening Stock Traded goods	12,791,064 12,791,064 12,791,064 - 8,947,949 8,947,949	2022-23 - 8,947,949 8,947,949 - 6,574,086 6,574,086
TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS Closing Stock Traded goods Work-in-progress Opening Stock Traded goods Work-in-progress	12,791,064 12,791,064 - 8,947,949	2022-23 - 8,947,949 8,947,949 - 6,574,086
TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS Closing Stock Traded goods Work-in-progress Opening Stock Traded goods	12,791,064 12,791,064 12,791,064 - 8,947,949 8,947,949	2022-23 - 8,947,949 8,947,949 - 6,574,086 6,574,086

	TE 25: EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE	2023-24	2022-23
	ries, wages, bonus and allowances tribution to provident and other funds	19,024,664 784,901	21,029,81 944,08
	f welfare expenses	709,823	600,68
	Territo experied	20,519,388	22,574,58
_	Possibility to the control of the co	···	
	Employee benefits: During the year the Company has recognised the following in the Statement of Profit and loss:		
	Defined contribution plans:		
'	Employer's contribution to provident fund*	784,901	944,08
	Employer's contribution to superannuation fund*	-	
	*included in "Contribution to provident and other funds"		
		Gratuity	Gratuity
	Defined benefit plans: Current service cost	* Unfunded	* Unfunded
- 1	Past service cost	431,873	400,6
ı	Interest cost	390,964	502,3
П	Expected return on plan assets	(115,915)	-
l	Actuarial (gain)/loss		-
ı	(Gain)/loss on curtaliments		
ı	Net cost	706,922	902,98
)	Reconciliation of benefit obligations and plan assets for the year. Present value of defined benefit obligation	4,076,900	7,398,88
	Fair value of plan assets	<u> </u>	
	Net asset/(liability) as at March 31, 2024 recognised in the balance sheet	4,076,900	7,398,8
	Actuarial (gain)/losses on obligation - due to experience	(354,761)	(263,30
	Retrun on plan assets, excluding interest income	(115,915)	-
,	Change in defined benefit obligation:		
	Present value of obligation as at April 01, 2023	7,398,883	7,671,5
	Current service cost	431,873	400,6
	Past service cost	992.561	500.0
	Interest cost (Gain)/loss on curtailments	390,964	502,3
	Actuarial (gain)/Joss	86,363	(392,2
	Benefits paid	(4,231,183)	(783,3
	Present value of obligation as at March 31, 2024	4,076,900	7,398,8
)	Change in plan assets:	Gratuity	Gratuity
		* Unfunded	* Unfunded
	Opening fair value of plan assets on April 01, 2023	3,132,843	-
	Expected return on plan assets Acturial gain/(loss)	115,915	-
	Closing fair value of plan assets as on March 31, 2024	(115,915) 3,132,843	
`	Proposition of appeared extreme and extra transfer		
/	Reconciliation of expected return and actual return on plan assets: Expected return on plan assets	115,915	_
	Return on plan assets excluding interest income	(115,915)	_
	Actual return on plan assets	(-20)	-
)	Reconciliation of opening and closing net liability / (asset) recognized in the balance	Gratuity	Gratuity
	sheet:	* Unfunded	* Unfunded
	Opening net liability as on April 01, 2023	7,398,883	7,279,2
	Employer's contribution to plan asset Expenses as recognized in the Statement of Profit and loss	707.000	000.0
	Amount recognized outside profit & loss for the year	706,922 202,278	902,9
	Benefits paid	(4,231,183)	(783,3
_	Net liability/(asset)	4,076,900	7,398,8
	Sensitivity analysis:-		
	Projected benefit obligation on current assumptions	4,076,900	7,398,8
	Delta effect of +1% change in rate of discounting	4,373,710	7,163,4
	Delta effect of -1% change in rate of discounting	3,812,657	7,665,1
	Delta effect of +1% change in rate of salary increase Delta effect of -1% change in rate of salary increase	4,323,650	7,627,4
	Delta effect of +1% change in rate of employee turnover	3,851,796 4,038,176	7,19 2, 1 7,390,2
	Delta effect of -1% change in rate of employee turnover	4,119,757	7,390,2 7,408,4
)	Investments under plan assets as on March 31, 2024: LIC group gratuity (cash accumulation) policy -100%		
	LIC group gratuity (cash accumulation) policy -100%		
		7.2¥%	7.4
	LIC group gratuity (cash accumulation) policy -100% The principal actuarial assumptions:	7.20 ⁴ / ₁ 10.00 ⁴ / ₀	
	LIC group gratuity (cash accumulation) policy -100% The principal actuarial assumptions: Discount rate		7.4 8.0 0.0

Amount recognised in the current year and previous	four years				
Gratuity		- i anna 11	As at 31st March		
,	2024	2023			
Defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	4,076,900	7,398,883			
(Surplus) / deficit in the plan	4,076,900	7,398,883			
Actuarial (gain)/loss on plan obligation	86,363	(392,275)			
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	(115,915)	- 1		I.	
					Amount in R
OTE 26: FINANCE COSTS				2023-24	2022-23
terest on financial liabilities carried at amortised cost				2,668,084	1,639,04
terest on lease liability				233,070	622,36
ash Discount				2,901,154	2,261,41
			<u> </u>	2,901,134	2,201,41
Office Property Trong to the Property Trong					Amount in R
OTE 27: DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXI epreciation of property, plant and equipment (Refer Note:				2023-24	2022-23
epreciation of property, plant and equipment (<i>Refer Note</i> :	4)		}	720,177 3,463,785	823,69 3,463,78
mortisation of intangible assets (Refer Note 5)				114,622	518,32
				4,298,584	4,805,80
ess: Transferred to general reserve					100=00
			<u> </u>	4,298,584	4,805,80
OTTE 40 OTTE 40					Amount in F
OTE 28: OTHER EXPENSES ores and spares consumed				2023-24	2022-23
acking materials consumed				-	-
ower and fuel				468,509	306,35
ob work charges				21,803,126	12,052,36
rawings, designs and layout expenses				-	~
ent epairs and Renewals:				1,225,718	626,07
Buildings					
Plant and machinery				- 1	-
Other assets			ľ	4,526,796	2,628,61
				4,526,796	2,628,61
nsurance				586,367	411,76
ates and taxes rinting and stationery				674,936	654,23
ravelling and conveyance				312,240 4,219,476	178,43 4,394,37
lommunication expenses				164,174	185,38
rofessional charges				1,152,028	7,055,47
auditors' remuneration:					
As auditors				200,000	200,00
For tax audit For other services				-	-
For other services				200,000	200,00
ost auditors' remuneration:				200,000	200,00
As auditors				-	-
Directors' fees				-	
oss on fixed assets sold / discarded / imparment (net) oss on foreign currency transactions and translation				19,599	
ehicle expenses				-	197,18
Ponations and contributions				- 11	_
usiness promotion				191,189	709,65
ST Expenses				-	-
ervice tax				-	-
reight and forwarding (net) ad debts written off				5,278,758	2,256,00
rovision for expected credit loss				3,695,965	164,44
esearch and development expenses				<u> </u>	_
riscount and commission				-	-
uards and security				499,920	510,93
ommon area maintenance expenses (Net) ank charges				-	-
orporate social responsibility				-	-
ees & registration				- -	-
AP expenses				-	_
oyalty expenses				-	
lembership & subscription				-	-
dministrative & other expenses				6,198	412,68
liscellaneous expenses				276,029 45,301,029	1,574,51 34,518,50

NOTES		<u>Amount in Rs.</u>
NOTE 29: INCOME TAXES	2023-24	2022-23
a Income tax recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss Current tax		
In respect of current year	_	_
Deferred tax		
In respect of current year	(48,393)	594,545
In respect of prior year	-	-
b Income tax recognised in Other Comprehensive Income		
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	_	-
	(48,393)	594,545
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit for the year:		
Current tax		
Profit before tax	23,410,880	1,971,427
Other comprehensive income	-	-
To a control of the c	23,410,880	1,971,427
Income tax expenses	-	-
Tax effect on non- deductible expenses	-	-
Tax impact in respect of sale of investment	-	-
Tax reversal of earlier years	-	-
Tax impact in respect of capital gain on sale of land Others	-	_
Others Tax expense as per Statement of Profit and loss		
ran expense as per statement of Front and loss		_
Deferred tax		
The breakup of Deferred tax:		
Depreciation arising on account of difference in carrying amount and tax base of PPE &		
Intangibles	179,914	190,055
- Accrued expenses allowable on actual payments	199,800	230,658
- Ind AS adjustments	(925,869)	(1,015,257)
	(546,154)	(594,545)
		(31, 52)

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH-2024

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its Ele
ysis and
o Analy
Ratic

באמורים ביו שונה לוה ודי דומוריום						
Ratio		Numerator	Denominator	2023-24	2022-23	% Variance
Current Ratio	Times	Current Assets	Current Liabilites	1.53	1.25	22.49%
Debt-Equity Ratio	Times	Total Debts	Shareholder's Equity	0.32	0.59	46.30%
		Earning for debt service = Net Profit after Taxes + Non - Cash Operating	Debt service = Interest & Lease Payment +			
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Times	Expenses	Principal Repayments	00:00	00.00	0.00%
			Average Shareholder's			
Return on Equity Ratio	%	Net Profit after Taxes	Equity	52.31%	11.17%	368.20%
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Times	Cost of Goods sold	Average Inventory	7.36	4.66	58.00%
Trado Docoirables Transcense Datio	·	Average Tr	Average Trade	8.41	1 20	554 14%
Hade hecelvables Hullovel hado	COUNTY	The State of the Case Trace	oran room	15:0	77:1	0/11/00
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Times	Net Credit Purchases = Gross Credit Purchases - Purchase Return	Average Trade Payables	7.07	3.84	84.05%
	Ass		Working Capital = Current Assets -			
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Times	Net Sales = Total Sales - Trade Discount Current Laibilities	Current Laibilities	7.37	11.98	-38.43%
Net Profit Turnover Ratio	%	Net Profit Before Tax	Net Sales = Total Sales - Trade Discount	7.88%	0.96%	721.78%
			Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred			
Return on Capital employed	%	Earnings before interest and taxes	Tax Liability	19.08%	4.05%	371.48%
Return on Investment	%	Profit on sale of current investments + Dividend	Average of Investment	22.50%	20:00%	12.50%
			La contraction of the contractio			

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A) General Information:

Kamtress Automation Systems Private Limited (the "Company") is a Proivate Limited Company incorporated in India having its registered office at #7, Konankunte Industrial Area, Anjana Pura Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka 560108. The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing and selling of Electroplating Equipments . The Company presently has its manufacturing facilities in Bangalore only .

B) Basis of preparation of financial statements:

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out in para C below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

i) Statement of compliance:

These Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and subsequent amendments thereto.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024 are authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company at the meeting held on May 23, 2024.

ii) Basis of preparation and presentation:

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis considering the applicable provisions of Companies Act 2013, except for the following material items that have been measured at fair value as required by the relevant Ind AS. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services at the time of initial recognition.

- a) Certain financial assets/liabilities measured at fair value (Refer Note 33 Fair Values and Hierarchy)
- b) Employees Defined Benefit Plan as per actuarial valuation
- c) Any other item as specifically stated in the accounting policy

The Company reclassifies comparable amounts unless impracticable and whenever the Company changes the presentation or classification of items in financial statements materially. No such material reclassification has been made during the year.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is the functional currency of the Company and the currency of the primary economic environment in which Company operates. Figures have been rounded off to rupees Lacs unless otherwise stated.

iii) Major sources of estimation uncertainty:

In the application of accounting policies which are described in Para C below, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, income and expenses, contingent liabilities and the accompanying disclosures that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant and are prudent and reasonable. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future period.

The few critical estimations and judgments made in applying accounting policies are:

- Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE);

Useful life of PPE and intangible assets are as specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 and on certain assets based on technical advice which considered the nature of the asset, the usage of the asset, expected physical wear and tear, the operating conditions of the asset, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support. The Company reviews the useful life of PPE at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation charge in future periods.

- Inventories:

Inventory obsolescence is based on assessment of the future uses. In all cases, inventory is carried at the lower of historical cost and net realisable value.

- Lease

Lease accounting after evaluating the right to use the underlying assets, substance of the transactions including legally enforceable arrangements and other significant terms and conditions of the arrangement to conclude whether the arrangements meet the criteria under Ind AS 116.

- Impairment of non-financial assets:

For calculating the recoverable amount of non-financial assets, the Company is required to estimate the value-in-use of the asset or the Cash Generating Unit and the fair value less cost of disposal. For calculating value-in-use the Company is required to estimate the cash flows to be generated from using the asset. The fair value of an asset is estimated using a valuation technique where observable prices are not available. Further the discount rate used in value-in-use calculations includes an estimate of risk assessment specific to the asset.

- Impairment of financial assets:

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

- Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligations are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rate. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

- Fair value measurement of financial instruments:

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

- Income tax and Deferred tax assets:

Significant judgements are involved in estimating budgeted profits for the purpose of paying advance tax, determining the provision for income taxes, including amounts expected to be paid/reversed for uncertain tax positions.

In assessing the realizability of deferred income tax assets, management considers whether some portion or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversals of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based on the level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred income tax assets are deductible, management believes that the Company will realize the benefits of those deductible differences. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry forward period are reduced.

C) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

1) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE):

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses if any, except for freehold land which is not depreciated. Cost includes purchase price (after deducting trade discount / rebate) import duties, non-refundable taxes, cost of replacing the component parts, borrowing costs and other directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition in the manner intended by the management.

Spares parts procured along with the Plant and Equipment or subsequently which meets the definition and recognition criteria of PPE considering the concept of materiality are capitalized and added to the carrying amount of such items. The carrying amount of those spare parts that are replaced is derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon disposal. Other machinery spares are treated as 'stores and spares' forming part of the inventory. If the cost of the replaced part is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part was when the item was acquired.

An item of PPE is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

The depreciable amount of an asset is determined after deducting its residual value. Where the residual value of an asset increases to an amount equal to or greater than the asset's carrying amount, no depreciation charge is recognised till the asset's residual value decreases below the asset's carrying amount. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e., when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner. Depreciation of an asset ceases at the earlier of the date that the asset is classified as held for sale in accordance with Ind AS 105 and the date that the asset is derecognised. Depreciation on all assets is provided on straight line basis.

Description of the asset	Estimated useful life
Tangible:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Land – Leasehold	Primary period of lease
Building	postor of team
- Factory	30 Years
 Other than factory buildings 	60 Years
Plant and Equipment	10 to 20 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years
Computer Servers	6 Years
Computers	3 Years
Laboratory Equipment	10 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years
Vehicles Four Wheelers	8 Years
Vehicles Two Wheelers	10 Years
Intangible:	
Software	5 Years
Software	3 Years

Further, the Company has identified and determined separate useful life for each major component of fixed assets, if they are materially different from that of the remaining assets, for providing depreciation in compliance with Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on fixed assets added/disposed off during the year is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the date of addition/disposal.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

2) Intangible assets:

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Software (not being an integral part of the related hardware) acquired for internal use are treated as intangible assets.

An item of intangible asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any profit or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

3) CWIP:

CWIP are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment are capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Advances given to acquire property, plant and equipment are recorded as non-current assets and subsequently transferred to CWIP on acquisition of related assets.

4) Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE):

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE and other intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. The resulting impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or CGU in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

5) Inventories:

Raw Materials, packing materials and stores and spares are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. However, materials held for use in production of inventories are not written down below cost, if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost of raw materials, packing materials and stores and spares is determined on Weighted Average Value basis.

Work in progress and finished goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated cost of completion and estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

The Company has adopted Ind AS 116-Leases using the modified retrospective method.

Where the Company is a lessee-

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- the contract conveys the right to use an identified asset;
- the Company has the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the Company has the right to direct the use of the identified asset.

At the date of commencement of a lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU assets") and a corresponding lease liability for all leases, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of

Lease liability is measured by discounting the lease payments using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to statement of profit and loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The ROU assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives and restoration costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. ROU assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life or the lease whichever is shorter. Impairment of ROU assets is in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for impairment of tangible and intangible assets.

Where the Company is a lessor-

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

7) Government grants: NIL

8) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets:

Provisions are recognised when there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable (i.e. more likely than not) that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Such provisions are determined based on management estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursement is recognised as a standalone asset only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognised and measured as provisions. An onerous contract is considered to exist when a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from it.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of management / independent experts. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

Contingent assets are not recognized, however, disclosed in financial statement when inflow of economic benefits is probable.

9) Foreign currency transactions:

The financial statements of Company are presented in Indian Rupees, which is also the functional currency. In preparing the financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are reported at the exchange rate ruling on the date of transaction. Exchange difference on monetary items are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

10) Share capital and securities premium:

Ordinary shares are classified as equity, incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction net of tax from the proceeds. Par value of the equity share is recorded as share capital and the amount received in excess of the par value is classified as securities premium.

11) Dividend distribution to equity shareholders: NIL

12) Cash flows and Cash and cash equivalents:

Statement of cash flows is prepared in accordance with the indirect method prescribed in the relevant Ind AS. For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, cheques and drafts on hand, deposits held with Banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

13) Revenue recognition:

The Company derives revenues primarily from design, fabrication and manufacture of Electroplating Equipment and plant. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies related to revenue recognition:

Revenue from contract with customers is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for turnover/product/prompt payment discounts to customer as specified in the contract with the customers. When the level of discount varies with increase in levels of revenue transactions, the Company recognises the liability based on its estimate of the customer's future purchases. If it is probable that the criteria for the discount will not be met, or if the amount thereof cannot be estimated reliably, then discount is not recognised until the payment is probable and the amount can be estimated reliably. The Company recognises changes in the estimated amount of obligations for discounts in the period in which the change occurs. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

Use of significant judgements in revenue recognition.

- Judgement is also required to determine the transaction price for the contract. The transaction price could be either a fixed amount of consideration or variable consideration with elements such as turnover/product/prompt payment discounts. Any consideration payable to the customer is adjusted to the transaction price, unless it is a payment for a distinct product or service from the customer. The estimated amount of variable consideration is adjusted in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur and is reassessed at the end of each reporting period.
- The Company exercises judgement in determining whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Company considers indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who controls the asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment for performance to date and alternate use of such product or service, transfer of significant risks and rewards to the customer, acceptance of delivery by the customer, etc.

i. Sale of goods:

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized, at a point in time when control is transferred to customer, as per the terms of the contracts and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of goods. It excludes Goods and Services tax. It is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates.

ii. Income from Business conducting/Licence fees:

Income arising out of Business conducting/License fees is accounted at contracted rates, keeping in view, the collectability of the resulting receivables is reasonably assured and is disclosed net of indirect taxes, if any.

iii. Revenue from amenities provided:

Revenue from amenities provided is recognized at value of service and is disclosed net of indirect taxes, if any. Recoveries made against common area maintenance expenses are netted off against expenses.

iv. Job contract receipts:

The Company follows the "Percentage of Completion Method" of accounting for all contracts. The revenue from the execution of contracts is recognized proportionately with the degree of completion achieved under each contract, matching revenue with expenses incurred and is accounted over a period of time.

v. Rendering of services:

Revenue from rendering of services is recognized as per the terms of the contract with customers when related services are performed and when the outcome of the transactions involving rendering of services can be estimated reliably.

vi. Dividend income:

Dividend Income is accounted for when the right to receive the same is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

vii. Interest income:

Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

viii. Insurance and other claims:

Insurance and other claims/refunds, due to uncertainty in realisation are accounted for on acceptance/actual receipt basis.

14) Borrowing costs:

Borrowing cost includes interest, commitment charges, brokerage, underwriting costs, discounts / premiums, financing charges, exchange difference to the extent they are regarded as interest costs and all ancillary / incidental costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowing.

Borrowing costs which are directly attributable to acquisition / construction of qualifying assets that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalized as a part of cost pertaining to those assets. All other borrowing costs are recognised as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation on borrowing costs commences when the Company incurs expenditure for the asset, incurs borrowing cost and undertakes activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. The capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended during extended periods in which active development of a qualifying asset is suspended. The capitalisation of borrowing costs ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are complete.

15) Employee benefits:

i. Short term employee benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, performance incentives etc., are recognized during the period in which the employee renders related services and are measured at undiscounted amount expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

il. Long term employee benefits:

The cost of providing long term employee benefit such as earned leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period. The expected costs of the benefit is accrued over the period of employment using the same methodology as used for defined benefits post employment plans. Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss in which they arise except those included in cost of assets as permitted. The benefit is valued annually by an independent actuary.

iii. Post employment benefits:

The Company provides the following post employment benefits:

- i) Defined benefit plans such as gratuity; and
- ii) Defined contributions plans such as provident fund.

iv. Defined benefits plans:

The cost of providing benefits on account of gratuity are determined using the projected unit credit method on the basis of actuarial valuation made at the end of each balance sheet date, which recognises each period of service as given rise to additional unit of employees benefit entitlement and measuring each unit separately to build up the final obligation. The yearly expenses on account of these benefits are provided in the books of accounts.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss except those included in cost of assets as permitted.

Re-measurements comprising of actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and change in actuarial assumptions, the effect of change in assets ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan asset (excluding net interest as defined above) are recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) except those included in cost of assets as permitted in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods.

Service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements) is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss except those included in cost of assets as permitted in the period in which they occur.

v. Defined contribution plans:

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans, viz., Provident Fund for eligible employees, and Superannuation benefits are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution.

16) Taxes on income:

Income tax expense represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax includes provision for Income tax computed under special provision (i.e., Minimum alternate tax) or normal provision of Income Tax Act. Tax on income for the current period is determined on the basis of estimated taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax laws and based on the expected outcome of assessments/appeals.

b) Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unabsorbed losses and unabsorbed depreciation to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, unabsorbed losses and unabsorbed depreciation can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

17) Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit from continuing operations and total profit, both attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For calculating diluted earnings per share the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

18) Current versus non-current classification:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/non-current classification.

a) An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

b) A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle,
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

c) Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents.

19) Fair value measurement:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of asset and liability if market participants would take those into consideration. Fair value for measurement and / or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined in on such basis except for inventories, leases and value in use of non-financial assets. Normally at initial recognition, the transaction price is the best evidence of fair value.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All financial assets and financial liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole;

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

Financial assets and Financial liabilities that are recognized at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

20) Segment reporting: NOT APPLICABLE

21) Financial instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The Company recognizes a financial asset or financial liability in its balance sheet only when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument,

a) Financial assets:

A financial asset inter-alia includes any asset that is cash, equity instrument of another entity or contractual obligation to receive cash or another financial asset or to exchange financial asset or financial liability under condition that are potentially favourable to the Company.

Investments in subsidiaries: NIL

Financial assets other than investment in subsidiaries:

Financial assets of the Company comprise trade receivable, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances, investments in equity shares of companies other than in subsidiaries, investment other than equity shares, loans/advances to employee/related parties/others, security deposit, claims recoverable etc.

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Statement of Profit and Loss. Where transaction price is not the measure of fair value and fair value is determined using a valuation method that uses data from observable market, the difference between transaction price and fair value is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss and in other cases spread over life of the financial instrument using effective interest method.

Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets measured at amortized cost;-

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost if the financials asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. These financials assets are amortized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in finance costs.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI (FVTOCI):-

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. At initial recognition, an irrevocable election is made (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments other than held for trading purpose at FVTOCI. Fair value changes are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses and reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the income statement. On derecognition of the financial asset other than equity instruments, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified to income statements.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):-

Any financial asset that does not meet the criteria for classification as at amortized cost or as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, is classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Further, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss also include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are fair valued at each reporting date with all the changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition:

The Company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit loss (ECL) model on the following:

- Financial assets that are measured at amortised cost.
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI).

ECL is measured through a loss allowance on a following basis:

- The 12 month expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instruments that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date)
- Full life time expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of financial instruments)

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment on trade receivables or contract assets resulting from normal business transactions. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. However, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, from the date of initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is provided. For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company assesses the credit risk characteristics on instrument-by-instrument basis.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.

Impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the year is recognized as expense/income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

b) Financial liabilities:

The Company's financial liabilities include loans and borrowings including book overdraft, trade payable, accrued expenses and other payables.

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities at initial recognition are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the fair value at initial recognition is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss depending upon the level of fair value.

Subsequent measurement:

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends upon the classification as described below:-

Financial liabilities classified as amortised cost:-

- Financial Liabilities that are not held for trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the Effective Interest Rale. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of assets is included as Finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial Liabilities at Fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL):-

- FVTPL includes financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Financial liabilities have not been designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL.

Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged / cancelled / expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and Financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

c) Derivatives

Derivative instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged and the type of hedge relationship designated. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument and is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).

Cash flow hedges shall be reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss. If hedge of a forecast transaction results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, then the gain or loss that are accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve is recognised in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the asset or liability (this is also referred to as "Basis Adjustment").

22) Recent accounting pronouncements:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) on March 23, 2022 through Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules 2022 has notified the following amendments to Ind AS which are applicable on April.............

KAMTRESS AUTOMATION SYSTEMS PVT LTD NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH-2024

NOTE- 30: EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

NIL

NOTE- 31: CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and other equity reserves, long term funds attributable to the Equity Shareholders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximise shareholders value and keep the debt equity ratio within acceptable range. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

The Company monitors capital using adjusted net debt to equity ratio. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total debt less cash and bank balances.

		Amount in Rs.
	As at 31st March-2024	As at March 31, 2023
Non-current long term borrowings	-	-
Loans repayable on demands from banks	12,915,559	6,342,030
Current maturity of long term debt		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Gross debt	12,915,559	6,342,030
Less - Cash and cash equivalents	10,395,434	1,820,372
Less - Other bank deposits	•	· ·
Adjusted net debt	2,520,125	4,521,658
Total equity	40,900,755	17,643,760
Adjusted net debt to equity ratio	0.06	0.26

NOTE- 32: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to various financial risks, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management assessment and policies and processes are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company by setting appropriate limits and controls and monitoring such risks. The policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk arising from its operating (primarily trade receivables) and investing activities including deposits placed with banks.

The Company exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Credit risk is managed through close monitoring of receivables and having a strict control on allowing the credit period to customers. Additionally, the Company does not have any significant concentration of exposures to specific industry sectors or specific country risks. The Company limits its exposure to credit risk for investments by generally investing in fixed deposits and only with counterparties that have a good credit rating.

Company's sales which is mainly for Automated Electroplating Equipments is either with established dealer network where payments are generally in advance/ on delivery of Shipment or with direct customers wherein credit worthiness as well as credit limits, wherever possible, are closely monitored on a case to case basis by Management, Company expects a low probability of default on Trade Receivables as on March 31, 2024. Going forward, Management has factored in the uncertainties for deliveries subsequent to March 31, 2024.

The outstanding trade receivable due for period exceeding 180 days as at March 31, 2024 is 13.18% (March 31, 2023 is 12.43%) of the total trade receivables

There are transaction with 2 different customers which amounts to more 10% or more of Company revenue.

—	AMTRESS AUTOMATION SYSTEM	AS PVT LTD		
	LONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS F		ED 31ST MARCH2024	
			Jacob Ivalvance 1-2024	·
Liquidity risk				
iquidity Risk is the risk that the Company w	ill not be able to meet the financial of	oligations as they	become due. The Con	nany manages it
iquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible,	that it will have sufficient liquidity	to meet its liabil	ities when due, under	both, normal and
tressed conditions, without incurring unaccep	table losses or risk to the Company's re	eputation.		
The Company has unutilised working capital l	inuts from banks of Rs.70.84 Lacs as o	n March 31, 202	4 (Rs. 136.58, Lacs as or	March 31, 2023
cash and cash equivalents of Rs. 103,95 Lacs as	on March 31, 2024 (Rs. 18,20 Lacs as o	n March 31, 2023	and in fixed deposits	of Rs. Zero Lacs a
on March 31, 2024 (Rs. 42.43 Lacs as on March 3	31, 2023). Therefore, Company does no	ot expect any mat	erial Liquidity risk.	
With significant investments in fixed deposits,	cash in hand and available borrowing	lines as mentione	ed above, the Company	does not envisag
any material effect on its liquidity.				
he table below provides details regarding the	contractual maturities of significant fir	nancial liabilities		
	* * *		ļ	Rupees in Lac
		0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31st March-2024	<u> </u>			
Non current borrowings			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Non current financial liabilities		41,152,401	(41,152,401)	
Current borrowings	12,915,559	41,132,401	(41,152,401)	12.015 550
rade payable	41,627,322			12,915,559
Other financial liabilities	6,717,264		· ·	41,627,322 6,717,264
				0,717,204
As at March 31, 2023				
Von current borrowings	-			
Non current financial liabilities	-	41,152,401.00	(41,152,401.00)	· <u>-</u>
Current borrowings	6,342,029.50	-	-:	6,342,029.50
rade payable	36,838,591.52	-	-	36,838,591.52
Other financial liabilities	4,923,155.01	-	-	4,923,155.01
or maturity profile of lease liabilities (Refer No.	te 34R)			
Market risk				
Market risk is the risk that the fair value of fu	uture cash flows of a financial instru	ment will fluctua	ate because of changes	in market prices
Market risk comprises three types of risks: into ncludes investments, trade payables, trade rece	erest rate risk, currency risk and other	r price risk. Fina	ncial instruments affect	ed by market ris
	ervables and loans.			
nterest rate risk				
nterest rate risk is the risk that the fair value o	r future cash flows of a financial instru	ment will fluctu	ate because of changes	in mortest interes
ates. Since the Company has insignificant inter	est bearing borrowings, the exposure t	to risk of changes	s in market interest rate	ut market interes s is minimal
	0 0. 1		Trimerior Hillion Cot I deci	o mananga.
				······································
oreign currency risk				
oreign currency risk is the risk that the fair va	lue or future cash flows of an exposu	re will fluctuate	tue to changes in foreign	zn evchango rator
The Company generally enters into forward exc	change contracts to hedge its foreign co	arrency exposure	s for imports wherever	required.
		, I	1	4 ~~~ ~~.

			LONE FINANCIAL S	1	THE YEAR ENDEL	MARCH 31, 2024		ı
The carrying amounts of the Company's fore	ign currency d	enominated r	nonetary items are as	follows:				L
	·········	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	Lia	bilities	Ass	Amount in Rs
	Curre	ncy			As at	As at	As at	As at
JS Dollars					31st March-2024	March 31, 2023	31st March-2024	March 31, 2023
EURŌ					1,998,877.00	990,951,00	273,566,70	1,224,991.00 655,281.00
The table below demonstrates the sensitivity	v to a 1% incre	asa or decrea	so in the foreign arms	12.00		<u></u>		
nhedged exposure of the Company as at the	e reporting dan	2. 1% represe	its management's asse	essment of reasonably	m an other variable possible change in	es neid constant. The Foreign exchange rat	sensitivity analysis is e.	prepared on the ne
	r	_						
		L	<u> </u>	i	Lia	bilities	Ass	Amount in Rs
	Change	in cata			As at	As at	As at	As at
		ш таце			31st March-2024	March 31, 2023	31st March-2024	March 31, 2023
% %					2,018,865.77	1,000,860.51	276,302.37	1,899,074.72
ther price risk		1		L	1,978,588.23	981,041.49	270,831.03	1,861,469.28
her price risk is the risk that the fair value	of a financial	instrument w	ill fluctuate due to che	anoge in market tradi	ad price Other price	to wink and an form fine		
e Company dose not have significant inve	stinents in quo	ted shares , F	lence the 10% price ser	nsitivity upward /do	wnward will not ha	ive any material impa	ct on the profitability of	of the Company,
		· -						·
OTE- 33: FAIR VALUES AND HIERARCH inancial instruments – Fair values	IY	i			ļi			
Accounting classification and fair values		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· 	ļ	L		
e following table shows the carrying amou	ınts and fair va	lues of financ	ial assets and financia	l liabilities, including	their levels are pres	sented below	·	·
			arrying amount			Fai	r value	Amount in Rs
								<u> </u>
As at 31st March-2024	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Quoted prices in active markets	Significant observable inputs	Significant unobservable	de a
			Tantonioea Copi	10111	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	inputs	Totai
nancial assets		- -			<u> </u>		(Level 3)	
vestments hers financial assets (Non current)			25,000	25,000	· ·		25,000	25,000
de receivables	<u>:</u>		3,132,843 53,230,498	3,132,843 53,230,498			3,132,843	3,132,843
sh and cash equivalents her balances with banks			10,395,434	10,395,434			53,230,498 10,395,434	53,230,498 10,395,434
ners financial assets (Current)			3,384,706	3,384,706			3 304 700	
naucial liabilities			80,168,481	86,168,481		-	3,384,706 80,168,481	3,384,706 80,168,481
rrowings (Non current)								
use liabilities (Non current) her financial Liabilities (Non current)								
rrowings (Current)			12,915,559,02	12,915,559,02	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	12,915,559.02	12,915,559.02
ase liabilities (Current) ade payables		-	41,627,322.04					
her financial Liabilities (Current)			6,717,264.05	41,627,322.04 6,717,264.05			41,627,322.04 6,717,264.05	41,627,322.04 6,717,264.05
			61,260,145.11	61,260,145.11	-		61,260,145.11	61,260,145,11
					<u> </u>			Amount in Rs.
ŀ		<u>-</u>	arrying amount			Fair	value	
As at March 31, 2023	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inpute (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
estments	— -— <u>-</u> -		25,000	25,000				
rrent Investments							25,000	25,000
ners financial assets (Non current)			<u>-</u>		<u> </u>			
de receivables sh and cash equivalents			43,638,403	43,638,403			43,638,403	43,638,403
nk balances			1,820,372	1,820,372			1,820,372	1,820,372
			10,000,000 7,474,270	10,000,000			10,000,000	10,000,000
			62,958,045	7,474,270 62,958,045	-		7,474,270 62,958,045	7,474,270 62,958,045
							02,700,093	02,958,045
ers financial assets (Current)	-· ·							
ers financial assots (Current) ancial liabilities rowings (Non current)							4,033,601	4,033,601
ners financial assots (Current) ancial liabilities rrowings (Non current) use liabilities (Non current)			4,033,601	4,033,601				
nns ners financial assets (Current) ancial liabilities rowings (Non current) see liabilities (Non current) rer financial Liabilities (Non current) rowings (Current)				-			6 342 020	
ners financial assets (Current) ancial liabilities rrowings (Non current) see liabilities (Non current) rowings (Current) rowings (Current) see liabilities (Current) de payables			6,342,030	6,342,030			6,342,030	6,342,030
ners financial assots (Current) ancial Babilities rowings (Non current) see liabilities (Non current) er financial Liabilities (Non current) rowings (Current) see liabilities (Current)			6,342,030	-			6,342,030 - 36,838,592 4,923,155	6,342,030 36,838,592 4,923,155

		i
B. Measurement of fair values		· !
Valuation techniques and significant unob	servable inputs	
The following tables show the valuation to	echniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Financial instruments measured at fair val-	ue	
Туре	Valuation technique	
Forward contracts for foreign exchange contracts	Forward pricing: The fair value is determined using quoted forward exchange rates at the reporting date and present value calculated and value calculated and value	tions based on high
	credit quality yield curves in the respective currencies.	
Non current financial assets / tiabilities	Discounted cash flow technique: The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using an appropria	ate discounting rate.
measured at amortised cost		
The carrying amount of financial assets and	financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the	Company does not
anticipate that the carrying amounts would	be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.	Company does not
		т
NOTE- 34; EXPLANATORY INFORMATI	ON AND OTHER ADDITIONAL NOTES	
A. Contingent liabilities not provided for:		Amount in Rs.
	As at	As at
Disputed matters in appeal / contested in a	respect of:	March 31, 2023
- Income tax		
- Excise duty/ Service tax	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
- VAT		-
- Others		-
Bank guarantees		<u>-</u>
Bank guarantees	te the timing of cash flows, if any, in respect of above pending matters.	-
Bank guarantees	ate the timing of cash flows, if any, in respect of above pending matters	Amount in Rs
Bank guarantees It is not possible for the Company to estima		Amount in Rs.
Bank guarantees It is not possible for the Company to estima B. Capital and other commitment:	As at	As at
Bank guarantees It is not possible for the Company to estima B. Capital and other commitment:		

<u>KAMTRESS AUTOMATION SYSTEMS PVT LTD</u> NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH-2024

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C.	Trade receivables include:					···	Agas	Amount in Rs. As at
						ĺ	As at 31st March-2024	March 31, 2023
	Debts due from Companies in which dire	ectors are interested	i					(
							-	-
D.	In the opinion of the Board, the current ass	ets, loans and adva	nces are approximate	ly of the value	stated if realised i	n the ordinary c	ourse of the business.	
E.	Research & Development activities during	the year at NIL						
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
F.	The Company has not enters into any forw	ard exchange contr	acts.					
(i)	Outstanding position in respect of forward	rd exchange contra	cts:					
(ii)	Un-hedged foreign currency exposure:		.:					
	Particulars	JPY	USD	EURO	GBP	BDT	Equiva!	ent INR
	Receivable/Bank balances	-	3,322.00			-	-	273,567
		-		21.656.31				1,998,877
	Previous year figures are in brackets.							1,750,011
(iii) G.	Mark to Market loss on forward cover as o Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise De-	•						
	The information given below and that gi identified on the basis of information available.	iven in Note 18: Tr lable with the Comp	rade Payables regard pany.	ing Micro and	Smail enterprises	s has been deter	mined to the extent s	uch parties have been
Nos.	Particulars				2023-			Amount in Rs.
i)	Principal amount due to suppliers under M	MSMED			2023-	5,004,175	2024	4,426,866
ii) iii)	Interest accrued and due to suppliers undo Payments made to suppliers (other than in			a tha xivar		279,956		701,531
iv)	Interest paid to suppliers under the MSME	· -	appointed time timin	g the year		13,389,477		13,389,477
v)	Interest due and payable towards supplier	s under MSMED A	ct towards payments	already made		486,558		521,717
vi)	Amount of cumulative interest accrued an	id unpaid as at the y	year-end			946,328	,	179,814
H.	Details of contracts in progress							
Nos.	Particulars				2023-	24	2022	Amount in Rs.
a)	Contract receipt for work done							-
b)	Contract costs for work done Amount of retention							- 1
c) d)	Amount due from customers for contract l	hilling				•		-
e)	Amount due to sub contractors for contract	U				-		-
<u>l,</u>	Corporate social responsibility							Amount in Rs.
	Average net profit for last three years						2023	3-24
	Gross amount required to be spent by the	Company during th	ne year			.		
	Amount spent during the year on:		In casl		Yet to be pai	id in cash	To	tal
(i)	Construction/acquisition of an asset			-				-
(ii)	On purposes other than (i) above			-				

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١.		KAMTRES	S AUTOMATION SY	STEMS PVT LT	D	1
		NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FIN				I-2024
1						
K.		Related party disclosure				
						1
1	a)	List of related parties				
		Subsidiaries	NIL			
		Holding			-	
1		Poona Bottling Company Private Limited	upto 31-03-2022		==-= ==	
1	-	Grauer & Weil (India) Co. Limited	wef 01-01-2023			
ļ						
1		Key Management Personnel, their relatives and	enterprises where sig	nificant influer	ce exists, with whom t	he Company had
		transactions during the year		,	•	1 /
† · · · ·			· T · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			T
†·		Key Management Personnel				
 		PANNKAJ DUJODWALA			Director	
		SIDDHARTH BUBNA			Director	
		ARIF AHMAD			CFO & Operation Hea	d
† ·						
 						
] .	
		Enterprises of Key Management Personnel (KM	P)			
 		NIL	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		Relatives of Key Management Personnel				
				<u> </u>		
		NIL			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	-	LYAL				
-						
ļ						1
					<u> </u>	

KAMTRESS AUTOMATION SYSTEMS PVT LTD NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH-2024

b) Related party transactions (excluding reimbursements)

	Subsi	Subsidiary	Associates	Associates/Holding	Enferoris	Enterprise of KMP	KWb	(b	Relative	Relatives of KMP	Total	Amount in Ks.
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23
Directors sifting fees	•	1	•	ı	•	•	•	_	4	-		į
Commission to Directors	-	1	•	ı	٠	-	•	_	1	1	•	ı
Accepted loan from related party			1	1	4	•		-	~	_	-	1
Repayment loan from related party		-	1	-	•	-	•	1	1	-		*
Interest received	٠	-	-	4,50,000	,		1	-	1	-	000′00′9	6,00,000
Interest paid	1	1	1	-	•	1	•	-			(0)	l'
Rent paid		,	,	ι	1		**	-	1	-	0	
	1	•	_	-	-	-	1	_	1	J	1	1
Rent/ hire charges received	,	1	-	,	1	ı	•	,	•	1	ı	1
Derryhacoe			17 83 441	41 81 055	•	,					178 83 441	41 81 055
7 TIVINGSCS			Sept At the Ot	000 00 35 05							10 CT AA CT CT	200 EN 27 CT
Saltes Counting and	1		10 1/2=/00/24	12,10,120,120							AC 1/275/COLTA	144/ U/20/
Dividend paid	1	,	•	,	'	,	1			'	,	1
Managerial remuneration#	1	,	•	1		1	ı	,	1		,	1
Salary	ı	,	ı)		1	27,06,938	25,00,000		(27,06,938	25,00,000
Sale of investment	1	1	•	r				-		•	1	1
Professional fees paid	1	,	1	1			1	•	1	1	1	
Impairment of Investments	1	1	1	1	•	3	١	,		1	,	t
Constanting Joans given	•		10.738	1 49 769	,				1		- 16 738	1 48 769
Delfors	1	,	277.07.00	2 93 21 715			,				3 22 74 772	2 93 21 715
				- 1/1/1/1								
Unsecured loan taken	•	,		-	-	_	1	-	'	1	-	1

Note:

1. The detailed disclosure of the investments in Subsidiaries / Associates and Joint Ventures is given in Note No 6 forming part of the Balance Sheet.

2. #Managerial Remuneration does not include provision for gratuity which is determined for the Company as a whole.

Note: RELATIONSHIP WITH STRUCK OFF COMPANIES

Name of struck-off Company	Nature of Transaction with struck-off Company	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2023	Relationship with the struck- off company, if any, to be disclosed
NIL NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL.	NIL.
NíL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
NIL	NIL	NIL.	NIL	NIL
NJLN	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
NIL NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL NIL
NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	
NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL NIL

NOTE : DETAILS OF BENAMI PROPERTY HELD

NIL

NOTE: WILFUL DEFAULTER

The Company is not in the declared as of wilful degaulter by any of its bankers

NOTE: REGISTRATION OF CHARGES OR SATISFACTION WITH REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES (ROC)

The Company has complied with the sanctioned terms and registration of charges for all facilities availed

NOTE: COMPLIANCE WITH NUMBER OF LAYERS OF COMPANIES

The Company has complied with requiremnet of clause 87 of section 2

NOTE: CRYPTO CURRENCY OR VIRTUAL CURRENCY
The Company during the period under the company during the period under the company during the period under the company during the period under the company during the period under the company during

The Company during the period under consideration has not entered into any transaction in crypto currency or virtual currency

NOTE: Corporate Social Responsibility

NIL

Earnings per share			
Particulars		2022	·
Profit for the year	(Rupees in Lacs)	2023-24	2022-23
Weighted average number of Equity shares	(Nos. in Lacs)	23,459,273	1,376,88
(Face value Re. 1 per share)	12 105. III Lat.8]	150,000	15 <u>0,00</u>
Basic earnings per share	(Rupees)	400.1	
Diluted earnings per share	(Rupees)	156.40	9.1
1. Events occuring after the Balance Sheet date	(Tripica)	156.40	9,1
I. Disclosure on Right of use assets & liabilities:			
The changes in the carrying value of right of use	(ROU) assets for the year ended March 31, 2024 are d	Healand I - I - 1	
— ————————————————————————————————————	ended March and year ended March 31, 2024 are d	usclosed below	·
Particulars		As at	Amount in R
		31st March-2024	As at
ROU balance as on April 01, 2023		3,463,784	March 31, 2023
Additions (Refer Note 4)		3,403,/84	6,927,56
Amortisation cost accrued during the year (Refer	r Note 4)	(3,463,785)	(3,463,78
Deletions (Net)		- [0,400,700]	(3,403,76
ROU Balance as on March 31, 2024		(0)	3,463,784
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	
Particulars	:	As at	Amount in R
		As at 31st March-2024	As at
Lease Liabilities as on April 01, 2023			March 31, 2023
Additions		4,033,601	7,474,73
Interest cost accrued during the year		233,070	
Payment of lease liabilities		(4,266,671)	622,366
Deletion		(4,200,071)	(4,063,50
Lease Liabilities as on March 31, 2024			4,033,601
Particulars			Amount in R
		A a a s	A
		As at	As at
Current lease liabilities	, ,	As at 31st March-2024	As at March 31, 2023
Non-current lease liabilities	, , ,	1 1	March 31, 2023
Current lease liabilities Non-current lease liabilities Total lease liabilities		1 1	March 31, 2023 - 4,033,601
Non-current lease liabilities Total lease liabilities		31st March-2024	4,033,601
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